

## Appendix 4: Draft PRA Rulebook: EU Exit Instrument

### PRA RULEBOOK: (EU EXIT) INSTRUMENT [YEAR]

#### Powers exercised

- A. The Prudential Regulation Authority (“PRA”) being the appropriate regulator within the meaning of the Financial Regulators’ Powers (Technical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 (“the Regulations”), having carried out consultations pursuant to regulation 5 of the Regulations and with the approval of the Treasury to the following instrument, makes the instrument in exercise of the powers conferred by regulation 3 of the Regulations.

#### Pre-conditions to making

- B. A draft of this instrument has been approved by the Treasury, the Minister considering that it makes appropriate provision to prevent, remedy or mitigate any failure of retained EU law to operate effectively, or any other deficiency in retained EU law, arising from the withdrawal of the United Kingdom from the European Union.

### PRA Rulebook: EU (EXIT) INSTRUMENT [YEAR]

- C. The PRA makes the rules and directions in the Annexes to this instrument.

<i>Part</i>	<i>Annex</i>
<i>Glossary</i>	<i>A</i>
<i>Interpretation</i>	<i>B</i>
<i>Fundamental Rules</i>	<i>C</i>
<i>Algorithmic Trading</i>	<i>D</i>
<i>Allocation of Responsibilities</i>	<i>E</i>
<i>Audit Committee</i>	<i>F</i>
<i>Auditors</i>	<i>G</i>
<i>Capital Buffers</i>	<i>H</i>
<i>Certification</i>	<i>I</i>
<i>Change in Control</i>	<i>J</i>
<i>Close Links</i>	<i>K</i>
<i>Compliance and Internal Audit</i>	<i>L</i>
<i>Conditions Governing Business</i>	<i>M</i>
<i>Conduct Rules</i>	<i>N</i>
<i>Contractual Recognition of Bail-In</i>	<i>O</i>
<i>Credit Risk</i>	<i>P</i>
<i>Credit Unions</i>	<i>Q</i>
<i>Depositor Protection</i>	<i>R</i>
<i>Dormant Account Scheme</i>	<i>S</i>
<i>External Audit</i>	<i>T</i>
<i>Financial Conglomerates</i>	<i>U</i>
<i>Fitness and Propriety</i>	<i>V</i>
<i>Friendly Society – Liability Valuation</i>	<i>W</i>
<i>General Organisational Requirements</i>	<i>X</i>
<i>General Provisions</i>	<i>Y</i>
<i>Group Financial Support</i>	<i>Z</i>

<i>Group Risk Systems</i>	AA
<i>Group Supervision</i>	AB
<i>Groups</i>	AC
<i>Housing</i>	AD
<i>Incoming Firms &amp; Third Country Firms</i>	AE
<i>Insurance – Allocation of Responsibilities</i>	AF
<i>Insurance - Certification</i>	AG
<i>Insurance – Conduct Standards</i>	AH
<i>Insurance – Fitness and Propriety</i>	AI
<i>Insurance – Senior Management Functions</i>	AJ
<i>Insurance – Senior Managers Regime – Applications and Notifications</i>	AK
<i>Insurance Company – Exposure Limits</i>	AL
<i>Insurance Company – Technical Provisions</i>	AM
<i>Insurance General Application</i>	AN
<i>Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment</i>	AO
<i>Internal Governance of Third Country Branches</i>	AP
<i>Internal Liquidity Adequacy Assessment</i>	AQ
<i>Key Function Holders - Notifications</i>	AR
<i>Large Exposures</i>	AS
<i>Leverage Ratio</i>	AT
<i>Liquidity Coverage Requirement – UK Designated Investment Firms</i>	AU
<i>Minimum Capital Requirement</i>	AV
<i>Notifications</i>	AW
<i>Outsourcing</i>	AX
<i>Passporting</i>	AY
<i>Policyholder Protection</i>	AZ
<i>Public Disclosures</i>	BA
<i>Record Keeping</i>	BB
<i>Recovery Plans</i>	BC
<i>Regulatory Reporting</i>	BD
<i>Regulatory Reporting</i>	BE
<i>Related Party Transaction Risk</i>	BF
<i>Remuneration</i>	BG
<i>Reporting</i>	BH
<i>Reporting Leverage Ratio</i>	BI
<i>Reporting Pillar 2</i>	BJ
<i>Resolution Pack</i>	BK
<i>Ring-Fenced Bodies</i>	BL
<i>Risk Control</i>	BM
<i>Senior Management Functions</i>	BN
<i>Senior Managers Regime – Applications and Notifications</i>	BO
<i>Skills, Knowledge &amp; Expertise</i>	BP
<i>Stay In Resolution</i>	BQ

<i>Technical Provisions</i>	<i>BR</i>
<i>Third Country Branches</i>	<i>BS</i>
<i>Transitional Measures</i>	<i>BT</i>
<i>Undertakings in Difficulty</i>	<i>BU</i>

#### **Commencement**

- D. Subject to D below, this instrument comes into force on *exit day*, as defined in European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018.
- E. Annex BE comes into force on 1 July 2019.

#### **Citation**

- F. This instrument may be cited as the PRA Rulebook: (EU Exit) Instrument [YEAR]

**By order of the Prudential Regulation Committee**  
[DATE]

## Annex A

### Amendments to the Glossary

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

**alternative investment fund** ~~has the meaning given in article 4(1)(a) of AIFMD~~ means a collective investment undertaking, including investment compartments thereof which:

(a) raises capital from a number of investors, with the intention of investing it in accordance with a defined investment policy for the benefit of those investors; and

(b) does not require authorisation pursuant to article 5 of the UCITS Directive.

**alternative investment fund manager** ~~has the meaning given in article 4(1)(b) of AIFMD~~ means a legal person whose regular business is managing one or more alternative investment funds.

**ancillary own funds** (1) (in relation to a *UK Solvency II firm* and Lloyd's) has the meaning given in *Own Funds* 2.3 and are determined in accordance with *Own Funds* 2.3 to 2.7; or

(2) ~~(in relation to a *Solvency II undertaking* other than a *UK Solvency II firm*) means an *own funds* item referred to in Article 89 of the *Solvency II Directive*, determined in accordance with the applicable *Solvency II EEA implementing measures*; or~~

...

**ancillary services** means any of the services listed in Section B of Annex I to *MiFID II* listed in Part 3A of Schedule 2 to the *Regulated Activities Order*.

...

**approved credit institution** means a *credit institution* recognised or permitted under the law of the UK ~~an EEA State~~ to carry on any of the activities set out in Annex 1 to the *CRD*.

...

**approved financial institution** means any of the following:

...

(12) the *EU*; ~~and~~

(13) the European Atomic Energy Community; and

(14) the *Bank of England*.

**approved State** means any of the following:

(A1) the UK

- (1) an *EEA state*;
- (2) The United States of America;
- (3) Canada;
- (4) Japan; or
- (5) Australia,

other than when that country has rescheduled its external debt.

...

**Article 12(1) relationship**

~~means a relationship where undertakings are linked by a relationship within the meaning of Article 12(1) of Directive 83/349 EEC.~~

...

**asset management company**

~~means a management company within the meaning of Article 2(1)(b) of the UCITS Directive, as well as an undertaking with a Part 4A permission under Article 51ZA of the Regulated Activities Order (Managing a UCITS) or an undertaking, the registered office of which is not in an EEA State outside the UK and which would require authorisation in accordance with Article 6(1) of the UCITS Directive such permission if it had its registered office within an EEA State the UK.~~

...

**bank**

means:

- (1) a firm with a *Part 4A permission* to carry on the *regulated activity* of *accepting deposits* and is a *credit institution*, but is not a *credit union*, *friendly society* or a *building society*; ~~;~~
- (2) ~~an EEA bank.~~

**basic own funds**

...

- (2) ~~(in relation to a Solvency II undertaking other than a UK Solvency II firm) means an own funds item referred to in Article 88 of the Solvency II Directive, determined in accordance with the applicable Solvency II EEA implementing measures; or~~

...

**branch**

means

- (1) (in relation to a *credit institution*):

...

- (b) ~~for the purposes of the CRD and in accordance with Article 38 of the CRD, any number of places of business set up in the same EEA State by a credit institution with headquarters in another EEA State are to be regarded as a single branch.~~
- (2) (in relation to an *investment firm*) ~~has the meaning given in Article 4(1)(30) of MiFID II~~ means a place of business which:
  - (a) is not the firm's head office;
  - (b) is part of the firm;
  - (c) has no legal personality; and
  - (d) provides investment services and/or activities; and
  - (e) may also perform ancillary services for which the investment firm has permission under Part 4A of FSMA.
- (3) (in relation to an *insurance undertaking*) any permanent presence of the *insurance undertaking* in the UK an EEA State other than that in which it has its head office is to be regarded as a single *branch*, whether that presence consists of a single office which, or two or more offices each of which:
  - ...
- (4) (in relation to an *IDD insurance intermediary*):
  - ...
  - (b) ~~for the purposes of the Insurance Distribution Directive, all the places of business set up in the same EEA State by an IMD insurance intermediary with headquarters in another EEA State are to be regarded as a single branch.~~
- (5) (in relation to an *IDD reinsurance intermediary*):
  - ...
  - (b) ~~for the purposes of the Insurance Distribution Directive, all the places of business set up in the same EEA State by an IDD reinsurance intermediary with headquarters in another EEA State are to be regarded as a single branch.~~

**common management relationship**

means a relationship between two or more undertakings which satisfies the following conditions –

- (a) the undertakings are not connected in the manner described in section 1162 and Schedule 7 of the Companies Act 2006; and
- (b) either –
  - (i) the undertakings are managed on a unified basis pursuant to a contract with one of them, or provisions in the undertakings' memorandum or articles of association; or
  - (ii) the administrative, management or supervisory bodies of those undertakings consist, for the major part, of the same persons in office during the financial year in respect of which it is being decided whether such a relationship exists.

...

**Community co insurance operation**

means a co insurance operation which relates to one or more risks classified under *general insurance business* classes 3 to 16 and which fulfils the conditions set out in Article 190(1)(a) to (f) of the *Solvency II Directive*.

**competent authority**

means

- a) the PRA, in respect of PRA-*authorised persons* within the meaning of section 2B(5) of FSMA;
- b) in relation to a MiFID investment firm the authority designated before exit day by each EEA State the UK in accordance with Article 67 of MiFID II, unless otherwise specified in MiFID II.
- c) the FCA, in respect of any other person;

**compensation funds**

means any *policyholder* compensation scheme in any EEA State in the UK.

**conduct standards**

- (1) for a UK Solvency II firm, the *Society*, a *managing agent* and a UK ISPV, means the standards of expected conduct specified in *Insurance – Conduct Standards 3*;
- (2) for a *third country branch undertaking* (other than a UK *deposit insurer* or a *Swiss general insurer*), means the standards of expected conduct specified in *Insurance - Conduct Standards 3.1* to 3.3 and, taking account only of matters relevant to the operations of the *third country branch*, *Insurance – Conduct Standards 3.4* to 3.8;
- (3) for a UK *deposit insurer*, means the standards of expected conduct specified in *Insurance – Conduct Standards 3.1* to 3.3 and, taking account only of matters relevant to the

~~operations of the *third country branch* and all the *third country undertaking* *EEA branches*, *Insurance Conduct Standards 3.4 to 3.8*;~~

...

**consolidating supervisor**

means the *competent authority* responsible for the exercise of supervision on a *consolidated basis* of:

- (1) a UK parent institution, or
- (2) an institution controlled by a UK parent financial holding company or UK parent mixed financial holding company.

...

**control**

(in the *Solvency II Firms Sector* of the *PRA Rulebook*) means the relationship between a *parent undertaking* and a *subsidiary undertaking* where that relationship falls within (1) to ~~(7)~~ (6) of the definition of *parent undertaking*, or a similar relationship between any *person* and an *undertaking*.

**coordinator**

~~means, in relation to a *financial conglomerate*, the *competent authority* appointed as *coordinator* in accordance with Article 10(1) of the *Financial Groups Directive* has the meaning given in regulation 1(2) of *The Financial Conglomerates Regulations*.~~

...

**covered bonds**

means a *debenture* that is issued by a *credit institution* which:

- (1) has its head office in the UK or an EEA State; and

...

**credit risk**

means the risk of loss, or of adverse change, in the financial situation, resulting from fluctuations in the credit standing of issuers of *securities*, counterparties and any debtors to which a *Solvency II undertaking* UK Solvency II firm is exposed, in the form of *counterparty default risk*, or *spread risk*, or *market risk* concentrations.

**CRD credit institution**

means a *credit institution* that has its registered office (or, if it has no registered office, its head office) in the UK or an EEA State, (excluding an institution to which the *CRD* does not apply under Article 2 of the *CRD*).

...

**~~cross border services~~**

means:

- (1) ~~(in relation to a *UK firm*) services provided within an *EEA State* other than the *UK* under the freedom to provide services; and~~



- (2) ~~(in relation to an incoming EEA firm or an incoming Treaty firm) services provided within the UK under the freedom to provide services.~~

...

**direct EU legislation**

has the meaning given in section 3(2) of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018.

...

**~~EEA bank~~**

~~means an incoming EEA firm that is a CRD credit institution.~~

**~~EEA parent financial holding company~~**

~~means a parent financial holding company in an EEA State which is not a subsidiary of an institution authorised in any EEA State or of another financial holding company or mixed financial holding company set up in any EEA State.~~

**~~EEA parent institution~~**

~~means a parent institution in an EEA State which is not a subsidiary of another institution authorised in an EEA State or of a financial holding company or mixed financial holding company set up in any EEA State.~~

**~~EEA parent mixed financial holding company~~**

~~means a parent mixed financial holding company in an EEA State which is not a subsidiary of an institution authorised in any EEA State or of another financial holding company or mixed financial holding company set up in any EEA State.~~

...

**eligible own funds**

means

...

- (7) ~~as to compliance with the EEA SCR, means the aggregate of the third country branch undertaking's:~~

- (a) ~~Tier 1 own funds; and~~
- (b) (i) ~~Tier 2 own funds; and~~
- (ii) ~~Tier 3 own funds~~

~~that satisfy the limits in Own Funds 4.1, as if references to the "SCR" in those provisions were references to the EEA SCR; and the limits in the Solvency II Regulations~~

- (8) ~~as to compliance with the EEA MCR, means the aggregate of the third country branch undertaking's:~~

- (a) ~~Tier 1 own funds; and~~
- (b) ~~Tier 2 basic own funds that satisfy the limits in Own Funds 4.2, as if references to the "MCR" in those~~

~~provisions were references to the EEA MCR; and the limits in the Solvency II Regulations.~~

...

**EU-derived domestic legislation** has the meaning given in section 2(2) of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018.

**EU directive** has the meaning given in section 20(1) of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018.

**EU instrument** has the meaning given in Part II of Schedule 1 to the European Communities Act 1972.

**exit day** has the meaning given in section 20(1) of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018.

...

**Financial Conglomerates Regulations** means The Financial Conglomerates and Other Financial Groups Regulations 2004 (SI 2004/1862).

**financial instruments** means the those instruments specified in Section C of Annex I to MiFID II Part 1 of Schedule 2 to the Regulated Activities Order, read with Part 2 of that Schedule.

...

**group** (in the *Solvency II Firms* Sector of the *PRA Rulebook*) means a *group of undertakings* that:

(1) consists of a *participating undertaking*, its *subsidiary undertakings* and the *undertakings* in which it holds a *participation*, as well as *undertakings* linked to each other by an ~~Article 12(1) relationship~~ a common management relationship; or

...

**home Member State** has the meaning given in Article 4(1)(43) of the *CRR*.

**incoming EEA firm** means an *EEA firm* which is exercising, or has exercised, its right to carry on a *regulated activity* in the *UK* in accordance with Schedule 3 of *FSMA*.

**incoming firm** means an incoming firm within the meaning of section 193 of *FSMA*.

**incoming Treaty firm** means a *Treaty firm* which is exercising, or has exercised, its right to carry on a *regulated activity* in the *UK* in accordance with Schedule 4 of *FSMA*.

...

**insurance holding** means a *parent undertaking*, other than a *Solvency II*

**company** ~~undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm and a *mixed financial holding company*, the main business of which is to acquire and hold *participations* in *subsidiary undertakings* and which fulfils the following conditions:

- (1) its *subsidiary undertakings* are either exclusively or mainly ~~Solvency II undertakings~~ UK Solvency II firms, *third country insurance undertakings* or *third country reinsurance undertakings*; and
- (2) at least one of those *subsidiary undertakings* is a ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm.

...

**investment services and/or activities** means any of the services and activities listed in ~~Section A of Annex I to MiFID~~ Part 3 of Schedule 2 to the *Regulated Activities Order*, insofar as they relate to any of the instruments listed in Part I of Schedule 2 to that Order.

...

**intra-group transaction** has the meaning given in point (18) of Article 2 of the ~~Financial Groups Directive~~; means all transactions by which *regulated entities* within a *financial conglomerate* rely directly or indirectly on other *undertakings* within the same *group* or on any natural or legal person linked to the *undertakings* within that *group* by *close links*, for the fulfilment of an obligation, whether or not contractual, and whether or not for payment.

...

**key function** ...

(2) in relation to a *third country branch undertaking* means, in relation to the carrying on of a *regulated activity* by the *third country branch undertaking*, each of the following *functions* performed in relation to the operations effected by the *third country branch* or, for a *UK deposit insurer*, in relation to the operations effected by the *third country branch* and all the *third country undertaking EEA branches*:

(2) in relation to a *third country branch undertaking* means, in relation to the carrying on of a *regulated activity* by the *third country branch undertaking*, each of the following *functions* performed in relation to the operations effected by the *third country branch*

...

(g) any other *function* which is of specific importance to the sound and prudent management of the *third country branch* or, for a *UK deposit insurer*, the

~~operations effected by the *third country branch* and all the *third country undertaking EEA branches*.~~

- (3) in relation to a *third country insurance service provider* means, in relation to the carrying on of a *regulated activity* by the *third country insurance services provider* in the UK:
- (a) the risk-management *function*;
  - (b) the compliance *function*;
  - (c) the internal audit *function*;
  - (d) the actuarial *function*;
  - (e) the *function* of effectively running the operations effected by the *third country insurance services provider*; and
  - (f) any other *function* which is of specific importance to the sound and prudent management of the *third country insurance services provider*

...

**leading insurer**

~~means (in relation to a *Community co-insurance operation*) a co-insurer that assumes the leader's role in co-insurance practice and in particular determines the terms and conditions of insurance and rating~~

...

**listed**

means:

- (1) included in ~~an~~ the *official list*; or
- (2) *in respect of which facilities for dealing on a regulated market have been granted.*

**matching adjustment**

means the adjustment to the *relevant risk-free interest rate term structure* to calculate the *best estimate* of a *relevant portfolio of insurance or reinsurance obligations* in accordance with:

- (1) *Technical Provisions 6 and 7;*
- (2) the *Solvency II Regulations* adopted under Article 86(1)(h) - (i) of the *Solvency II Directive*; ~~and~~
- (3) where a reporting reference date falls before *exit day*, any the relevant technical information made by EIOPA under Article 77e(1)(b) of the *Solvency II Directive* and adopted in the *Solvency II Regulations* under Article 77e(2) of the *Solvency II Directive*; and-

(4) where a reporting reference falls on or after *exit day*, the relevant technical information published by the PRA in accordance with regulation 4B(6) of the *Solvency 2 Regulations 2015*.

...

**MiFID investment firm** means a ~~firm to which MiFID applies~~ has the meaning given in paragraph 2.1A of *MiFIR*.

...

**mixed financial holding company** ~~(in the *Solvency II Firms Sector* of the PRA Rulebook) means a mixed financial holding company as defined in Article 2(15) of Directive 2002/87/EC on the supplementary supervision of credit institutions, insurance undertakings and investment firms in a financial conglomerate~~ means a parent undertaking other than a regulated entity, which together with its subsidiaries, at least one of which is a regulated entity which has its head office in the UK, and other entities constitutes a *financial conglomerate*

...

**MTF** ~~has the meaning given in Article 4(1)(22) *MiFID II*.~~ means a multilateral system, operated by an investment firm or a market operator, which brings together multiple third-party buying and selling interests in financial instruments – in the system and in accordance with non-discretionary rules – in a way that results in a contract in accordance with provisions implementing Title II of *MiFID II*;

...

**mutual-type group** ...  
(2) the establishment and dissolution of such relationships ~~for the purposes of Title III of the *Solvency II Directive*~~ are subject to prior approval by the ~~group supervisor,~~ PRA,

where the *undertaking* exercising the centralised coordination shall be considered as the *parent undertaking*, and the other *undertakings* shall be considered as *subsidiary undertakings*.

...

**non-directive firm** means in accordance with the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Controllers)(Exemption) Order 2009 a UK domestic *firm* other than:

- (1) a *credit institution* authorised under provisions which implemented the Banking Consolidation Directive;
- (2) an *investment firm* authorised under provisions which implemented *MiFID II*;

- (3) a management company as defined in article 2(1)(b) of the European Parliament and Council Directive of 13 July 2009 on the coordination of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS) (No 2009/65/EC), 1 2, 3, 4, as amended (the UCITS Directive), authorised under provisions which implemented that directive;
- (4) a ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm, the Society and managing agents.

...

**non-directive insurer**

means a firm with a Part 4A permission to effect contracts of insurance or carry out contracts of insurance, other than

- (1) a UK Solvency II firm; ~~and~~
- (2) a third country branch undertaking; or
- (3) where the firm has the permission by reason only of the operation of the EEA Passport Rights (Amendment etc., and Transitional Provisions) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018

**non-UCITS retail scheme**

means an ICVC, authorised unit trust scheme, or an authorised contractual scheme which is not a collective investment scheme falling within provisions implementing the UCITS Directive or a qualified investor scheme.

...

**official list**

means:

- (1) the list maintained by the FCA in accordance with section 74(1) of FSMA for the purposes of Part VI of FSMA; ~~and~~
- (2) ~~any corresponding list maintained by a competent authority for listing in another EEA State.~~

...

**OTF**

means a multilateral system which is not a regulated market or an MTF and in which multiple third-party buying and selling interests in bonds, structured finance products, emission allowances or derivatives are able to interact in the system in a way that results in a contract in accordance with provisions implementing Title II of MiFID II;

**overseas regulator**

means a regulator outside the United Kingdom.

**own funds**

...

	(2)	<del>(in relation to a <i>Solvency II undertaking</i> other than a <i>UK Solvency II firm</i>) own funds determined in accordance with <i>Solvency II EEA implementing measures</i>; or</del>
	...	
<b>parent undertaking</b>	...	
	(7)	<del>(except as the <i>Group Supervision</i> Part of the <i>PRA Rulebook</i> applies to <i>members</i> of the <i>Society</i> or to the <i>Society</i> or <i>managing agents</i> in respect of <i>members</i>) it is incorporated in or formed under the law of another <i>EEA State</i> and is a <i>parent undertaking</i> within the meaning of any rule of law in that <i>EEA State</i> for purposes connected with implementation of the Council Directive of 13 June 1983 on consolidated accounts (No 83/349/EEC); or</del>
	(8)	<del>where, in accordance with Article 212(2) of the <i>Solvency II Directive</i>, the opinion of the <i>PRA</i>, it effectively exercises a dominant influence over S;</del>
	...	
<b>participating <i>Solvency II</i> undertaking</b>		<del>means a <i>Solvency II undertaking</i> that holds a <i>participation</i> in another <i>undertaking</i>.</del>
<b>participating <i>UK Solvency II firm</i></b>		<del>means a <i>UK Solvency II firm</i> that holds a <i>participation</i> in another <i>undertaking</i>.</del>
<b>participation</b>	...	
	(2)	<del>where, in accordance with Article 212(2) of the <i>Solvency II Directive</i>, the opinion of the <i>PRA</i>, an <i>undertaking</i> effectively exercises a significant influence over another <i>undertaking</i>.</del>
	...	
<b>participating undertaking</b>		<del>means an <i>undertaking</i> that holds a <i>participation</i> in another <i>undertaking</i> or an <i>undertaking</i> linked with another <i>undertaking</i> by an Article 12(1) relationship a <u><i>common management relationship</i></u>.</del>
	...	
<b>passport activity</b>		<del>means an activity carried on by an <i>EEA firm</i> or by a <i>UK firm</i>, under an <i>EEA right</i></del>
<b>policyholder</b>	either:	
	(1)	<del>means, in respect of a <i>contract of insurance</i> where the <i>insurance undertaking</i> is a <i>Solvency II undertaking</i> <u><i>UK Solvency II firm</i></u>, a <i>policyholder</i> which includes a <i>beneficiary</i>;</del>
	or	
	...	
<b>PRA senior management function</b>		
	means	

...

- (5) (in respect of a third country insurance service provider in relation to the carrying on by the firm of a regulated activity in the UK) any function specified in Insurance – Senior Management Functions 3 to 10.

**rate term structure**

means the relevant risk-free interest rate term structure, in accordance with:

- (1) *Technical Provisions* 5 and 8.3 to 8.4
- (2) the *Solvency II Regulations* adopted under Article 86 of the *Solvency II Directive*; and
- (3) where a reporting reference date falls:  
  
before *exit day*, any the relevant technical information made by EIOPA under Article 77(e)(1)(a) of the *Solvency II Directive* and adopted in *Solvency II Regulations* under Article 77e(2) of the *Solvency II Directive*
- (4) where a reporting reference date falls:  
  
on or after *exit day*, the relevant technical information made by the PRA in accordance with regulation (x) of the *Solvency II Regulations 2015*.

...

**regulated institution**

means any of the following:

- (1) ~~a *Solvency II undertaking*~~ UK *Solvency II firm*, the *Society*, a *managing agent* or a *third country branch undertaking*; or

...

**regulated market**

means:

- (1) ~~a regulated market as defined in article 4(1)(21) of *MiFID II* (as defined in Article 2(1)(13) of *MiFIR*).~~
- (2) a market situated outside the ~~EEA States~~ UK which is characterised by the fact that:

...

**regulatory system**

means the arrangements for regulating a *firm* or other *person* in or under *FSMA*, the *Bank of England Act 1998*, the *Banking Act 2009*, the *Friendly Societies Act 1974*, the *Friendly Societies Act 1992*, the *Credit Unions Act 1979*, including the *threshold conditions*, the *Fundamental Rules* and other rules, the *Statements of Principle*, codes and guidance given by the *PRA*, the *Bank of England* or the



~~FCA and including any relevant directly applicable provisions of an EU Directive or Regulation including those specified under section 204A(2) of FSMA.~~

...

**relevant insurance group undertaking** means, in relation to a *group* falling within *Group Supervision 2.1(1)* or *2.1(2)*, each ~~UK Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm within that *group*.

**relevant insurer** means, in relation to a ~~Community co-insurance operation~~, an ~~insurer~~ which is concerned in the operation but is not the ~~leading insurer~~.

**relevant risk-free interest rate term structure** means the *relevant risk-free interest rate term structure*, in accordance with:

- (1) *Technical Provisions 5* and *8.3 to 8.4*;
- (2) the *Solvency II Regulations* adopted under Article 86 of the *Solvency II Directive*; and
- (3) where a reporting reference date falls -
  - (a) before exit day, any in accordance with the relevant technical information made by EIOPA under Article 77e(1)(a) of the Solvency II Directive and adopted in Solvency II Regulations under Article 77e(2) of the Solvency II Directive
  - (b) on or after exit day, the relevant technical information made by the PRA in accordance with regulation 4B(6) of the Solvency II Regulations 2015.

...

**retained direct EU legislation** has the meaning given in section 20(1) of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018.

**retained EU law** has the meaning given in section 6(7) of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018.

...

**risk concentration** has the meaning given in point (18) of Article 2 of the ~~Financial Groups Directive~~ means all risk exposures with a loss potential which is large enough to threaten the solvency or the financial position in general of the regulated entities in a *financial conglomerate*, whether such exposures are caused by counterparty risk/credit risk, investment risk, insurance risk, market risk, other risks, or a combination or interaction of such risks

**risk-mitigation techniques** means all techniques which enable a ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm to transfer part or all of its risks to another party.

...

**significant deviation from relevant assumptions** means a significant deviation from the assumptions underlying the ~~matching adjustment or the volatility adjustment or the transitional measures referred to in Articles 308c and 308d of the Solvency II Directive~~ means a significant deviation from the assumptions underlying the matching adjustment, the volatility adjustment, the risk-free interest rate transitional measure or the transitional deduction.

**Solvency II EEA implementing measures** means any measures implementing the *Solvency II Directive* in an ~~EEA State other than the UK.~~

...

**Solvency II special purpose vehicle** means an *undertaking*, whether incorporated or not, other than a ~~Solvency II undertaking UK Solvency II firm~~, which has received authorisation ~~from the PRA in accordance with Article 241(1) or (3) of the Solvency II Directive~~ and which:

...

**Solvency II undertaking** means:

- (1) ~~an undertaking authorised in accordance with Solvency II EEA implementing measures transposing Article 14 of the Solvency II Directive; or~~
- (2) ~~a UK Solvency II firm.~~

...

**supervisory authority** means ~~a national authority or the national authorities empowered by law or regulation of the UK an EEA State to supervise Solvency II undertakings UK Solvency II firms~~ for the purposes of the provisions implementing the Solvency II Directive, including being the PRA and FCA.

...

**third country** means ~~any country or territory or country other than the United Kingdom that is not an EEA State.~~

**third country CRR firm** means an *overseas firm* that

- (1) ~~is not an EEA firm;~~
- (2) ~~has its head office outside the European Economic Area; and~~
- (3) would be a *CRR firm* if it had been a *UK undertaking*, had carried on all of its business in the *UK* and had obtained whatever authorisations for doing so as are required under *FSMA*.

**third country firm** means an *overseas firm*, ~~that is not an incoming firm.~~

...

**third country insurance** means a third country insurance undertaking that has a permission

<b><u>services provider</u></b>	<u>to effect contracts of insurance or carry out contracts of insurance in the UK and does not have a permanent presence in the UK.</u>
<b><u>third country insurance undertaking</u></b>	means an <i>undertaking</i> that has its head office outside the <del>EEA-UK</del> and that would require authorisation as an <i>insurance undertaking</i> in accordance with <u>provisions implementing Article 14 of the Solvency II Directive</u> if its head office was situated in the <del>EEA UK</del> .
<b><u>third country investment firm</u></b>	a <i>firm</i> which would be a <i>MiFID investment firm</i> if it had its head office in the <del>EEAUK</del> .
...	
<b><u>third country reinsurance undertaking</u></b>	means an <i>undertaking</i> that has its head office outside the <del>EEAUK</del> and that would require authorisation as a <i>reinsurance undertaking</i> in accordance with <u>provisions implementing Article 14 of the Solvency II Directive</u> if its head office was situated in the <del>EEA UK</del> .
<b><u>third country undertaking EEA branch</u></b>	<del>means a permanent presence of a <i>third country insurance undertaking</i> in an <i>EEA State</i> except the <i>UK</i>, which has received authorisation in accordance with Article 162 of the <i>Solvency II Directive</i>.</del>
...	
<b><u>top-up permission</u></b>	<del>means a Part 4A permission given to an <i>incoming EEA firm</i> or an <i>incoming Treaty firm</i></del>
...	
<b><u>TPR SMF application</u></b>	<u>means an application under section 60 of FSMA to the PRA made by an authorised person who could be given a notice under section 59ZZA of FSMA in relation to the person subject to the application</u>
<b><u>UCITS</u></b>	<del><i>undertakings</i> for collective investment in transferable securities that are established in accordance with the <i>UCITS Directive</i>.</del>  (1) <u>an <i>undertaking</i> –</u>  (a) <u>with the sole object of collective investment in <i>transferable securities</i> or in other liquid <i>financial instruments</i> of capital raised from the public and which operate on the principle of risk-spreading; and</u>  (b) <u>with <i>units</i> which are, at the request of holders, repurchased or redeemed, directly or indirectly, out of those <i>undertakings</i>' assets (and for these purposes, action taken by the <i>undertaking</i> to ensure that the stock exchange value of its <i>units</i> does not significantly vary from their asset value is to be regarded as equivalent to such repurchase or redemption)</u>

- (2) undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities that are established in the EEA in accordance with the UCITS Directive.

**UK consolidation group** means the *consolidation group* of a firm to which supervision on a consolidated basis by the PRA applies in accordance with Article 144 of CRD-Part 6 of the *Capital Requirements Regulations*.

**UK deposit insurer** means a ~~third country branch undertaking that has made a deposit in the UK under Article 162(2)(e) of the Solvency II Directive in accordance with Article 167 of the Solvency II Directive.~~

**UK parent financial holding company** means a *financial holding company* which is not itself a *subsidiary* of an institution authorised in the UK, or of a *financial holding company* or *mixed financial holding company* set up in the UK.

**UK parent institution** means an institution authorised in the UK which has an institution or *financial institution* as *subsidiary* or which holds a *participation* in such an institution or *financial institution*, and which is not itself a *subsidiary* of another institution authorised in the UK or of a *financial holding company* or *mixed financial holding company* set up in the UK.

**UK parent mixed financial holding company** means a *mixed financial holding company* which is not itself a *subsidiary* of an institution authorised in the UK, or of a *financial holding company* or *mixed financial holding company* set up in the UK.

**UK parent undertaking** means a *UK parent institution*, a *UK parent financial holding company* or a *UK parent mixed financial holding company*.

**volatility adjustment** means the adjustment to the *relevant risk-free interest rate term structure* to calculate the best estimate in accordance with:

- (1) in accordance with the Solvency II Regulations adopted under Article 86(1)(j) of the Solvency II Directive; and
- (a) where a reporting reference date falls before exit day, any in accordance with the relevant technical information made by EIOPA under Article 77e(1)(c) of the Solvency II Directive and adopted in Solvency II Regulations under Article 77e(2) of the Solvency II Directive; or -
- (b) where a reporting reference date falls on or after exit day, in accordance with the relevant technical information published by the PRA in accordance with regulation 4B(6) of the Solvency 2 Regulations 2015.

## Annex B

### Amendments to the Interpretation Part

In this Annex new text is underlined.

...

#### 2 INTERPRETATIVE PROVISIONS

---

...

2.7 Unless the context otherwise requires, any reference in these rules-

- (1) to any provision of direct EU legislation, is a reference to it as it has effect as retained direct EU legislation on exit day;
- (2) to an EU directive is a reference to the directive as it had effect in EU law immediately before exit day;
- (3) to the implementation or transposition of provisions of an EU directive, is a reference to the provisions of EU-derived domestic legislation which were relied on before exit day for that implementation or transposition;
- (4) to an enactment which has been amended on or before exit day by regulations made under section 8 of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018, is a reference to that enactment as so amended.

## Annex C

### Amendments to the Fundamental Rules Part

In this Annex deleted text is struck through.

#### 3 RESTRICTIONS

---

- 3.1 The *Fundamental Rules* apply to every *firm*, ~~except that:~~
- (1) ~~for an *incoming firm*, the *Fundamental Rules* apply only in so far as responsibility for the matter in question is not reserved by an *EU instrument* to the *firm's home state regulator*;~~
  - (2) ~~for an *incoming EEA firm* that is a *credit institution* without a *top-up permission*, *Fundamental Rule 4* does not apply; and~~
  - (3) ~~for an *incoming EEA firm* that has *permission* only for *cross border services* and does not carry on *regulated activities* in the *UK*, the *Fundamental Rules* do not apply.~~
- 3.2 A *firm* will not be subject to a *Fundamental Rule* to the extent that it would be contrary to the *UK's obligations* under *EU legislation*. ~~[Deleted.]~~

...

## Annex D

### Amendments to the Algorithmic Trading Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATION AND DEFINITIONS

---

...

1.3 In this Part, the following definitions shall apply:

<i>Algorithmic trading</i>	<del>has the meaning given in Article 4(1)(39) of MiFID II.</del> <u>means trading in financial instruments where a computer algorithm automatically determines individual parameters of orders such as whether to initiate the order, the timing, price or quantity of the order or how to manage the order after its submission, with limited or no human intervention, and does not include any system that is only used for the purpose of routing orders to one or more trading venues or for the processing of orders involving no determination of any trading parameters or for the confirmation of orders or the post-trade processing of executed transactions;</u>
<i>direct electronic access</i>	<del>has the meaning given in Article 4(1)(41) of MiFID II.</del> <u>means an arrangement where a member or participant or client of a trading venue permits a person to use its trading code so the person can electronically transmit orders relating to a financial instrument directly to the trading venue and includes arrangements which involve the use by a person of the infrastructure of the member or participant or client, or any connecting system provided by the member or participant or client, to transmit the orders (direct market access) and arrangements where such an infrastructure is not used by a person (sponsored access).</u>
<i>trading venue</i>	<del>has the meaning given in Article 4(1)(24) of MiFID II.</del> <u>means a regulated market, an MTF or an OTF.</u>

1.4 ~~The definitions in MiFID II referred to in 1.3 shall be read on the basis that references in that directive to a 'regulated market', an 'MTF' or an 'OTF' are references to:~~

- ~~(1) a system falling within any of Articles 4(1)(21), (22) and (23) of MiFID II respectively; and~~
- ~~(2) a system that is not situated in an EEA State that would have fallen within (1) had it been so situated. [deleted.]~~

## Annex E

### Amendments to the Allocation of Responsibilities Part

In this Annex new text is underlined.

#### 1 APPLICATION AND DEFINITIONS

---

1.1 Unless otherwise stated, this Part applies to every *firm* that is:

- (1) a *CRR firm*;
- (2) a *credit union*; or
- (3) a *third country CRR firm* in relation to:
  - (a) the activities of its establishment in the *UK*; or
  - (b) if it does not have an establishment in the *UK*, activities in the *UK*.

...

#### 6 ~~UK BRANCHES~~ PRESCRIBED RESPONSIBILITIES: UK BRANCHES THIRD COUNTRY CRR FIRMS

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6.1 This chapter applies only to a *third country CRR firm* in relation to

- (i) the activities of its establishment in the *UK*; or
- (ii) if it does not have an establishment in the *UK*, its activities in the *UK*.

6.2 Each of the responsibilities set out in this rule is a *UK branch prescribed responsibility*:

- (4) responsibility for management of the *firm's* risk management processes in the *UK* , or,  
if the firm does not have an establishment in the *UK*, the application of the *firm's* risk management processes to its *UK* activities;

...

- (7) responsibility for management of the *firm's* systems and controls in the *UK* , or, if the *firm* does not have an establishment in the *UK* the application of the *firm's* systems and controls to its *UK* activities.

...

- (11) if the *firm* has an establishment in the *UK*, responsibility for the *firm's* performance of its obligations under Internal Governance of Third Country Branches 7.

## Annex F

### Amendments to the Audit Committee Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

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...

1.2 This Part does not apply to a *firm* which is a *subsidiary undertaking* of ~~an EEA~~ a *UK parent undertaking* where the *parent undertaking* complies at group level with Chapter 2 or with requirements implementing Article 39 of the *Statutory Audit Directive* ~~in any other EEA State~~ and, where applicable, with Articles 11(1), 11(2) and 16(5) of the *Statutory Audit Regulation*, provided that:

- (1) the *firm* is not significant; or
- (2) if the *firm* is significant, its *governing body* is composed of the same *non-executive directors* as the *governing body* of that *parent undertaking*.

...

1.4 In this Part, the following definitions shall apply:

*Statutory Audit Regulation*

means Regulation (EU) No 537/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on specific requirements regarding statutory audit of public-interest entities and repealing Commission Decision 2005/909/EC except that any reference to Article 16 of that Regulation, shall, where and to the extent that the effect of that Article has been reproduced in any of the following enactments in relation to a category of *firm*, be a reference to that enactment in relation to that category of *firm*:

- (1) for private companies, sections 485A to 485C and 494ZA of the Companies Act 2006;
- (2) for public companies, sections 489A to 489C and 494ZA of the Companies Act 2006;
- (3) for *building societies*, paragraphs 3B to 3E of Schedule 11 to the Building Societies Act 1986;
- (4) for *friendly societies*, paragraphs 2 to 5 of Schedule 14A to the Friendly Societies Act 1992;
- (5) for limited liability partnerships, sections 485A to 485C and 494ZA of the Companies Act 2006 as applied by regulations 36 and 38A of the Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008;
- (6) for insurance undertakings within the meaning given by regulation 2 of The Insurance Accounts Directive (Miscellaneous Insurance Undertakings) Regulations 2008, sections 485A to 485C and 494ZA of the Companies Act 2006 as applied by regulation 6(1A) of those Regulations.

#### 4 TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS

---

...

4.2 Subject to 4.3, a *firm* that is not significant or is a *subsidiary undertaking* of a ~~non-EEA~~ *third country parent undertaking* may not have an *audit committee* until the commencement of a *firm's financial year* beginning on or after 17 June 2018 if its *governing body* is performing equivalent *functions* to an *audit committee*. In such a case 2.2 (1), 2.2 (2), 2.2 (5), 2.2 (6) and 2.2 (7) shall not apply, and the *firm* must disclose that the *governing body* carries out the *audit committee's functions* and how its *governing body* is composed.

- 4.3 Until the commencement of a *firm's financial year* beginning on or after 17 June 2018, where all *members* of the *audit committee* are *members* of the *governing body* of a *firm* that is not significant or is a *subsidiary undertaking* of a ~~non-EEA~~ *third country parent undertaking*, the *audit committee* is to be exempt from the independence requirements laid down in 2.2 (5), 2.2 (6) and 2.2 (7).
- 4.4 Chapter 2 shall not apply to a significant *firm* which is a *subsidiary undertaking* of ~~an EEA~~ a *UK parent undertaking* until the commencement of a *firm's financial year* beginning on or after 17 June 2018, where the *parent undertaking* complies at *group level* with Chapter 2 or with requirements implementing Article 39 of the *Statutory Audit Directive* ~~in any other EEA State~~ and, where applicable, with Articles 11(1), 11(2) and 16(5) of the *Statutory Audit Regulation*.

## Annex G

### Amendments to the Auditors Part

In this Annex deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATION AND DEFINITIONS

---

1.1 This Part applies to:

(1) every *firm*, ~~except for an *incoming firm* that does not have a *top up permission*~~; and

...

## Annex H

### Amendments to the Capital Buffers Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATION AND DEFINITIONS

---

...

1.2 In this Part the following definitions shall apply:

...

*countercyclical buffer rate*

means (in accordance with ~~point (7) of Article 128 of the CRD~~ regulation 10 of The Capital Requirements (Capital Buffers and Macro-prudential Measures) Regulations 2014) the rate:

(a) expressed as a percentage of total risk exposure amount set by the ~~FPC or an EEA countercyclical buffer authority~~, or

...

*distribution in connection with common equity tier 1 capital*

~~includes (in accordance with Article 141(10) of the CRD):~~

...

*EEA countercyclical buffer authority*

means the authority or body of an ~~EEA State~~ other than the ~~UK~~ designated for the purpose of Article 136 of the CRD with responsibility for setting the ~~countercyclical buffer rate~~ for that ~~EEA State~~ or the ~~European Central Bank~~ when it carries out the ~~task of setting a countercyclical buffer rate for an EEA State conferred on it by Article 5(2) of Council Regulation (EU) No. 1024/2013 conferring specific tasks on the European Central Bank concerning policies relating to the prudential supervision of credit institutions.~~

...

*parent financial holding company in a Member State*

means (in accordance with point (26) of Article 3(1) of the CRD) a ~~financial holding company~~ which is not itself a ~~subsidiary of an institution authorised in the same EEA State, or of a financial holding company or mixed financial holding company set up in the same EEA State.~~

*parent institution in a Member State*

means (in accordance with point (24) of Article 3(1) of the CRD) an ~~institution~~ authorised in an ~~EEA State~~ which has an ~~institution or financial institution as subsidiary~~ or which holds a ~~participation in such an institution or financial institution, and which is not itself a subsidiary of another institution authorised in the same EEA State or of a financial holding company or mixed financial holding company set up in the same EEA State.~~

*parent mixed financial holding company in a Member State*

means (in accordance with point (28) of Article 3(1) of the CRD) a ~~mixed financial holding company~~ which is not itself a ~~subsidiary of an institution authorised in the same EEA State, or~~

~~of a financial holding company or mixed financial holding company set up in the same EEA State.~~

~~relevant credit exposures~~

~~means (in accordance with Article 140(4) of the CRD) exposures other than those referred to in points (a) to (f) of Article 112 of the CRR that are subject to:~~

~~...~~

### 3 COUNTERCYCLICAL CAPITAL BUFFER

---

3.1 ...

(5) ~~The countercyclical buffer rate for an exposure located in an EEA State other than the UK is:~~

- (a) ~~the rate set by the EEA countercyclical buffer authority for that jurisdiction; or~~
- (b) ~~if that rate exceeds 2.5% and has not been recognised by the FPC, 2.5%.  
[deleted.]~~

~~...~~

(10) ~~If the rate for an EEA State other than the UK is increased, subject to (5)(b) that increase takes effect from:~~

- (a) ~~the date specified by the EEA countercyclical buffer authority for that jurisdiction, if the rate applied under this Chapter does not exceed 2.5%;~~
- (b) ~~the date specified by the FPC if the rate applied under this Chapter exceeds 2.5%. [deleted.]~~

~~...~~

3.2 This rule applies until 31 December 2015 [Deleted.]

(1) ~~A firm must calculate a countercyclical capital buffer of common equity tier 1 capital equal to its total risk exposure amount multiplied by the weighted average of the countercyclical buffer rates that apply in the jurisdictions where the firm's relevant credit exposures are located.~~

(2) ~~In order to calculate the weighted average referred to in (1), a firm must apply to each applicable countercyclical buffer rate its total own funds requirements for credit risk, specific risk, incremental default and migration risk that relates to the relevant credit exposures in the jurisdiction in question, divided by its total own funds requirements for credit risk that relates to all of its relevant credit exposures.~~

(3) ~~For the purposes of (2), firm must calculate its total own funds requirement for credit risk, specific risk, incremental default and migration risk in accordance with Part Three, Titles II and IV of the CRR.~~

(4) ~~The countercyclical buffer rate for an exposure is the rate recognised or set by the FPC for the jurisdiction in which that exposure is located.~~

(5) ~~If the FPC does not recognise or set a rate for the jurisdiction in which an exposure is located, the countercyclical buffer rate for that exposure is zero.~~

(6) ~~If the rate recognised or set by the FPC for a jurisdiction is increased, that increase takes effect from the date specified by the FPC.~~

- (7) ~~If a rate is reduced, that reduction takes effect immediately.~~

## 5 APPLICATION ON AN INDIVIDUAL AND CONSOLIDATED BASIS

---

...

- 5.2 A firm which is a UK parent institution ~~in a Member State~~ must comply with this Part on the basis of its *consolidated situation*.
- 5.3 A UK bank or building society controlled by a UK parent financial holding company ~~in a Member State~~ or a UK parent mixed financial holding company ~~in a Member State~~ must comply with this Part on the basis of the *consolidated situation* of that holding company, if the PRA is responsible for supervision of the UK bank or building society on a *consolidated basis* under Part 6 of the Capital Requirements Regulations ~~Article 111 of the CRD~~.
- 5.4 A UK designated investment firm controlled by a UK parent financial holding company ~~in a Member State~~ or a UK parent mixed financial holding company ~~in a Member State~~ must comply with this Part on the basis of the *consolidated situation* of that holding company, if:
- (1) there is no *subsidiary* of the holding company which is a *credit institution* to which 5.3 applies; and
  - (2) the PRA is responsible for the supervision of the UK designated investment firm on a *consolidated basis* under Article 111 of the CRD ~~Part 6 of the Capital Requirements Regulations~~.

...

## Annex I

### Amendments to the Certification Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATION AND DEFINITIONS

---

1.1 Unless otherwise stated, this Part applies to every *firm* that is:

- (a) a *CRR firm*;
- (b) a *credit union*; or
- (c) a *third country CRR firm* in relation to; ~~the activities of its establishment in the UK.~~
  - (a) the activities of its establishment in the UK; or
  - (b) if it does not have an establishment in the UK its activities in the UK.

...

1.3 This Part does not apply to a function performed by:

...

- (5A) a person in relation to whom a notice under section 59ZZA has been given to an authorised person.

.....

## Annex J

### Amendments to the Change in Control Part

In this Annex deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATION AND DEFINITIONS

---

- 1.1 (1) Unless otherwise stated, this Part applies to every *firm* except:
- (a) ~~an *incoming firm* [deleted.]~~

...

#### 3 OBLIGATIONS ON FIRMS

---

...

- 3.3 An *overseas firm* ~~other than an *incoming firm*~~ must notify the *PRA* of:

...

#### 4 ONGOING NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

---

- 4.1 A *firm* must notify the *PRA* as soon as it becomes aware of any of the following matters in respect of one or more of its *controllers*:

...

- (4) ~~if a *controller*, who is authorised in another *EEA State* as a MiFID investment firm, CRD credit institution or UCITS management company or under the *Solvency II Directive* or the *Insurance Distribution Directive*, ceases to be so authorised (registered in the case of an *IDD insurance intermediary*)- [deleted.]~~

...



## Annex K

### Amendments to the Close Links Part

In this Annex deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATION AND DEFINITIONS

---

1.1 Unless otherwise stated, this Part applies to every *firm* ~~except an incoming firm~~.

## Annex L

### Amendments to the Compliance and Internal Audit Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATION AND DEFINITIONS

---

- 1.1 Unless otherwise stated, this Part applies to a *CRR firm*
- ...
- (2) ~~with respect to the carrying on of *passport activities* by it from a *branch* in another *EEA state*; [deleted.]~~
- ...
- 1.1A 2.1 to 2.6 do not apply to a *firm* with respect to the carrying on of *benchmarking activities* except to the extent that ~~they transpose an EU instrument~~ those rules constitute *retained EU law*.
- 1.2 In this Part, the following definitions shall apply:
- ~~*host Member State*~~
- has the meaning given in Article 4(1)(56) of *MiFID II*.

#### 2 COMPLIANCE

---

- ...
- 2.6 (1) ~~This rule applies to a *firm* conducting *investment services and activities* from a *branch* in another *EEA State*. [Deleted.]~~
- (2) ~~References to the *regulatory system* in 2.1 and 2.2A apply in respect of a *firm's branch* as if *regulatory system* includes a *host Member State's* requirements under *MiFID II* which are applicable to the *investment services and activities* conducted from the *firm's branch*. [Deleted.]~~

## Annex M

### Amendments to the Conditions Governing Business Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

---

1.2 In this Part, the following definitions shall apply:

*concentration risk*

means all risk exposures with a loss potential which is large enough to threaten the solvency or the financial position of a ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm.

...

#### 2 GENERAL GOVERNANCE REQUIREMENTS

---

2.1 A *firm* must ensure its *governing body* is ultimately responsible for the *firm's* compliance with the rules and all applicable laws, regulations and administrative provisions ~~adopted in accordance with~~ implementing the *Solvency II Directive*.

...

#### 4 INTERNAL CONTROL

---

...

4.2 The compliance *function* referred to in 4.1(2) must include:

- (1) advising the *governing body* on compliance with the rules and other laws, regulations and administrative provisions ~~adopted in accordance with~~ implementing the *Solvency II Directive*; and

...

#### 11 STATISTICAL DATA

---

11.1 ~~A leading insurer and a relevant insurer must keep statistical data showing the extent of Community co-insurance operations in which they participate and the EEA States concerned.~~  
[Deleted.]

...

## Annex N

### Amendments to the Conduct Rules Part

In this Annex new text is underlined.

#### 1 APPLICATION AND DEFINITIONS

---

- 1.1 (1) Unless otherwise stated, this Part applies to every *firm* that is:
- (a) a *CRR firm*;
  - (b) a *credit union*; or
  - (c) a *third country CRR firm* in relation to:
    - (i) the activities of its establishment in the *UK*; or
    - (ii) if it does not have an establishment in the *UK*, activities in the *UK*.
- (2) This Part only applies if P:
- ...
- (d) performs a *certification function* in relation to A; ~~or~~
  - (e) is a *Conduct Rules non-executive director* of A or
  - (f) is a person in relation to whom a notice under section 59ZZA has been or could be given by the PRA to an authorised person.
- (3) 3.1 to 3.3 only apply to a *person* in (2)(a), ~~or~~ (b), or (f)
- (4) 3.4 only applies to a *person* in (2)(a), (b), ~~or~~ (e) or (f).

## Annex O

### Amendments to the Contractual Recognition of Bail In Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATION AND DEFINITIONS

---

...

1.2 In this Part, the following definitions shall apply:

...

~~eligible deposit~~

has the meaning given in point 4 of Article 2(1) of Directive 2014/49/EU

...

*fully secured liability*

means a *liability* which, at the time it is created, is fully secured and governed by contractual terms that oblige the debtor to maintain the *liability* fully collateralised on a continuous basis in compliance with regulatory requirements of ~~EU~~UK law or of the law of a *third country* achieving effects that can be deemed equivalent to ~~EU~~UK law.

...

#### 2 CONTRACTUAL RECOGNITION OF BAIL-IN

---

...

2.1A ~~2.1 does not apply~~ The inclusion of a contractual term in a contract is not required by this Part in respect of a *any phase two liability* where it would be impracticable for the *BRRD undertaking* to comply with 2.1 to include it in respect of that *phase two liability*.

2.1B Subject to 2.1C, the requirement in 2.1 shall not apply where the contract:

(1) was made before *exit day* and

(2) is governed by the law of an *EEA State*

2.1C Notwithstanding 2.1B, the requirement in 2.1 shall apply to a contract referred to in 2.1B from the time of any *material amendment* to the contract made on or after *exit day*.

2.2 In respect of a *liability* that is:

(1) an *additional tier 1 instrument*, or

(2) a *tier 2 instrument*,

a *BRRD undertaking* that is a *CRR firm* must provide to the *PRA* a properly reasoned independent legal opinion from an individual appropriately qualified in the relevant *third country* on the enforceability and effectiveness of the term ~~referred to in~~ required by this Part. 2.1.

## Annex P

### Amendments to the Credit Risk Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

...

#### **4 CRITERIA FOR CERTAIN EXPOSURES SECURED BY MORTGAGES ON COMMERCIAL IMMOVABLE PROPERTY**

---

...

- 4.1A For the purposes of Articles 124(2) and 126(2) of the *CRR* and in addition to the conditions set out therein, a *firm* may treat an *exposure* or any part of an *exposure* that is not located in ~~a jurisdiction that is not an EEA State~~ the UK as fully and completely secured for the purposes of Article 126 (1) of the *CRR* only if all of the following conditions are met:

...

## Annex Q

### Amendments to the Credit Unions Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 6 INVESTMENT

---

...

6.3 A *credit union* must not hold *investments*, save that it may hold an *investment* that is:

- (1) a *deposit* placed with a *credit institution* which is authorised in ~~an EEA State~~ the UK to *accept deposits* on terms that the *deposit* shall be repayable within at most twelve months from the date on which that *investment* is made;
- (2) a loan, other than a subordinated loan qualifying as *capital* within the meaning given in 8.2, to a *credit institution* which is authorised in ~~an EEA State~~ the UK to *accept deposits*, with a *maturity* of up to twelve months from the date on which that *investment* is made;
- (3) a sterling-denominated *security* issued by the government of ~~an EEA State~~ the UK with a *maturity* of up to twelve months from the date on which that *investment* is made;
- (4) a fixed-interest sterling-denominated security guaranteed by the government of ~~an EEA State~~ the UK, with a *maturity* of up to twelve months from the date on which that *investment* is made, provided that such *guarantee* is unconditional in respect of the payment of both principal and interest on the security; or

...

6.4 If a *credit union* complies with 10.3, it may hold an *investment* that is:

...

- (2) a loan, other than a subordinated loan qualifying as *capital* within the meaning given in 8.2, to a *credit institution* which is authorised in the UK ~~an EEA State~~ to *accept deposits* with a *maturity* of up to five years from the date on which that *investment* is made;
- (3) a sterling-denominated security issued by the government of the UK ~~an EEA State~~, with a *maturity* of up to five years from the date on which that *investment* is made
- (4) a fixed-interest sterling-denominated security guaranteed by the government of the UK ~~an EEA State~~, with a *maturity* of up to five years from the date on which that *investment* is made, provided that such *guarantee* is unconditional in respect of the payment of both principal and interest on the *security*, or
- (5) any other product provided by a *credit institution* authorised in the UK ~~an EEA State~~ to *accept deposits*, with a *maturity* of up to five years from the date on which that *investment* is made, provided it satisfies the requirement in 6.2.

...

## Annex R

### Amendments to the Depositor Protection Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATION AND DEFINITIONS

---

1.1 Unless otherwise stated, this Part applies to:

...

(6) an overseas firm, that if:

(a) ~~is not an incoming firm; and~~ the firm has a Part 4A permission that includes accepting deposits; and

(b) ~~has a Part 4A permission that includes accepting deposits~~ deposits are held by a UK establishment of the firm.

1.2 ~~Chapter 23 applies to a UK branch of an incoming firm that is a credit institution.~~ [Deleted.]

1.3 This Part also applies to a firm which used to have a Part 4A permission to accept deposits but which has ceased to have a Part 4A permission to accept new deposits, or which is subject to a requirement not to accept new deposits, ~~and which is not a member of a non-UK scheme.~~

1.3A For the purposes of this Part, a deposit is held by a UK establishment if it is assigned by the firm to an account of that UK establishment.

1.4 Unless otherwise stated, in this Part, the following definitions shall apply:

...

*deposit*

means:

(1) a credit balance which results from funds left in an account or from temporary situations deriving from normal banking transactions and which a credit institution is required to repay under the legal and contractual conditions applicable, including a fixed-term deposit and a savings deposit, but excluding a credit balance where:

(a) its existence can only be proven by a financial instrument ~~financial instrument as defined in MiFID II~~, unless it is a savings product which is evidenced by a certificate of deposit made out to a named person and which ~~exists~~ existed in the UK or a Member State on 2 July 2014;

...

*DGS member*

...

(5) an overseas firm if ~~that is not an incoming firm and~~



- (a) the firm has a Part 4A permission that includes accepting deposits; and
- (b) deposits are held by a UK establishment of the firm.

...

DGS EU Exit Regulations

means the Deposit Guarantee Scheme and Miscellaneous Provisions (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018.

...

enterprise

means any entity engaged in economic activity, irrespective of its legal form and including, in particular, self-employed persons and family businesses engaged in craft or other activities and partnerships or associations regularly engaged in an economic activity.

~~EEA right~~

~~means the entitlement of a person to establish a branch or provide services in an EEA State other than that in which they have their relevant office in accordance with the Treaty as applied in the European Economic Area; and subject to the conditions of the CRR and CRD.~~

~~euro firm~~

~~means an incoming firm that is a credit institution of an EEA State that has adopted the euro or that does not convert into their national currency the amount referred to in Article 6(1) of the DGSD, pursuant to Article 6(5) DGSD.~~

...

exclusions list

means:

...

- (2) from 1 January 2017 until exit day, a list in the form set out in Section B of Annex 3 to this Part; and
- (3) from exit day, a list in the form set out in Section C of Annex 3 to this Part.

~~home state scheme~~

~~means a scheme or arrangement (including the deposit guarantee scheme) for the payment of compensation in respect of eligible deposits, which was established in the EEA State which is, with regard to a particular institution, the home Member State.~~

~~host state scheme~~

~~means a scheme or arrangement (including the *deposit guarantee scheme*) for the payment of compensation in respect of *eligible deposits*, which was established in the *EEA State* which is, with regard to a particular *institution*, the *host Member State*.~~

...

*incoming firm*

means a *firm* which, immediately before *exit day* was an incoming firm within the meaning of section 193 of *FSMA* as in force at that date.

...

*mandatory contributions*

means, at any time, the mandatory contributions described in Article 10(4) of the *DGSD* paid before that time by *credit institutions* to schemes of mandatory contributions established by the United Kingdom for the purposes of covering the costs related to systemic risk, failure and resolution of institutions, up to the *target level*, less any amounts of such mandatory contributions previously borrowed by the *FSCS* which have not been repaid.

~~*micro, small and medium-sized enterprises*~~ *enterprise*

means an *enterprise* the annual turnover of which does not exceed EUR 50 million ~~means micro, small and medium-sized enterprises as defined with regard to the annual turnover criterion referred to in Article 2(1) of the Annex to Commission Recommendation 2003/361/EC.~~

...

*money laundering*

has the meaning given in Article 1(3) ~~4(2)~~ of the *money laundering directive*.

*money laundering directive*

means Directive ~~2005/60/EC~~ 2015/849/EU.

...

*non-UK scheme*

means a scheme established pursuant to the *DGSD* in an *EEA State* ~~other than the UK~~

...

*target level*

means the amount of available financial means which the *deposit guarantee scheme* is required to reach, which is 0.8% of the amount of covered deposits (excluding temporary high balances) of *DGS members*.

## 2 ELIGIBILITY

---

...

2.2 The provisions in this rule determine whether a *deposit* is an *eligible deposit*:

- (1) A *deposit* is an *eligible deposit* only if it is held by:
  - (a) a UK establishment of a *DGS member*, or
  - (b) ~~a branch of a *DGS member* established in another *EEA State* under an *EEA Right*~~ [deleted.]
- (2) ~~A *deposit* is held by a UK establishment or a branch if it is assigned by the firm to an account of that UK establishment or that branch.~~ [Deleted.]
- (3) A *deposit* is, subject to the other rules in this Chapter, an *eligible deposit* if it is held by a UK establishment of a firm which:
  - (a) had a *Part 4A permission* to accept such *deposits* at the time the *deposit* was accepted but no longer has permission to accept *eligible deposits*, or is subject to a requirement preventing it from doing so; ~~and~~
  - (b) ~~is not now a member of a non-UK scheme which protects such deposits.~~
- (4) The following are not *eligible deposits*:

...

- (f) a *deposit* the holder and any beneficial owner (as defined in regulation 6 of the Money Laundering Regulations 2007) of which have not, at the *compensation date* had their identity verified in accordance with regulation 9 of the Money Laundering Regulations 2007 (or equivalent ~~EEA~~ European Economic Area requirements, provided that their identity was so verified prior to exit day).

## 3 CIRCUMSTANCES IN WHICH THE FSCS PAYS COMPENSATION IN RESPECT OF ELIGIBLE DEPOSITS

---

...

3.2 The FSCS must pay compensation in accordance with this Part in respect of an *eligible deposit* if it is satisfied that the *eligible deposit* is a *deposit* with either:

- (1) a *DGS member* which is *in default*; or
- (2) a *firm* which is *in default* and which:
  - (a) had a *Part 4A permission* to accept such *deposits* at the time the *deposit* was accepted but no longer has permission to accept *eligible deposits*, or is subject to a requirement preventing it from doing so; ~~and~~
  - (b) ~~is not a member of a non-UK scheme which covers such deposits.~~

...

## 5 CALCULATING COMPENSATION

---

5.3 The limit provided for in 4.2 applies to the aggregate *eligible deposits* placed by a *depositor* with the same *credit institution*, irrespective of the number of accounts, ~~or the currency, or the location within the EEA.~~

...

## 6 PAYING COMPENSATION

---

6.2 The *FSCS* must pay any compensation to the *depositor*, with the following exceptions:

- (1) where the *FSCS* ~~is required to~~ may make payments on behalf of a *non-UK scheme* in accordance with the ~~*deposit guarantee scheme regulations*~~ *DGS EU Exit Regulations*;
- (2) ~~where the *FSCS* must instruct a *non-UK scheme* to make payments on its behalf in accordance with 27.3; [deleted.]~~

...

6.9 ~~In applying this Chapter to *deposits* held with a *branch* outside the *UK* of a *DGS member*, the *FSCS* must interpret references to:~~

- (1) ~~*persons* entitled as personal representatives, trustees, bare trustees, operators of *pension schemes* or *persons* carrying on the *regulated activity* of winding up *pension schemes*; or~~
- (2) ~~*persons* having a *joint account* or joint interest in a *deposit* or carrying on business in partnership;~~

~~as references to *persons* entitled, under the law of the relevant country or territory, in a capacity appearing to the *FSCS* to correspond as nearly as may be to that capacity. [deleted.]~~

## 7 FORM AND METHOD OF COMPENSATION

---

...

7.2 The *FSCS* may pay compensation in any form and by any method (or any combination of them) that it determines is appropriate including, without limitation:

- (1) by paying the compensation (on such terms as the *FSCS* considers appropriate) to a *DGS member* ~~or an *incoming firm*~~ which agrees to become liable to the *compensation recipient* in a like sum;
- (2) by paying compensation directly into an existing deposit account of (or for the benefit of) the *compensation recipient*, with a *DGS member* ~~or an *incoming firm*~~ (but before doing so the *FSCS* must take such steps as it considers appropriate to verify the existence of such an account and to give notice to the *depositor* of its intention to exercise this power);

...

## 8 CURRENCY OF COMPENSATION

---

...

8.2 ~~Subject to 8.3~~ The FSCS must make compensation payments in respect of *eligible deposits* in pounds sterling. Where the account in which the *eligible deposit* was held was maintained in a different currency, the FSCS must use the exchange rate applying on the *compensation date*.

8.3 ~~Where the FSCS is instructing a non-UK scheme to make a payment under 27.3, the FSCS must instruct the relevant non-UK scheme to make such payments in the currency of that host Member State [Deleted.]~~

## 9 TIME LIMITS

---

...

9.4 The FSCS may decide to defer the payment of compensation beyond the time period set out in 9.3 where:

...

(5) the amount to be repaid is deemed to be part of a *temporary high balance*, in which case 10.8 applies; or

(6) ~~the amount to be repaid is to be paid out by the host state scheme; or [deleted.]~~

...

...

## 12 SINGLE CUSTOMER VIEW REQUIREMENTS

---

...

12.9 A firm must ensure that each *single customer view* and *exclusions view* contains all the information set out in the table below.

...

39	Account branch jurisdiction.	<del>If the account is held in a branch outside the United Kingdom, please state in which jurisdiction the account is held [if applicable].</del>  <u>Eligible deposits must be held by UK establishments. State "GBR".</u>	<del>ISO 3166-1 Alpha-3 or alternative code if ISO 3166-1 is unavailable</del>  Maximum number of characters in field: 3  N/A
40	<del>BRRD</del> Marking  <u>Bank recovery and</u>	Is the account marked under 13.2? [if applicable].	Value: Yes / No  Maximum number of

resolution marking

characters in field: 3

---

### 13 **BRRD BANK RECOVERY AND RESOLUTION MARKING AND CONTINUITY OF ACCESS**

---

...

13.2 A *firm* must mark accounts which hold:

...

- (2) *deposits* that would be *eligible deposits* from natural persons or *micro, small and medium-sized enterprises* if the *deposit* had not been made through a *branch* of the *firm* located outside the ~~EEA~~UK ...

...

### 16 **FIRMS' DISCLOSURE OBLIGATIONS – INFORMATION AND EXCLUSIONS**

---

...

16.2 A *firm* must:

...

- (3) before entering into a contract on *deposit-taking* with the intending *depositor* of deposits to be held by a UK establishment of the firm:

...

each such intending *depositor*

- (4) before entering into a contract on *deposit-taking*, inform each intending *depositor* of deposits to be held at a UK establishment of the firm of the exclusions from *deposit guarantee scheme* protection that fall within 2.2(4)(b) and 2.2(4)(k), if applicable.

16.3 ~~Where the *depositor* holds *eligible deposits* through a *UK establishment*, the~~ The information sheet must be in English, or, if different, in the language that was agreed between the *depositor* and the *firm* when the account was opened. ~~A *firm* which accepts *eligible deposits* through a *branch* established in another *EEA State* may provide the information sheet in the official language of that *EEA State*.~~

### 17 **FIRMS' DISCLOSURE OBLIGATIONS – STATEMENTS OF ACCOUNT**

---

17.1 A *firm* must:

...

- (2) include a reference to the *information sheet* and a reference to the *exclusions list* on a *depositor's* statement of account in respect of deposits held by a UK establishment of the firm;

(3) at least annually:

- (a) provide to the depositor of deposits held by a UK establishment of the firm;

...

- (4) include the following information on a depositor's statement of account in respect of deposits held by a UK establishment of the firm:

...

**17.3** A firm which was, immediately before exit day, a credit institution and an incoming firm, and which is a DGS member immediately after exit day, must, within two months after exit day:

- (a) provide to the depositor of deposits held by a UK establishment of the firm:
- (i) the information sheet; and
  - (ii) the exclusions list; and
- (b) if applicable, inform the depositor of the exclusions from deposit guarantee scheme protection that fall within 2.2(4)(b) and 2.2(4)(k).

...

## **19 DISCLOSURE OF TRANSFER OF DEPOSITS**

---

19.1 In the case of a merger, conversion of *subsidiaries* into *branches*, transfer or similar operations, a *firm* must:

...

- (2) give *depositors* a three month period following notification in accordance with (1), to withdraw or transfer to another *institution*, without incurring any penalty, such part of their *eligible deposits*, together with any accrued interest and other benefits, as exceed the coverage level pursuant to 4.2 (or, ~~if applicable in the case of a non-UK scheme, other transposition of Article 6(1) of the DGSD~~) at the time of the operation.

## **20 DISCLOSURE OF WITHDRAWAL OR EXCLUSION FROM THE DEPOSIT GUARANTEE SCHEME**

---

20.1 A *firm* must inform *depositors* within one month if it withdraws from or is excluded from the *deposit guarantee scheme* ~~or any non-UK scheme~~.

20.2 A firm must inform *depositors* of *deposits* which:

- (1) immediately prior to *exit day*, were *eligible deposits*; and
- (2) on *exit day*, ceased to be *eligible deposits* by virtue of not being held at a *UK establishment*.

that such *deposits* ceased to be *eligible deposits* on *exit day*; and must do so as soon as practicably possible after *exit day* and in any event within one month after *exit day*.

...

## **22 NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS ON TRANSFER TO A NON-UK SCHEME**

---

22.1 ~~If a *firm* which is a *DGS member* intends to transfer to become a member of a *non-UK scheme*, and cease to be a *DGS member*, it shall give at least six months' notice to~~

~~the FSCS and the PRA of its intention to make such a transfer. During the six month period, the firm shall remain a DGS member. [Deleted.]~~

## **23 DEPOSIT COMPENSATION INFORMATION – BRANCHES AND WEBSITE**

---

...

23.3 In this Chapter, references to “compensation leaflet” are:

- (1) ~~in the case of a DGS member, references to the FSCS’s standard leaflet with respect to its protection of deposits; and~~
- (2) ~~in the case of an incoming firm that it is a credit institution, references to a leaflet with respect to the protection of deposits by the compensation scheme of its home member state where such a leaflet is provided electronically and in English by the home state scheme or, where a leaflet is not available, a link to the home state scheme’s website. [deleted.]~~

23.4 A firm that accepts deposits under a single brand or trading name must prominently display the compensation sticker and compensation poster in each UK branch in the following ways:

...

23.5 A firm that accepts deposits under multiple brands or trading names must prominently display the compensation sticker and compensation poster in each UK branch in the following ways:

...

23.10 ~~A firm that accepts eligible deposits through a branch or branches established in other EEA States may provide the information required by this Chapter in the official language(s) of the EEA State (which may be either the compensation sticker, compensation poster or compensation leaflet in that language or the firm’s own translation of that compensation sticker, compensation poster or compensation leaflet). [Deleted.]~~

## **24 DUTIES OF THE FSCS**

---

...

24.10 The FSCS must correspond with a depositor in any one of:

- (1) English; or
- (2) ~~any other official Union language or Welsh if that language is used by the firm which holds the eligible deposit when communicating with that depositor.~~

...

## **26 CONFIDENTIALITY, INFORMATION SHARING AND CO-OPERATION**

---

...

26.2 ~~The FSCS must exchange with host state schemes (in relation to a DGS member), information: [Deleted.]~~



- (1) relating to the ~~DGS member's~~ compliance with this Part;
- (2) necessary to prepare for a repayment of ~~depositors~~, including markings made under Chapter 11;
- (3) communicated to the ~~FSCS~~ by the ~~PRA~~ that the ~~PRA~~ has detected problems with a ~~DGS member~~ that are likely to give rise to the intervention of the ~~deposit guarantee scheme~~.

26.3 The ~~FSCS~~ must have appropriate procedures in place to enable it to share information and communicate effectively with ~~non-UK schemes~~, the members of such schemes, and bodies outside the ~~UK~~. The ~~FSCS~~ shall inform the ~~PRA~~ of any cooperation agreement it enters into with a ~~non-UK scheme~~. ~~[Deleted.]~~

26.4 In order to facilitate effective co-operation, the ~~FSCS~~ shall have written co-operation agreements in place with ~~non-UK schemes~~. Such agreements shall take account of 26.1. ~~[Deleted.]~~

## **27 PAYMENTS IN RESPECT OF UK BRANCHES OF INCOMING FIRMS AND EEA BRANCHES OF DGS MEMBERS**

---

27.1 This Chapter applies only to the ~~FSCS~~.~~[Deleted.]~~

27.2 Where the ~~FSCS~~ is required under the ~~deposit guarantee scheme regulations~~ to pay compensation on behalf of a ~~non-UK scheme~~, the ~~FSCS~~ must inform the ~~depositors~~ concerned that the relevant ~~credit institution~~ is ~~in default~~ and of their right to compensation on behalf of the ~~non-UK scheme~~. The ~~FSCS~~ may receive correspondence from those ~~depositors~~ on behalf of the ~~non-UK scheme~~. ~~[Deleted.]~~

27.3 Where the ~~FSCS~~ is required, under this Part, to pay compensation to a  ~~depositor~~ in respect of ~~deposits~~ held with a ~~branch~~ of a ~~DGS member~~ in an ~~EEA state~~ other than the ~~UK~~, the ~~FSCS~~ must instruct the relevant ~~non-UK scheme~~ to make such payments on its behalf. The ~~FSCS~~ must provide the necessary funding prior to payout by the ~~non-UK scheme~~ and must compensate the ~~non-UK scheme~~ for costs incurred by the ~~non-UK scheme~~ with regard to acts done by the ~~non-UK scheme~~ in accordance with the instructions given by the ~~FSCS~~. ~~[Deleted.]~~

## **28 SUBROGATION**

---

...

28.3 (1) The ~~FSCS~~ may determine that, if it is necessary or desirable in conjunction with the exercise of the ~~FSCS's~~ powers under 28.2, that the ~~compensation recipient~~ shall be treated as having irrevocably and unconditionally appointed the chair of the ~~FSCS~~ for the time being to be their attorney and agent and on their behalf and in their name or otherwise to do such things and execute such deeds and documents as may be required under such laws of the ~~UK~~, ~~another EEA State~~ or any other state or law-country to create or give effect to such assignment or transfer or otherwise give full effect to those powers.

...

---

### 30 RECOVERIES OF ELIGIBLE DEPOSITS: RETURN OF SURPLUS TO COMPENSATION RECIPIENT

---

30.1 If the *FSCS*, in relation to a *claim for eligible deposits*, makes recoveries from the *credit institution* or any third party in respect of that *eligible deposit*, it must:

- (1) retain from those recoveries a sum equal to the aggregate of:
  - (a) the sum paid by the *FSCS* as compensation; and
  - ...
  - (b) ~~any amount paid or payable by a *home state scheme* to the *compensation recipient*; and [deleted.]~~

...

### 32 FUNDING – USE OF EXISTING MANDATORY CONTRIBUTIONS

---

...

32.2 If the *PRA* determines, in accordance with the *deposit guarantee scheme regulations*, that the *FSCS* is unable to raise a *DGS compensation costs levy* from *DGS members* to meet the liabilities of the *deposit guarantee scheme*, the *FSCS* may borrow an amount equal to the ~~amount of such *mandatory contributions*~~ in order to meet the liabilities of the deposit guarantee scheme.

32.3 The *FSCS* must impose a *DGS compensation costs levy* on *DGS members* sufficient to repay any amounts borrowed in accordance with 32.2 ~~equal to *mandatory contributions* borrowed in accordance with Article 10 (4) of the *DGSD*~~ within a reasonable time and in accordance with repayment deadlines under the applicable loan agreement and 34.3.

...

### 48 FUNDING – TRANSFER OF LEVIES

---

48.1 ~~This Chapter applies only to the *FSCS*. [Deleted.]~~

48.2 ~~If a *firm* ceases to be a *DGS member* and joins a *non-UK scheme*, the *FSCS* must transfer the contributions paid by that *firm* to the *available financial means* of the *deposit guarantee scheme* during the 12 months preceding the end of the membership to the relevant *non-UK scheme*. [Deleted.]~~

48.3 ~~48.2 does not apply if the *firm* has been excluded from the *deposit guarantee scheme* pursuant to Article 4(5) of the *DGSD*. [Deleted.]~~

48.4 ~~If some of the activities of a *DGS member* are transferred to another *Member State* and become subject to a *non-UK scheme*, the contributions paid by that *firm* during the 12 months preceding the transfer shall be transferred to the relevant *non-UK scheme* in proportion to the amount of *covered deposits* transferred. [Deleted.]~~

...

## ANNEX I – INFORMATION SHEET (CHAPTER 16)

---

Currency of reimbursement: Pound sterling (GBP, £) ~~or, for branches of UK banks operating in other EEA Member States, the currency of that State.~~

---

## ANNEX II – CONTENT OF COMPENSATION STICKERS AND POSTERS (CHAPTER 23)

---

The compensation stickers must contain the following statements only:

~~UK banks~~

~~building societies~~

~~credit unions~~

~~Northern Ireland credit unions~~

~~An overseas firm that:~~

~~(a) is not an incoming firm; and~~

~~(b) has a Part 4A permission that includes accepting deposits~~

~~...~~

- 
- (1) "Your eligible deposits ~~with~~ held by a UK establishment of [insert name of firm] are protected up to a total of £85,000 by the Financial Services Compensation Scheme, the UK's deposit guarantee scheme. Any deposits you hold above the limit are unlikely to be covered.

Please ask/click here [delete as appropriate] for further information or visit [www.fscs.org.uk](http://www.fscs.org.uk)."

As an alternative, for *credit unions* or *Northern Ireland credit unions* that *accept deposits* under a single brand or trading name:

"Your eligible deposits are protected up to a total of £85,000 by the Financial Services Compensation Scheme, the UK's deposit guarantee scheme. Any deposits you hold above the limit are unlikely to be covered. Please ask/click here [delete as appropriate] for further information or visit [www.fscs.org.uk](http://www.fscs.org.uk)."

---

~~Incoming firm that is a *credit institution* [Deleted.]~~

- 
- (2) ~~"Your eligible deposits with [insert name of firm] are protected up to a total of [insert 100,000 euro or home state equivalent] by [insert name of compensation scheme] the [insert home state of compensation scheme] deposit guarantee scheme and are not protected by the UK Financial Services Compensation Scheme. Any deposits you hold above the [insert 100,000 euro or home state equivalent] limit are unlikely to be covered. Please ask/click here [delete as appropriate] for further information or visit [insert website address of scheme]."~~ [Deleted.]
-

The compensation posters must contain the following statements only:

---

*UK banks*

*building societies*

*credit unions*

*Northern Ireland credit unions*

~~An overseas firm that:~~

~~(a) is not an *incoming firm*; and~~

~~(b) has a *Part 4A permission* that includes *accepting deposits*~~

...

---

(1) Firms that accept deposits under a single brand or trading name

"Your eligible deposits ~~with~~ held by a UK establishment of [insert name of firm] are protected up to a total of £85,000 by the Financial Services Compensation Scheme, the UK's deposit guarantee scheme. Any deposits you hold above the limit are unlikely to be covered.

Please ask/click here [delete as appropriate] for further information or visit [www.fscs.org.uk](http://www.fscs.org.uk)."

As an alternative, for credit unions or Northern Ireland credit unions that accept deposits under a single brand or trading name: "Your eligible deposits are protected up to a total of £85,000 by the Financial Services Compensation Scheme, the UK's deposit guarantee scheme. Any deposits you hold above the limit are unlikely to be covered.

Please ask/click here [delete as appropriate] for further information or visit [www.fscs.org.uk](http://www.fscs.org.uk)."

---

~~Incoming firm that is a *credit institution*~~

---

(3) ~~*Incoming firm* that is a *credit institution* and *accepts deposits* under a single brand or trading name~~

~~"Your eligible deposits with [insert name of firm] are protected up to a total of [insert 100,000 euro or home state equivalent] by [insert name of compensation scheme] the [insert home state of compensation scheme] deposit guarantee scheme and are not protected by the UK Financial Services Compensation Scheme. Any deposits you hold above the [insert 100,000 euro or home state equivalent] limit are unlikely to be covered. Please ask/click here [delete as appropriate] for further information or visit [insert website address of scheme]."~~ [Deleted.]

---

(4) ~~*Incoming firm* that *accepts deposits* under multiple brands or trading names~~

~~"Your eligible deposits with [insert name of firm] are protected up to a total of [insert 100,000 euro or home state equivalent] by [insert name of compensation scheme] the [insert home state of compensation scheme] deposit guarantee scheme and are not protected by the UK Financial Services Compensation Scheme. This limit is applied to the total of any deposits you~~

---

~~have with the following: [insert names of brands as appropriate]. Any total deposits above the [insert 100,000 euro or home state equivalent] limit are unlikely to be covered. Please ask/click here [delete as appropriate] for further information or visit [insert website address of scheme]."~~  
~~[Deleted.]~~

...

## **ANNEX 3 – EXCLUSIONS LIST (CHAPTER 16)**

---

### **Section C (from exit day)**

A deposit is excluded from protection if:

- (1) The holder and any beneficial owner of the deposit have never been identified in accordance with money laundering requirements. For further information, contact your bank, bank building society or credit union.
- (2) The deposit arises out of transactions in connection with which there has been a criminal conviction for money laundering.
- (3) It is a deposit made by a depositor which is one of the following:
  - credit institution
  - financial institution
  - investment firm
  - insurance undertaking
  - reinsurance undertaking
  - collective investment undertaking
  - pension or retirement fund<sup>1</sup>
  - public authority, other than a small local authority.
- (4) It is a deposit of a credit union to which the credit union itself is entitled
- (5) It is a deposit which can only be proven by a financial instrument<sup>2</sup> unless it is a savings product which is evidenced by a certificate of deposit made out to a named person and which existed in the UK or a Member State on 2 July 2014)
- (6) It is a deposit of a collective investment scheme which qualifies as a small company.<sup>3</sup>
- (7) It is a deposit of an overseas financial services institution which qualifies as a small company.<sup>4</sup>
- (8) It is a deposit of certain regulated firms (investment firms, insurance undertakings and reinsurance undertakings) which qualify as a small business or a small company<sup>5</sup> – refer to the FSCS for further information on this category
- (9) It is not held by an establishment of a bank, building society or credit union in the United Kingdom

For further information about exclusions, refer to the FSCS website at [www.FSCS.org.uk](http://www.FSCS.org.uk)

---

---

<sup>1</sup> Deposits by personal pension schemes, stakeholder pension schemes and occupational pension schemes of micro, small and medium sized enterprises are not excluded

<sup>2</sup> As listed in Part I of Schedule 2 to the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001

<sup>3</sup> Under the Companies Act 1985 or Companies Act 2006

<sup>4</sup> See footnote 3

<sup>5</sup> See footnote 3

## Annex S

### Amendments to the Dormant Account Scheme Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATION AND DEFINITIONS

---

1.1 Unless otherwise stated, this Part applies to:

...

- (5) an overseas firm ~~that if:~~
- (a) ~~is not an incoming firm; and [deleted.]~~
  - (b) the firm has a Part 4A permission that includes accepting deposits and
  - (c) deposits are held by a UK establishment of the firm.

1.2 In this Part, the following definitions shall apply:

...

*DAS member*

means:

...

- (4) an overseas firm, if:
- (a) the firm ~~that is not an incoming firm and~~ has a part 4A permission that includes accepting deposits and
  - (b) deposits are held by a UK establishment of the firm.

...

#### 7 FORM AND METHOD OF COMPENSATION

---

...

7.2 Subject to Chapter 6, the FSCS may pay compensation in any form and by any method (or any combination of them) that it determines is appropriate including, without limitation:

- (1) by paying the compensation (on such terms as the FSCS considers appropriate) to a firm with a Part 4A permission to accept deposits ~~or an incoming firm~~ or another dormant account fund operator which agrees to become liable to the claimant in a like sum;

...

## 12 SUBROGATION

---

...

- 12.4 (1) The *FSCS* may determine that, if it is necessary or desirable in conjunction with the exercise of the *FSCS*'s powers under 12.3, that the claimant shall be treated as having irrevocably and unconditionally appointed the chairman of the *FSCS* for the time being to be their attorney and agent and on their behalf and in their name or otherwise to do such things and execute such deeds and documents as may be required under such laws of the *UK*, ~~another EEA State~~ or any other state or law-country to create or give effect to such assignment or transfer or otherwise give full effect to those powers.

...



## Annex T

### Amendments to the External Audit Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

---

...

1.3 In this Part, the following definitions shall apply:

...

*group supervisor*

means the PRA (in relation to a *group*) the authority designated as group supervisor in relation to that *group*, in accordance with Article 247 of the ~~Solvency II Directive~~.

...

#### 4 DUTIES ON THE EXTERNAL AUDITOR

---

...

4.2 Where the *relevant elements of the SFCR* in a *group SFCR* that:

- (1) pertains to an *undertaking* that is not a ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm; and
- (2) information has been prepared in accordance with:
  - (a) *PRA* rules other than those implementing the *Solvency II Directive*; or
  - (b) ~~an EU instrument~~ UK law other than the *Solvency II Regulations*,

the external auditor shall state in the report under 4.1(2) that the information has been properly compiled in accordance with the relevant *PRA* rules and ~~EU instruments~~ UK law relating to that *undertaking* from information provided by *undertakings* in the *group* and the *relevant insurance group undertaking*.

...

## Annex U

### Amendments to the Financial Conglomerates Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATION AND DEFINITIONS

---

1.1 Unless otherwise stated, this Part applies to every *firm* except:

- (1) ~~an *incoming EEA firm*; [deleted.]~~
- (2) ~~an *incoming Treaty firm*; and [deleted.]~~

...

1.4 In this Part, the following definitions shall apply:

~~*alternative investment fund manager*~~

~~means a manager of alternative investment funds within the meaning of Article 4(1)(b), (l) and (ab) of the *AIFMD* or an *undertaking* which is outside the *EEA* and which would require authorisation in accordance with the *AIFMD* if it had its registered office within the *EEA*.~~

...

~~*asset management company*~~

~~means a management company within the meaning of Article 2(1)(b) of the *UCITS Directive*, as well as an *undertaking* the registered office of which is outside the *EEA* and which would require authorisation in accordance with Article 6(1) of the *UCITS Directive* if it had its registered office within the *EEA*.~~

...

~~*competent authority*~~

~~means any national authority of an *EEA State* which is empowered by law or — regulation to supervise *regulated entities*, whether on an individual or group-wide basis.~~

...

~~*consolidation group*~~

means:

- (1) a *conventional group*; or
- (2) *undertakings* linked by an *Article 12(1) relationship* a *common management relationship* or an *Article 18(6) relationship*.

If a *parent undertaking* or *subsidiary undertaking* in a *conventional group* (the first person) has a consolidation *Article 12(1) relationship* *common management relationship* or an *Article 18(6) relationship* with another *person* (the second person), the second person, and any *subsidiary undertaking* of the second person, is also a member of the same *consolidation group*.

...

*CRD full-scope firm*

means an *investment firm* as defined in article 4(1)(2) of the *CRR* that is subject to the requirements imposed by virtue of *MiFID*, or which would be subject to ~~that~~ Directive those requirements if its head office were in the UK an EEA State, and that is not a *limited activity firm* or a *limited licence firm*.

...

~~*EEA insurer*~~

~~means an undertaking whose head office is in any EEA State except the UK and which has received authorisation in accordance with article 14 of the *Solvency II Directive*.~~

~~*EEA prudential sectoral legislation*~~

~~means, in relation to a financial sector, requirements applicable to persons in that financial sector in accordance with EEA legislation with respect to prudential supervision of regulated entities in that financial sector.~~

~~*EEA UK regulated entity*~~

~~means a regulated entity that is an EEA firm or a UK firm.~~

...

~~*financial conglomerate notification*~~

~~means a notification issued in respect of a financial conglomerate that has been identified as a financial conglomerate as contemplated by Article 4(2) of the *Financial Groups Directive* regulation 2 of The Financial Conglomerates Regulations.~~

~~*Financial Conglomerates Regulations*~~

~~means The Financial Conglomerates and Other Financial Groups Regulations 2004 (SI 2004/1862)~~

...

~~*insurance sector*~~

means a sector composed of one or more of the following entities:

- (1) ~~a *Solvency II undertaking*~~ UK Solvency II firm;
- (2) *third country insurance undertaking* or a *third country reinsurance undertaking*;
- (3) an *insurance holding company*; and
- (4) in the relevant circumstances described in 5, an *asset management company* or an *alternative investment fund manager*.

...

~~*investment firm*~~

has the meaning given by Article 2(3) of the *Financial Groups Directive*

...

*mixed financial holding company*

~~has the meaning given in Article 2(15) of the *Financial Groups Directive* has the meaning given in regulation 1(2) of the *Financial Conglomerates Regulations*.~~

...

*parent undertaking*

has the meaning in Article 2(9) of the *Financial Groups Directive*.

*participation*

~~has the meaning given in article Article 2(11) of the *Financial Groups Directive* Article 4(1)(35) *CRR*.~~

...

*regulated entity*

means one of the following:

...

(2) ~~a *Solvency II undertaking* UK *Solvency II firm*, a third country insurance undertaking, a third country reinsurance undertaking~~

...

whether or not it is incorporated in, or has its head office in, ~~an EEA State~~ the UK.

*relevant competent authorities*

~~in relation to a *financial conglomerate*, means those *competent authorities* which are, or which have been appointed as, *relevant competent authorities* in relation to that *financial conglomerate* under Article 2(17) of the *Financial Groups Directive*~~

...

*sectoral rules*

means, in relation to a *financial sector*, the following rules and requirements relating to the prudential supervision of *regulated entities* within that *financial sector*.

(1) ~~for the purposes of 2.8, EEA prudential sectoral legislation for that *financial sector* together with, as appropriate, the rules and requirements in (3);~~

(2) for the purpose of calculating *solo capital resources* and a *solo capital resources requirement*.

...

~~(b) the rules and requirements in (3); or~~

...

*subsidiary undertaking*

~~has the meaning given in Article 2(10) of the *Financial Groups Directive*.~~

~~*third country financial conglomerate*~~

~~a *financial conglomerate* that is of a type that falls under Article 5(3) of the *Financial Groups Directive* has the meaning given in regulation 7 of the *Financial Conglomerates and Other Financial Groups Regulations 2004*~~

~~*third country insurance undertaking*~~

~~means an *undertaking* that has its head office outside the *EEA* and that would require authorisation as an *insurance undertaking* in accordance with Article 14 of the *Solvency II Directive* if its head office was situated in the *EEA*.~~

~~*third country reinsurance undertaking*~~

~~means an *undertaking* that has its head office outside the *EEA* and that would require authorisation as a *reinsurance undertaking* in accordance with Article 14 of the *Solvency II Directive* if its head office were situated in the *EEA*.~~

...

~~*UK regulated EEA financial conglomerate*~~

~~means a *financial conglomerate* other than a *third country financial conglomerate* that satisfies one of the following conditions:~~

- ~~(1) 3.3 applies with respect to it; or~~
- ~~(2) a *firm* that is a *member* of that *financial conglomerate* is subject to obligations imposed through its *Part 4A permission* or section 55M of *FSMA* to ensure that the *financial conglomerate* meets levels of capital adequacy based on or stated to be based on Annex I of the *Financial Groups Directive*.~~

### 3 CAPITAL ADEQUACY

---

3.1 In this Chapter,

- (1) ~~3.2 applies where a *financial conglomerate notification* has been issued in respect of a *financial conglomerate* of which a *firm* is a *member*; and- [deleted.]~~

...

3.4 (1) Subject to 3.5, the definitions of conglomerate capital resources and conglomerate capital resources requirement that apply for the purposes of 3.3 are the definitions from whichever of Part 1 or Part 2 of Annex 2 the firm has indicated to the PRA it will apply to the group or each part of the group.

- (2) The firm must indicate to the PRA in advance which Part of Annex 2 it intends to apply to the group or each part of the group.

...

## 4 RISK CONCENTRATION AND INTRA-GROUP TRANSACTIONS

---

...

- 4.2 A firm that is a member of a ~~UK regulated~~ EEA financial conglomerate headed by a mixed financial holding company must ensure compliance with the sectoral rules, identified for these purposes in the table at 4.3, regarding risk concentration and intra-group transactions of the most important financial sector in that financial conglomerate with respect to that financial sector as a whole, including the mixed financial holding company.

...

## 5 ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANIES AND ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENT FUND MANAGERS

---

- 5.1 A firm must treat an asset management company and an alternative investment fund manager that is a member of a financial conglomerate of which that firm is a member:

...

- (2) In the case of a financial conglomerate for which the PRA is the coordinator, a firm must allocate an asset management company and an alternative investment fund manager:
- (a) to the investment services sector where a decision to that effect has been made by ~~the undertaking in the financial conglomerate that is the group member referred to in Article 4(2) of the Financial Groups Directive~~ the relevant member referred to in regulation 2(4) of the Financial Conglomerates and Other Financial Groups Regulations 2004;

...

## 6 THIRD COUNTRY FINANCIAL CONGLOMERATE

---

- 6.1 This Chapter applies to a firm that is a member of a third country financial conglomerate ~~except:~~

- (1) ~~an incoming EEA firm; or [deleted.]~~
- (2) ~~an incoming Treaty firm; or [deleted.]~~

...

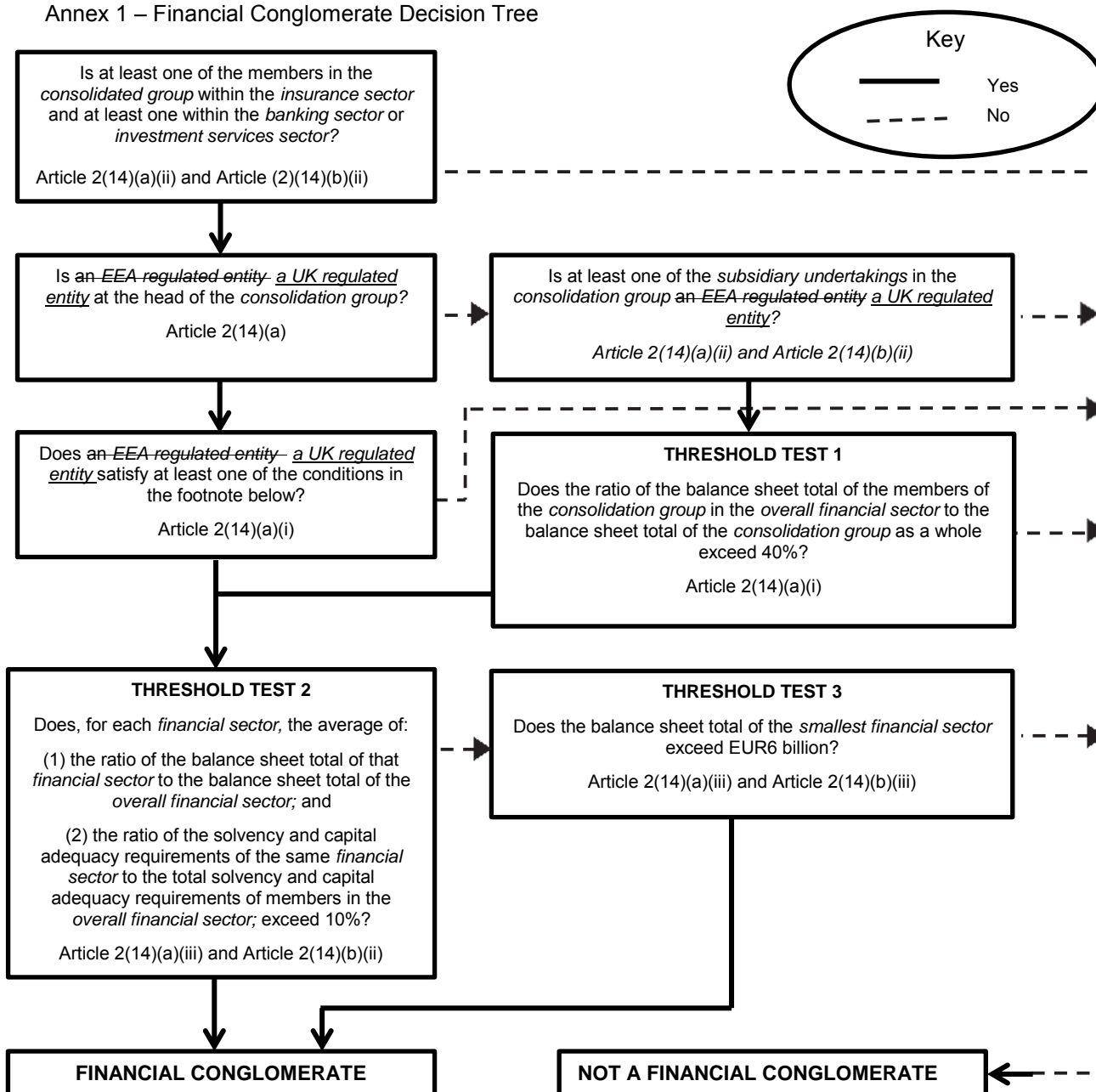
## 7 RISK SYSTEMS

---

- 7.1 This Chapter applies to a firm that is a member of a ~~UK regulated~~ EEA financial conglomerate.

...

Annex 1 – Financial Conglomerate Decision Tree



Footnote: The conditions are that the ~~EEA regulated entity~~ UK regulated entity at the head of the consolidation group: (1) is a parent undertaking of a member of the consolidation group in the overall financial sector, (2) has a participation in a member of the consolidation group that is in the overall financial sector, or (3) has a consolidation ~~Article 12(1) relationship~~ common management relationship with a member of the consolidation group that is in the overall financial sector

## Annex 2 – Capital Adequacy Calculations for Financial Conglomerates

...

### 3 Table

Types of financial conglomerate	<p>3.1 (1) This paragraph sets out how to determine the category of <i>financial conglomerate</i>.</p> <p>(2) If there is <del>an EEA</del> a <u>UK</u> regulated entity at the head of the <i>financial conglomerate</i>, then:</p> <p>(a) if that entity is in the <i>banking sector</i> or the <i>investment services sector</i>, the <i>financial conglomerate</i> is a <i>banking and investment services conglomerate</i>; or</p> <p>(b) if that entity is in the <i>insurance sector</i>, the <i>financial conglomerate</i> is an <i>insurance conglomerate</i>.</p> <p>(3) If (2) does not apply and the <i>most important financial sector</i> is the <i>banking and investment services sector</i>, it is a <i>banking and investment services conglomerate</i>.</p> <p>(4) If (2) and (3) do not apply, it is an <i>insurance conglomerate</i>.</p>
---------------------------------	--

...

### 5 Table Part 3: Principles applicable to all methods

...

Application of sectoral rules: general	<p>5.4 The following adjustments apply to the <i>applicable sectoral rules</i> as they are applied by the rules in this Annex.</p> <p>(1) If any of those rules would otherwise not apply to a situation in which they are applied by this Annex, those rules nevertheless still apply (and in particular, any of those rules that would otherwise have the effect of disapplying consolidated supervision do not apply).</p> <p>(2) If it would not otherwise have been included, an <i>ancillary insurance services undertaking</i> is included in the <i>insurance sector</i>.</p> <p>(3) The scope of those rules is amended so as to remove restrictions relating to where members of the <i>financial conglomerate</i> are incorporated or have their head office, so that the scope covers every member of the <i>financial conglomerate</i> that would have been included in the scope of those rules if those members had their head offices in <u>the UK</u> <del>an EEA State</del>.</p> <p>(4) For the purposes of Parts 1 to 2, those rules must be adjusted, if necessary, when calculating the capital resources, capital resources requirements or solvency requirements for a particular <i>financial sector</i> to exclude those for a member of another <i>financial sector</i>.</p> <p>(5) Any <i>waiver</i> granted to a member of the <i>financial conglomerate</i> under those rules does not apply for the purposes of this annex.</p>
--	--

...

### 6 Table: Part 4: Definitions used in this Annex

...

Solo capital resources	<p>6.4 (1) The <i>solo capital resources requirement</i> of an <i>undertaking</i> in the <i>insurance sector</i> is:</p>
------------------------	--



<p>requirement: insurance sector</p>	<p>(a)</p> <hr/> <p>(b)</p> <hr/> <p>(c)</p> <hr/> <p>(d)</p>	<p>in respect of a <i>UK Solvency II firm</i>, the SCR;</p> <hr/> <p>in respect of a <del>Solvency II undertaking</del> other than a <del>UK Solvency II firm</del>, the equivalent of the SCR as calculated in accordance with the <del>Solvency II EEA implementing measures</del> in the <del>EEA State</del> in which it has received authorisation in accordance with article 14 of the <del>Solvency II Directive</del>; <del>[deleted.]</del></p> <hr/> <p>in respect of a <i>third country insurance undertaking or third country reinsurance undertaking</i> to which Group Supervision, 10.4(2) applies, the equivalent of the SCR as calculated in accordance with the applicable requirements in that <i>third country</i>;</p> <hr/> <p>in respect of any <i>undertaking</i> which is not within (a) to (c), the capital resources requirement calculated according to the rules for the calculation of the solo capital resources requirement applicable to that <i>undertaking</i> for the purposes of the calculation referred to in Group Supervision and Chapter I of Title II of the <i>delegated acts</i> or, if no rules are applicable for that calculation under Group Supervision and Chapter I of Title II of the <i>delegated acts</i>, in accordance with the <i>SCR Rules</i>.</p>
<p>Solo capital resources requirement: EEA firms in the banking sector or investment services sector</p>	<p>6.5</p> <hr/> <p>(1)</p> <hr/> <p>(2)</p> <hr/> <p>(3)</p>	<p>The <del>solo capital resources requirement</del> for an <del>EEA regulated entity</del> (other than a <del>bank, building society, designated investment firm, IFPRU investment firm</del> as defined in the FCA Handbook, <del>BIPRU firm</del> as defined in the FCA Handbook, an <del>insurer</del> or an <del>EEA insurer</del>) that is subject to the <del>solo capital adequacy sectoral rules</del> for its <del>financial sector</del> of the <del>competent authority</del> that authorised it is equal to the amount of capital it is obliged to hold under those <del>sectoral rules</del> provided that the following conditions are satisfied</p> <hr/> <p>for the purposes of the <del>banking sector and the investment services sector</del>, those <del>sectoral rules</del> must correspond to the <del>PRA sectoral rules</del> identified in paragraph 6.2 as applying to that <del>financial sector</del>;</p> <hr/> <p>the entity must be subject to those <del>sectoral rules</del> in (1); and</p> <hr/> <p>paragraph 6.3 applies to the entity and those <del>sectoral rules</del>.</p>
<p>Solo capital resources requirement: <del>non-EEA</del></p>	<p>6.6</p>	<p>The <i>solo capital resources requirement</i> for a <i>recognised third country credit institution</i> or a <i>recognised third country investment firm</i> is the amount of capital resources that it is obliged to hold</p>

firms non-UK firms subject to equivalent regimes in the banking sector or investment services sector

under the *sectoral rules* for its *financial sector* that apply to it in the state or territory in which it has its head office provided that:

- (1) there is no reason for the *firm* applying the rules in this Annex to believe that the use of those *sectoral rules* would produce a lower figure than would be produced under paragraph 6.2; and
- (2) paragraph 6.3 applies to the entity and those *sectoral rules*.

**Annex 3 –Prudential Rules for Third Country Financial Conglomerates (6.2)**

...

2 Table: PART 2: Adjustment of scope

2.1	The adjustments that must be carried out under this paragraph are that the scope of the rules referred to in Part 1 of this Annex, are amended:
(1)	to remove any provisions disapplying those rules for <i>third country financial conglomerates</i> ;
(2)	to remove all limitations relating to where a member of the <i>third country financial conglomerate</i> is incorporated or has its head office; and
(3)	so that the scope covers every member of the <i>third country financial conglomerate</i> that would have been included in the scope of those rules if those members had their head offices in, and were incorporated in, <del>and an EEA State</del> <u>the UK</u> .

**Annex V**

**Amendments to the Fitness and Propriety Part**

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

**1 APPLICATION AND DEFINITIONS**

1.1 Unless otherwise stated, this Part applies to every *firm* that is:

- (1) a *CRR firm*;
- (2) a *credit union*; or
- (3) a *third country CRR firm* in relation to: ~~the activities of its establishment in the UK.~~
  - (a) the activities of its establishment in the UK; or
  - (b) if it does not have an establishment in the UK, activities in the UK.

...

## Annex W

### Amendments to the Friendly Society – Liability Valuation Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

...

#### 11 RATES OF INTEREST

---

...

- 11.8 For the purposes of 11.7, the *issuer's* profits after taxation from its ordinary activities for the relevant *financial year* must be derived from accounts drawn up in accordance with legislation implementing the *Accounts Directives* or, if accounts are not so drawn up in accordance with ~~the *Accounts Directives*~~, from accounts drawn up in accordance with International Accounting Standards Committee accounting standards or US generally accepted accounting practice.

...

## Annex X

### Amendments to the General Organisational Requirements Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATION AND DEFINITIONS

---

1.1 Unless otherwise stated, this Part applies to a *CRR firm*:

...

(2) ~~with respect to the carrying on of *passport*ed activities by it from a *branch* in another *EEA state*; [deleted.]~~

...

1.1A 2.1 to 2.8 do not apply to a *firm* with respect to the carrying on of *benchmarking activities* except to the extent that ~~they transpose an *EU instrument*~~ those rules constitute retained *EU law* within the meaning of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018.

## Annex Y

### Amendments to the General Provisions Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

---

...

1.2 In this Part, the following definitions shall apply:

...

*incoming ECA provider*

has the meaning given in the *FCA Handbook*.

...

*State of the risk*

means references to the ~~EEA State~~ in which a risk is situated in accordance with paragraphs 6(3) and 6(4) of Schedule 12 to *FSMA*.

...

...

#### 3 DISCLOSURE TO RETAIL CLIENTS

---

3.1 This Chapter

...

(2) does not apply to:

(a) ~~an incoming ECA provider when the firm is acting as such; [deleted.]~~

(b) ~~an incoming EEA firm which has permission only for cross border services and which does not carry on regulated activities in the UK; [deleted.]~~

(c) ~~an incoming firm not falling under (a) and (b), to the extent that the firm is subject to equivalent rules imposed by its home Member State; [deleted.]~~

...

(e) *general insurance business* if:

(i) ~~the State of the risk is an EEA State other than the UK; or [deleted.]~~

(ii) the *State of the risk* is outside the ~~EEA UK~~ and the *policyholder* is not in the *UK* when the *contract of insurance* is entered into;

...

(f) *long-term insurance business* if:

(i) ~~the policyholder's habitual residence is in an EEA State other than the UK; or [deleted.]~~

- (ii) the *policyholder's habitual residence* is outside the *EEA UK* and the policyholder is not present in the *UK* when the *contract of insurance* is entered into; or

...

3.2 A *firm* must take reasonable care to ensure that every letter (or electronic equivalent) which it or its *employees* send to a *retail client*, which a view to or in connection with the *firm* carrying on a *regulated activity*, includes the following disclosure:

...

- (2) for an *overseas firm* ~~(which is not an *incoming firm*)~~ "[Authorised and regulated by [name of the overseas regulator of the *overseas firm* in the jurisdiction of that *overseas firm's* registered office (or, if it has no registered office, its head office)]. Authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority. Subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. Details about the extent of our regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority are available from us on request."
  - (a) If the *overseas firm* ~~(which is not an *incoming firm*)~~ translates the name of the overseas regulator into English it must ensure that the State in which the regulator is based is clear;
  - (b) An *overseas firm* ~~(which is not an *incoming firm*)~~ is not required to disclose its applicable authorisation or regulation by the overseas regulator if it is not so authorised or regulated.
- (3) ~~for an *incoming firm* without a *top-up permission* either:~~ ~~[deleted.]~~
  - (a) ~~"Authorised by [name of *home Member State* regulator]"; or [Deleted.]~~
  - (b) ~~"Authorised by [name of *home Member State* regulator] and subject to limited regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and Prudential Regulation Authority. Details about the extent of our regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and Prudential Regulation Authority are available from us on request". [Deleted.]~~

~~If the *incoming firm* without a *top-up permission*:~~ ~~[Deleted.]~~

...

- ~~(c) translates the name of the *home Member State* regulator into English it must ensure that the State in which the regulator is based is clear;~~ ~~[deleted.]~~
- ~~(d) indicates or implies to a *customer* that is regulated by the *PRA* or the *FCA*, it must make the disclosure in (b).~~ ~~[deleted.]~~
- (4) ~~for an *incoming firm* with a *top-up permission*, "Authorised by [name of *home Member State* regulator] and the Prudential Regulation Authority and subject to limited regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and Prudential Regulation Authority. Details about the extent of our authorisation and regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority, and regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority are available from us on request";~~ ~~[deleted.]~~

~~If the *incoming firm* with a *top-up permission* translates the name of the *home Member State* regulator into English it must ensure that the State in which the regulator is based is clear.  
[Deleted.]~~

...

## 5 STATEMENTS ABOUT AUTHORISATION AND REGULATION BY THE PRA

---

5.1 This Chapter:

(1) subject to (2), applies to:

...

(b) activities carried on from an establishment maintained by the *firm* (or by its *appointed representative*) in the *UK*, provided that, in the case of the *MiFID* or equivalent *third country business of the firm* ~~business of an *incoming EEA firm*~~, it only applies to business conducted within the territory of the *UK*;

...

(2) does not apply to:

(a) ~~an *incoming ECA provider* when the *firm* is acting as such; [deleted.]~~

(b) ~~an *incoming EEA firm* which has *permission only for cross border services* and which does not carry on *regulated activities* in the *UK*; [deleted.]~~

(c) ~~an *incoming a third country firm* not falling under (a) or (b), to the extent that the *firm* is subject to equivalent rules imposed by its *home Member State*;~~

...

## 6 DISCLOSURE TO RETAIL CLIENTS ON ACTIVITIES FROM NON-UK ESTABLISHMENTS

---

6.1 This Chapter:

...

(2) does not apply to:

(a) ~~an *incoming ECA provider* when the *firm* is acting as such; [deleted.]~~

(b) ~~an *incoming EEA firm* which has *permission only for cross border services* and which does not carry on *regulated activities* in the *UK*; [deleted.]~~

(c) ~~an *incoming a third country firm* not falling under (a) or (b), to the extent that the *firm* is subject to equivalent rules imposed by its *home Member State*;~~

...

## 7 INSURANCE AGAINST FINANCIAL PENALTIES

---

7.1 This Chapter applies to every *firm*, ~~but only with respect to business that can be regulated under section 137G of FSMA.~~

...

## Annex Z

### Amendments to the Group Financial Support Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATION AND DEFINITIONS

---

...

1.3 In this Part, the following definitions shall apply:

*competent authority*

means ~~a public authority or body officially recognised by national law which is empowered by national law to supervise institutions as part of the supervisory system in operation in the EEA State concerned or the European Central Bank with regard to the specific tasks conferred on it by Article 4 of Council Regulation (EU) No. 1024/2013 conferring specific tasks on the European Central Bank concerning policies relating to the prudential supervision of credit institutions.~~

(a) the PRA, in respect of PRA-*authorised persons*;

(b) the FCA, in respect of any other *person*;

*conditions for early intervention*

means circumstances in which an *institution* infringes or is likely in the near future to infringe the requirements of the *CRR*, ~~the~~ or the requirements of provisions implementing *CRD*, *MiFID II* or any of Articles 3 - 7, 14 - 17 and 24, - 26 of *MiFIR*.

~~*EEA consolidating supervisor*~~

~~means a *competent authority* responsible under the *CRD* for the exercise of supervision on a consolidated basis of:~~

~~(1) an *EEA parent institution*; or~~

~~(2) *institutions controlled by an EEA parent financial holding company or an EEA parent mixed financial holding company.*~~

~~*EEA parent financial holding company*~~

~~means a *parent financial holding company in an EEA State* which is not a *subsidiary* of an *institution* authorised in any *EEA State* or of another *financial holding company or mixed financial holding company* set up in any *EEA State*.~~

~~*EEA parent institution*~~

~~means a *parent institution in an EEA State* which is not a *subsidiary* of another *institution* authorised in an *EEA State* or of a *financial holding company or mixed financial holding company* set up in any *EEA State*.~~

~~*EEA parent mixed financial holding company*~~

~~means a *parent mixed financial holding company in an EEA State* which is not a *subsidiary* of an *institution* authorised in any *EEA State* or of another *financial holding company or mixed financial holding company* set up in any *EEA State*.~~

~~*EEAUK parent undertaking*~~



means ~~an EEA a UK parent institution, an EEA a UK parent financial holding company or an EEA a UK parent mixed financial holding company.~~

...

*group financial support agreement*

means an agreement between:

- (1) a UK parent institution, ~~in an EEA State, an EEA parent institution~~ or a qualifying parent undertaking, a financial holding company, a mixed financial holding company or a mixed-activity holding company established in an EEA State established in the UK; and
- (2) a subsidiary of an entity referred to in (1) set up ~~in a different EEA State to that of the entity referred in (1) or~~ in a *third country* and that is an *institution* or a *financial institution* covered by the consolidated supervision of the entity referred to in (1),

to provide financial support to a party that is an *institution* at a time when that *institution* meets the *conditions for early intervention*.

...

*management body*

means a *BRRD undertaking's* body or bodies, which are appointed in accordance with ~~national UK~~ law, which are empowered to set the *BRRD undertaking's* strategy, objectives and overall direction, and which oversee and monitor management decision-making, and include the *persons* who effectively direct the business of the *BRRD undertaking*.

...

*parent institution in an EEA State*

means an *institution* authorised in an *EEA State* which has an *institution* or *financial institution* as *subsidiary* or which holds a *participation* in such an *institution* or *financial institution*, and which is not itself a *subsidiary* of another *institution* authorised in the same *EEA State* or of a *financial holding company* or *mixed financial holding company* set up in the same *EEA State*.

*parent financial holding company in an EEA State*

means a *financial holding company* which is not itself a *subsidiary* of an *institution* authorised in the same *EEA State*, or of a *financial holding company* or *mixed financial holding company* set up in the same *EEA State*.

*parent mixed financial holding company in an EEA State*

means a *mixed financial holding company* which is not itself a *subsidiary* of an *institution* authorised in the same *EEA State*, or of a *financial holding company* or *mixed financial holding company* set up in the same *EEA State*.

...

## 2 GROUP FINANCIAL SUPPORT AGREEMENT

---

...

2.2 A *BRRD undertaking* must not enter into a proposed *group financial support agreement* if:

- (1) the ~~EEA~~ consolidating supervisor has not granted permission to do so; or
- (2) at the time the proposed agreement is made, a the competent authority has decided that a party to the agreement that is an *institution* meets the *conditions for early intervention*.

## 3 SUBMISSION OF GROUP FINANCIAL SUPPORT AGREEMENT

---

3.1 This Chapter applies to a *BRRD undertaking* which is ~~an EEA a UK parent undertaking~~, unless the *FCA* is the ~~EEA~~ consolidating supervisor of its *group*.

3.2 If a *BRRD undertaking* or any member of its *group* intends to enter into a *group financial support agreement*, or amend a *group financial support agreement* previously authorised by ~~an EEA~~ the consolidating supervisor, the *BRRD undertaking* must submit to the ~~EEA~~ consolidating supervisor an application for authorisation of the proposed agreement or amendment.

...

## 4 CONDITIONS FOR GROUP FINANCIAL SUPPORT

---

4.1 A *BRRD undertaking* must not provide financial support in accordance with a *group financial support agreement* unless the following conditions are met:

...

- (7) where a *firm* provides the financial support, it complies at the time the financial support is provided, with the requirements of the provisions implementing CRD relating to capital or liquidity and any requirements of provisions implementing imposed pursuant to Article 104(2) of the CRD and the provision of the financial support does not cause the *firm* to infringe those requirements;

...

## 6 NOTIFICATION OF PROPOSED GROUP FINANCIAL SUPPORT

---

6.1 A *BRRD undertaking* that intends to provide financial support in accordance with a *group financial support agreement* must ensure that its *management body* notifies:

...

- (2) the FCA where it is the consolidating supervisor where different from the authorities in (1) and (3), where applicable, the EEA consolidating supervisor,
- (3) where different from the authorities in (1) and (2), the competent authority of the group member receiving the financial support; and [deleted.]
- (4) the EBA, [deleted.]

before it provides that financial support.

...

## 7 PROVISION AND NOTIFICATION OF GROUP FINANCIAL SUPPORT

---

...

7.3 Where the *management body* of a *BRRD undertaking* decides to provide the financial support, that *BRRD undertaking* must notify:

...

- (2) ~~the FCA where it is the consolidating supervisor where different from the authorities in (1) and (3), where applicable, the EEA consolidating supervisor;~~
- (3) ~~where different from (1) and (2), the competent authority of the group member receiving the financial support; and [deleted.]~~
- (4) ~~the EBA. [deleted.]~~

## Annex AA

### Amendments to the Group Risk Systems Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATION AND DEFINITIONS

---

...

1.3 In this Part, the following definitions shall apply:

*group*

means, in relation to a *person* ("A), A and any *person*:

---

(2) who has ~~an Article 12(1) relationship~~ a common management relationship with A;

(3) who has ~~an Article 12(1) relationship~~ a common management relationship with any *person* in (1);

---

#### 2 GROUP SYSTEMS AND CONTROLS

---

...

2.3 A *firm* must comply with 2.1(2) in relation to any *UK consolidation group* or non-EEAUK sub-group of which it is a member, as well as in relation to its *group*.

...

## Annex AB

### Amendments to the Group Supervision Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

---

1.1 Unless otherwise stated, this Part applies to:

- (1) every *UK Solvency II firm*:
  - (a) that is a member of a *group* for which the *PRA* is the *group supervisor*,
  - (b) ~~that is a member of a group for which a supervisory authority (other than the PRA) is the group supervisor, subject to (c) and to the extent this Part gives effect to the Solvency II EEA implementing measures in the EEA State of its group supervisor, and [deleted.]~~
  - (c) ~~where the group supervisor of a group of which a firm is a member is a supervisory authority in an EEA State other than the UK, the requirements of the Solvency II EEA implementing measures in that EEA State apply to the firm in relation to its capacity as a member of that group; [deleted.]~~

1.2 In this Part, the following definitions shall apply:

...

*group supervisor*

means (in relation to a *group*) the *PRA* in accordance with regulation 26 of The *Solvency 2 Regulations 2015* ~~authority designated as group supervisor in relation to that group, in accordance with Article 247 of the *Solvency II Directive*.~~

...

*intermediate holding company*

means an *insurance holding company* or a *mixed financial holding company* through which a ~~*Solvency II undertaking*~~ *UK Solvency II firm* in a *group* holds a *participation* in a ~~*related Solvency II undertaking*~~ *related UK Solvency II firm*, a *third country insurance undertaking* or a *third country reinsurance undertaking*.

...

*mixed activity insurance holding company*

means a *parent undertaking*, other than a ~~*Solvency II undertaking*~~ *UK Solvency II firm*, a *third-country insurance undertaking*, a *third-country reinsurance undertaking*, an *insurance holding company* or a *mixed financial holding company*, the *subsidiary undertakings* of which include at least one ~~*Solvency II undertaking*~~ *UK Solvency II firm*.

...

~~*related Solvency II undertaking*~~ *UK Solvency II firm*

means a ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm that is a *related undertaking* of another *undertaking*.

*related undertaking*

means, in relation to an *undertaking* ("U"):

- (1) any *subsidiary undertaking* of U; or
- (2) any *undertaking* in which U or any of U's *subsidiary undertakings* holds a *participation*; or
- (3) any *undertaking* linked to U by an ~~Article 12(1) relationship~~ a common management relationship; or
- (4) any *undertaking* linked by an ~~Article 12(1) relationship~~ a common management relationship to an *undertaking* in (1), (2) or (3).

*solvency deficit*

means the amount (if any) by which the *related undertaking's eligible own funds* fall short of its solvency capital requirement under the *SCR Rules* or the ~~relevant Solvency II EEA implementing measures~~ as appropriate.

...

## 2 CASES OF APPLICATION AND SCOPE OF GROUP SUPERVISION

---

2.1 This Part applies at the level of the *group* to types of *groups* where:

- (1) ~~either:~~
  - (a) a *UK Solvency II firm* is a *participating undertaking* in at least one other ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm, *third country insurance undertaking* or *third country reinsurance undertaking*; ~~or~~
  - (b) ~~a Solvency II undertaking (other than a UK Solvency II firm) is a participating undertaking in a UK Solvency II firm; or [deleted.]~~
- (2) the *parent undertaking* of a *UK Solvency II firm* is an *insurance holding company* or a *mixed financial holding company* which has its head office in the UK ~~an EEA State~~; or
- (3) the *parent undertaking* of a *UK Solvency II firm* is an *insurance holding company* or a *mixed financial holding company* which does not have its head office in ~~an EEA State~~ the UK or is a *third country insurance undertaking* or a *third country reinsurance undertaking*; or
- (4) the *parent undertaking* of a *UK Solvency II firm* is a *mixed activity insurance holding company*

2.2 Where, in accordance with 2.1, this Part applies at the level of a *group*, that *group* consists of all *undertakings* within the relevant *group*, subject to 2.3 and 3 and provided that:

- (1) where 2.1(1) applies, the definition of a *group* must be applied to the ~~participating Solvency II undertaking~~ participating UK Solvency II firm, its *subsidiary undertakings*, the *undertakings* in which it holds a *participation* and *undertakings* to which it is linked by ~~an Article 12(1) relationship~~ a common management relationship or, where applicable, to the *undertakings* in a *mutual-type group*;
- (2) where 2.1(2) applies, the definition of a *group* must be applied to the *insurance holding company* or *mixed financial holding company*, its *subsidiary undertakings*, the *undertakings* in which it holds a *participation* and *undertakings* to which it is linked by ~~an Article 12(1) relationship~~ a common management relationship or, where applicable, to the *undertakings* in a *mutual-type group*;
- (3) where 2.1(3) applies, the definition of a *group* must be applied to the *insurance holding company* or *mixed financial holding company*, *third country insurance undertaking* or *third country reinsurance undertaking* (as applicable), its *subsidiary undertakings*, the *undertakings* in which it holds a *participation* and *undertakings* to which it is linked by ~~an Article 12(1) relationship~~ a common management relationship or, where applicable, to the *undertakings* in a *mutual-type group*; and
- (4) where 2.1(4) applies, the definition of a *group* must be applied to the *mixed activity insurance holding company*, its *subsidiary undertakings*, the *undertakings* in which it holds a *participation* and *undertakings* to which it is linked by ~~an Article 12(1) relationship~~ a common management relationship or, where applicable, to the *undertakings* in a *mutual-type group*.

2.3 Where the PRA as *group supervisor* has granted a *waiver* ~~or where a supervisory authority which is the group supervisor has decided~~, in accordance with Article 214 of ~~the Solvency II Directive~~, not to include an *undertaking* in the group supervision referred to in 2.1:

...

2.4 The provisions of the *Solvency II Firms Sector* of the PRA Rulebook concerning the supervision of *firms* ~~(or the Solvency II EEA implementing measures in relation to Solvency II undertakings which are members of a group for which the PRA is the group supervisor)~~ taken individually continue to apply to those *undertakings*, except where otherwise provided under this Part.

...

### 3 LEVELS

---

3.1 If the ~~participating Solvency II undertaking~~ participating UK Solvency II firm or the *insurance holding company* or *mixed financial holding company* referred to in 2.1(1) or 2.1(2) is itself a *subsidiary undertaking* of another ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm or of another *insurance holding company* or *mixed financial holding company* which has its head office in the UK an EEA State, then 4 to 19 apply only at the level of the ultimate ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm, *insurance holding company*, or *mixed financial holding company* in the *group* which has its head office in the UK an EEA State.

3.2 If the PRA makes a decision referred to in Article 216(1) or 217(1) of the ~~Solvency II Directive~~ (group supervision at national level) then 4 to 19 apply with any necessary changes, subject to Articles 216(6) and 217 of the ~~Solvency II Directive~~ and the following: [Deleted.]

- (1) group supervision of the ultimate *parent undertaking* at national level is restricted to those remaining rules of 4 to 19 if the *firm* is granted a *waiver* of such other sections as would otherwise apply to a *group*; and [deleted.]

- (2) ~~no firm in the group may introduce, in accordance with 15.1(5), an application for permission to subject any subsidiary undertakings in the group to 15.3 [deleted.]~~

#### 4 GROUP SUPERVISION – GROUP SOLVENCY GENERAL PROVISIONS

---

4.1 Where 2.1(1) applies, each ~~participating Solvency II undertaking~~ participating UK Solvency II firm that is a firm in the group and each relevant insurance group undertaking must ensure that eligible own funds are available in the group which are always at least equal to the group SCR as calculated in accordance with 7 to 12.

...

4.4 Relevant insurance group undertakings must:

...

(4) if the PRA has extended the period referred to in (3) by reason of the declaration:

(a) (before exit day) by EIOPA; or

(b) (on or after exit day) by the PRA pursuant to regulation 4A of the Solvency 2 Regulations 2015

of an exceptional adverse situation affecting the group, submit a progress report to the PRA every three months setting out the measures taken and the progress made to re-establish the level of own funds covering the group SCR or to reduce the risk profile to ensure compliance with the group SCR.

...

#### 5 GROUP SOLVENCY: FREQUENCY OF CALCULATIONS

---

5.2 The relevant data for, and the results of, the calculations referred to in 4.1 and 4.2 must be submitted to the group supervisor by:

(1) the ~~participating Solvency II undertakings~~ participating UK Solvency II firm referred to in 4.1, or by any one of them, in the case of the calculations referred to in 4.1; or

(2) the UK holding company or such other undertaking in the group as may be determined by the group supervisor in accordance with ~~Article 249(1) of the Solvency II Directive~~ regulation 15(1)(c) of the Solvency 2 Regulations 2015, in the case of the calculations referred to in 4.2

5.3 ...

(3) Upon request by the group supervisor, ~~in accordance with Article 249(2) of the Solvency II Directive~~, the group SCR must be recalculated without delay and reported to the group supervisor.

#### 7 GROUP SOLVENCY: BASIC PRINCIPLES

---

7.1 The calculation of the solvency at the level of the group of the ~~Solvency II undertakings~~ UK Solvency II firms referred to in 2.1(1) must be carried out:

...



- (2) in accordance with *method 1*, unless the *group supervisor* has ~~determined under Article 220(2) of the *Solvency II Directive*~~ imposed a requirement that *method 2* or a combination of *method 1* and *method 2* must be applied.

## 8 GROUP SOLVENCY: PROPORTIONAL SHARES

---

...

### 8.3 Notwithstanding 8.2:

- (1) where the *related undertaking* is a *subsidiary undertaking* and does not have sufficient *eligible own funds* to cover its *SCR*, the total *solvency deficit* of the *subsidiary undertaking* must be taken into account (or a proportional share of that *solvency deficit*, if the *group supervisor* so determines under ~~Article 221(1) of the *Solvency II Directive*~~ regulation 17(4) of the *Solvency 2 Regulations 2015*); and
- (2) the proportional share must be as determined by the *group supervisor* if such a determination is made under ~~Article 221(2) of the *Solvency II Directive*~~ regulation 17(2) of the *Solvency 2 Regulations 2015*.

## 9 GROUP SOLVENCY: ELIMINATION OF DOUBLE USE OF ELIGIBLE OWN FUNDS AND INTRA-GROUP CREATION OF CAPITAL AND VALUATION

---

9.1 *Own funds eligible for the SCR* must not be taken into account more than once among the different ~~*Solvency II undertakings*~~ *UK Solvency II firms* taken into account in the calculation of the solvency of a *group*. For that purpose, when calculating the solvency of a *group* and where *method 1* and *method 2* do not provide for it, the following amounts must be excluded:

- (1) the value of any asset of the ~~*participating Solvency II undertaking*~~ *participating UK Solvency II firm* which represents the financing of *own funds eligible for the SCR* of one of its ~~*related Solvency II undertakings*~~ *related UK Solvency II firms*;
- (2) the value of any asset of a ~~*related Solvency II undertaking*~~ *related UK Solvency II firm* of the ~~*participating Solvency II undertaking*~~ *participating UK Solvency II firm* which represents the financing of *own funds eligible for the SCR* of that ~~*participating Solvency II undertaking*~~ *participating UK Solvency II firm*; and
- (3) the value of any asset of a ~~*related Solvency II undertaking*~~ *related UK Solvency II firm* of the ~~*participating Solvency II undertaking*~~ *participating UK Solvency II firm* which represents the financing of *own funds eligible for the SCR* of any other ~~*related Solvency II undertaking*~~ *related UK Solvency II firm* of that ~~*participating Solvency II undertaking*~~ *participating UK Solvency II firm*.

9.2 Without prejudice to 9.1 or 9.3, the following must be excluded in the calculation of the solvency of a *group* unless they are, and only insofar as they are, eligible for covering the *SCR* of the *related undertaking* concerned:

- (1) surplus funds falling under ~~Article 91(2) of the *Solvency II Directive*~~ *Surplus Funds 2.2* arising in a ~~*related Solvency II undertaking*~~ *related UK Solvency II firm* of the ~~*participating Solvency II undertaking*~~ *participating UK Solvency II firm* for which the solvency of a *group* is calculated; and
- (2) any subscribed but not paid-up capital of a ~~*related Solvency II undertaking*~~ *related UK Solvency II firm* of the ~~*participating Solvency II undertaking*~~ *participating UK Solvency II firm* for which the solvency of a *group* is calculated.

- ...
- 9.3 Without prejudice to 9.1, the following must, in any event, be excluded from the calculation:
- ...
- (2) subscribed but not paid-up capital of the ~~participating Solvency II undertaking~~ participating UK Solvency II firm which represents a potential obligation on the part of a ~~related Solvency II undertaking~~ related UK Solvency II firm; and
- (3) subscribed but not paid-up capital of a ~~related Solvency II undertaking~~ related UK Solvency II firm which represents a potential obligation on the part of another ~~related Solvency II undertaking~~ related UK Solvency II firm of the same ~~participating Solvency II undertaking~~ participating UK Solvency II firm
- 9.4 Where the PRA considers that certain *own funds eligible for the SCR* of a ~~related Solvency II undertaking~~ related UK Solvency II firm (other than those referred to in 9.2 and 9.3) cannot effectively be made available to cover the SCR of the ~~participating Solvency II undertaking~~ participating UK Solvency II firm for which the solvency of a *group* is calculated, those *own funds* must not be included in the calculation of the group solvency of the *group* unless they are, and only in so far as they are, eligible for covering the SCR of the *related undertaking*.
- 9.5 The sum of the *own funds* included under 9.2 and 9.4 must not exceed the SCR of the ~~related Solvency II undertaking~~ related UK Solvency II firm
- 9.6 Any *eligible own funds* of a ~~related Solvency II undertaking~~ related UK Solvency II firm of the ~~participating Solvency II undertaking~~ participating UK Solvency II firm for which the solvency of a *group* is calculated that are subject to prior authorisation from the *supervisory authority* of the ~~related Solvency II undertaking~~ related UK Solvency II firm, in accordance with ~~Article 90 of the Solvency II Directive~~ regulation 44 of the Solvency 2 Regulations 2015, must be included in the calculation of the group solvency only in so far as they have been duly authorised by that *supervisory authority*
- 9.7 When calculating the solvency of a *group*, no account must be taken of any *own funds eligible for the SCR* arising out of reciprocal financing between the ~~participating Solvency II undertaking~~ participating UK Solvency II firm and any of the following:
- ...
- 9.8 When calculating the solvency of a *group*, no account must be taken of any *own funds eligible for the SCR* of a ~~related Solvency II undertaking~~ related UK Solvency II firm of the ~~participating Solvency II undertaking~~ participating UK Solvency II firm for which the group solvency of the *group* is calculated where the *own funds* concerned arise out of reciprocal financing with any other *related undertaking* of that ~~participating Solvency II undertaking~~ participating UK Solvency II firm. Reciprocal financing exists at least where a ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm, or any of its *related undertakings*, holds shares in, or makes loans to, another *undertaking* which, directly or indirectly, holds *eligible own funds* of the first *undertaking*.

## 10 GROUP SOLVENCY: APPLICATION OF THE CALCULATION METHODS

---

- ...
- 10.1 Where a ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm has more than one ~~related Solvency II undertaking~~ related UK Solvency II firm, the group solvency calculation of the *group* must be carried out by including each of those ~~related Solvency II undertakings~~ related UK Solvency II firms.

- 10.2 In respect of a ~~related Solvency II undertaking~~ with its head office in an EEA State other than that of the ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ for which the group solvency calculation of the group is carried out, the group solvency calculation must take account of the SCR and the own funds eligible for the SCR as laid down in the ~~Solvency II EEA implementing measures~~ of that other EEA State ~~[Deleted.]~~
- ...
- 10.3 (1) When calculating the group solvency of a ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm in a group, the situation of each *intermediate holding company* must be taken into account.
- (2) For the sole purpose of that calculation, the *intermediate holding company* must be treated as if it were a ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm subject to the SCR Rules in respect of the SCR and were subject to the same conditions as are laid down in the Own Funds Part of the PRA Rulebook in respect of own funds eligible for the SCR.
- ...
- (4) Any eligible own funds of an *intermediate holding company*, which would require prior authorisation from a supervisory authority in accordance with ~~Article 90 of the Solvency II Directive~~ regulation 44 of the Solvency 2 Regulations 2015, may be included in the calculation of the group solvency of the group only in so far as they have been duly authorised by the group supervisor.
- 10.4 ...
- (1) Subject to (2), when calculating, in accordance with *method 2*, the group solvency of a ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm in a group which is a *participating undertaking* in a *third country insurance undertaking* or *third country reinsurance undertaking*, that *third country insurance undertaking* or *third country reinsurance undertaking* must, solely for the purposes of that calculation, be treated as a ~~related Solvency II undertaking~~ related UK Solvency II firm.
- (2) If the third country in which that *third country insurance undertaking* or *third country reinsurance undertaking* has its head office makes it subject to authorisation and imposes on it a solvency regime that is assessed to be equivalent under ~~Article 227 of the Solvency II Directive~~ Article 379A of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2015/35, the calculation in (1) must take into account, as regards that *undertaking*, the requirement equivalent to the SCR and the capital items eligible to satisfy that requirement as laid down by that third country.
- 10.5 When calculating the group solvency of a ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm in a group which is a *participating undertaking* in a *credit institution*, *investment firm* or *financial institution*, the ~~participating Solvency II undertaking~~ participating UK Solvency II firm must either:
- (1) apply *method 1* or *method 2* in ~~Annex I to Directive 2002/87/EC~~ Financial Conglomerates Annex 2 with any necessary changes, provided that *method 1* in that Annex must be applied only where the group supervisor is satisfied as to the level of integrated management and internal control regarding the *undertakings* which would be included in the scope of consolidation and

provided always that the method chosen must be applied in a consistent manner over time; or

10.6 Where the information necessary for calculating the group solvency of a ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm in a group, concerning a *related undertaking* with its head office in ~~an EEA State~~ or a third country is not available to the *group supervisor* then:

- (1) the book value of that *related undertaking* in the ~~participating Solvency II undertaking~~ participating UK Solvency II firm must be deducted from the *own funds eligible for the group SCR*; and

...

## 11 CALCULATION METHODS: METHOD 1

---

11.1 (1) The calculation of the group solvency of the ~~participating Solvency II undertaking~~ participating UK Solvency II firm in a group must be carried out on the basis of the consolidated accounts.

- (2) The group solvency of the ~~participating Solvency II undertaking~~ participating UK Solvency II firm in a group is the difference between the following:

...

11.3 (1) The consolidated *group SCR* of a group must have as a minimum the sum of the following:

- (a) the *MCR* of the ~~participating Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm; and
- (b) the proportional share of the *MCR* of the ~~related Solvency II undertakings~~ UK Solvency II firms.

...

11.4 Any application for permission to calculate the consolidated *group SCR*, as well as the *SCR* of ~~Solvency II undertakings~~ UK Solvency II firms in the group, on the basis of an *internal model*, submitted by a ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firms and its *related undertakings*, or jointly by the ~~related Solvency II undertakings~~ related UK Solvency II firms of an *insurance holding company* or a *mixed financial holding company*, must be submitted to the *group supervisor*.

## 12 CALCULATION METHODS: METHOD 2

---

12.1 The group solvency of the ~~participating Solvency II undertaking~~ participating UK Solvency II firm in a group is the difference between the following:

...

- (2) the value in the ~~participating Solvency II undertaking~~ participating UK Solvency II firm of the ~~related Solvency II undertakings~~ related UK Solvency II firms and the aggregated *group SCR*, as provided for in 12.3.

12.2 The aggregated *group eligible own funds* of a group is the sum of the following:

---

- (1) the *own funds eligible for the SCR* of the ~~participating Solvency II undertaking~~ participating UK Solvency II firm; and
  - (2) the proportional share of the ~~participating Solvency II undertaking~~ participating UK Solvency II firm in the *own funds eligible for the SCR* of the ~~related Solvency II—~~ undertakings related UK Solvency II firms.
- 12.3 The aggregated *group SCR* of a *group* is the sum of the following:
- (1) the *SCR* of the ~~participating Solvency II undertakings~~ participating UK Solvency II firms; and
  - (2) the proportional share of the *SCR* of the ~~related Solvency II undertakings~~ related UK Solvency II firms.
- 12.4 Where, in a *group*, the *participation* in the ~~related Solvency II undertaking~~ related UK Solvency II firm consists, wholly or in part, of an indirect ownership, the value in the ~~participating Solvency II undertaking~~ participating UK Solvency II firm of the ~~related Solvency II undertaking—related UK Solvency II firm~~ must incorporate the value of that indirect ownership. The value of that indirect ownership must take into account the relevant successive interests, and the items referred to in 12.2(2) and 12.3(2) must include the corresponding proportional shares, respectively, of the *own funds eligible for the SCR* of the ~~related Solvency II undertaking~~ related UK Solvency II firm and of the *SCR* of the ~~related Solvency II undertakings—related UK Solvency II firms~~.
- 12.5 Any application for permission to calculate the *SCR* of ~~Solvency II undertakings~~ UK Solvency II firms in the *group*, on the basis of an *internal model*, submitted by a ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm and *its related undertakings*, or jointly by the *related undertakings* of an *insurance holding company* or a *mixed financial holding company*, must be submitted to the *group supervisor*.

#### 14 SUPERVISION OF GROUP SOLVENCY FOR SOLVENCY II FIRMS THAT ARE SUBSIDIARIES OF AN INSURANCE HOLDING COMPANY OR A MIXED FINANCIAL HOLDING COMPANY

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- 14.1
- (1) Where ~~Solvency II undertakings~~ UK Solvency II firms in a *group* are *subsidiary undertakings* of an *insurance holding company* or a *mixed financial holding company*, the calculation of the solvency of the *group* must be carried out at the level of the *insurance holding company* or *mixed financial holding company* applying 7.1(2) to 12.
  - (2) For the purpose of that calculation, the *insurance holding company* or *mixed financial holding company* must be treated as if it were a ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm subject to the *SCR Rules* as regards the *SCR* and the *Own Funds Part* of the *PRA Rulebook* as regards the *own funds eligible for the SCR*, provided that the *relevant insurance group undertakings* remain responsible for discharging any obligations arising from the application of this sub-paragraph



## 15 GROUPS WITH CENTRALISED RISK MANAGERMENTS

---

- 15.1 ~~15.3 applies to any *Solvency II undertaking* in a *group* which is a *subsidiary undertaking* of another *Solvency II undertaking* or of an *insurance holding company* or *mixed financial holding company* where all of the following conditions are satisfied: [Deleted.]~~
- ~~(1) the *subsidiary undertaking*, in relation to which the *group supervisor* has not made a decision under Article 214(2) of the *Solvency II Directive*, is included in the *group supervision* carried out by the *group supervisor* at the level of the *parent undertaking* in accordance with this Part; [deleted.]~~
  - ~~(2) the risk management processes and internal control mechanisms of the *parent undertaking* cover the *subsidiary undertaking* and the *parent undertaking* satisfies the *PRA* regarding the prudent management of the *subsidiary undertaking*; [deleted.]~~
  - ~~(3) (a) the *parent undertaking*; or [deleted.]  
(b) one or more *relevant insurance group undertakings*; [deleted.]~~

~~is permitted, under 17.2(3), to produce a single document covering all relevant *ORSA*s; [deleted.]~~
  - ~~(4) (a) the *parent undertaking*; or [deleted.]  
(b) one or more *relevant insurance group undertaking*; [deleted.]~~

~~is permitted, under 18.1(2), to produce a single *SFCR* covering all relevant *Solvency II undertakings* and *insurance holding companies* and *mixed financial holding company*; and [deleted.]~~
  - ~~(5) an application for permission to be subject to 15.3 has been submitted by the *parent undertaking* or one or more *relevant insurance group undertakings* and a favourable decision has been made on that application in accordance with the procedure in Article 237 of the *Solvency II Directive*. [deleted.]~~
- 15.2 ~~An application for permission to be subject to 15.3 must be made to the *PRA* if the *subsidiary undertaking* is a *UK Solvency II firm*. [Deleted.]~~
- 15.3 ~~Without prejudice to 11.4 and subject to 15.4, if the conditions referred to in 15.1 are satisfied, the *SCR* of the *subsidiary undertaking* in the *group* must be calculated in accordance with any decisions taken in accordance with Article 238 of the *Solvency II Directive*. [Deleted.]~~
- 15.4 (1) ~~15.3 ceases to apply where:~~
- ~~(a) the condition referred to in 15.1(1) is no longer complied with;~~
  - ~~(b) the condition referred to in 15.1(2) is no longer complied with and the *group* does not restore compliance with this condition in an appropriate period of time;~~
  - ~~(c) the conditions referred to in 15.1(3) and 15.1(4) are no longer complied with. [deleted.]~~

- (2) ~~The parent undertaking or relevant insurance group undertakings of a group to which 15.3 applies must ensure that the conditions referred to in 15.1(2) to (4) are complied with on an ongoing basis and in the event of non-compliance must:~~
- ~~(a) inform the group supervisor and the supervisory authority of the subsidiary undertaking concerned without delay; and~~
  - ~~(b) present a plan to the supervisory authorities to restore compliance within an appropriate period of time. [deleted]~~

...

## 16 RISK CONCENTRATION AND INTRA-GROUP TRANSACTIONS

---

16.1 ...

- (2) The necessary information must be submitted to the *group supervisor* by the *relevant insurance group undertaking* which is at the head of the *group* or, where the *group* is not headed by a *relevant insurance group undertaking*, by the *UK holding company* or such other ~~*Solvency II undertaking*~~ *UK Solvency II firm* in the *group* as the *group supervisor* may specify.

- 16.2 (1) Where 2.1(1) or 2.1(2) applies, the *relevant insurance group undertakings* or any *UK holding company* must report on a regular basis, and at least annually, to the *group supervisor* all significant intra-group transactions by ~~*Solvency II undertakings*~~ *UK Solvency II firms* within a *group*, including those performed with a natural person with *close links* to an *undertaking* in the *group*.

...

- (3) The necessary information must be submitted to the *group supervisor* by the *relevant insurance group undertaking* which is at the head of the *group* or, where the *group* is not headed by a ~~*Solvency II undertaking*~~ *UK Solvency II firm*, by the *UK holding company* or such other ~~*Solvency II undertaking*~~ *UK Solvency II firm* in the *group* as the *group supervisor* may specify.

## 17 RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

---

...

- 17.2 (1) Where 2.1(1) or 2.1(2) applies, a ~~*participating Solvency II undertaking*~~ *UK Solvency II firm* ~~that is a firm~~, or if there is none, the *UK holding company* or the *relevant insurance group undertakings*, must undertake at the level of the *group* the assessment required by Conditions Governing Business 3.8 to 3.11.

- (2) Where the calculation of the solvency at the level of the *group* is carried out in accordance with *method 1*, the ~~*participating Solvency II undertaking*~~ *participating UK Solvency II firm*, the *UK holding company* or the *relevant insurance group undertakings* (as appropriate) must provide to the *group supervisor* a proper understanding of the difference between the sum of the *SCR* of all the ~~*related Solvency II undertakings*~~ *related UK Solvency II firms* in the *group* and the consolidated *SCR* of the *group*.

- (3) Where the ~~*participating Solvency II undertaking*~~ *participating UK Solvency II firm*, the *UK holding company* or the *relevant insurance group undertakings* (as appropriate) so decide, and subject to the agreement of the *group supervisor*, they may undertake any assessments required by Conditions Governing Business 3.8 to 3.11 at the level

of the *group* and at the level of any *subsidiary undertaking* in the *group* at the same time, and may produce a single document covering all the assessments.

...

## 18 GROUP SFCR

---

- 18.1 (1) When 2.1(1) or 2.1(2) applies, ~~participating Solvency II undertakings~~ participating UK Solvency II firms ~~that are firms~~ or, if there are none, the *relevant insurance group undertakings* must disclose publicly, on an annual basis, a report on the solvency and financial condition at the level of the *group*. Reporting 3 to 6 apply with any necessary changes.
- (2) Where a ~~participating Solvency II undertaking~~ participating UK Solvency II firm ~~that is a firm~~ or the *relevant insurance group undertakings* (as appropriate) so decide, and subject to the agreement of the *group supervisor*, they may provide a single *SFCR* which must comprise the following:

...

## 19 GROUP STRUCTURE

---

- 19.1 When 2.1(1) or 2.1(2) applies, ~~participating Solvency II undertakings~~ participating UK Solvency II firms ~~that are firms~~ or, if there are none, the *relevant insurance group undertakings* must disclose publicly, at the level of the *group*, on an annual basis, the legal structure and the governance and organisational structure, including a description of all *subsidiaries*, material *related undertakings*, and significant branches belonging to the *group*.

## 20 THIRD COUNTRIES

---

- 20.1 When 2.1(3) applies, 4 to 14, 16 to 19 and External Audit 2 to 4 apply with any necessary changes at the level of the *insurance holding company* or *mixed financial holding company* which does not have its head office in ~~the UK an EEA State~~, *third country insurance undertaking* or *third country reinsurance undertaking* unless:
- (1) subject to 20.2, the *third country* in which that *undertaking* has its head office is assessed to be equivalent under provisions implementing Article 260 of the Solvency II Directive; or
- (2) in the absence of equivalent group supervision referred to in Article 260 of the *Solvency II Directive*, the *PRA* has specified other methods in accordance with provisions implementing Article 262 of the Solvency II Directive.
- ...
- 20.2 20.1(1) does not apply where, in the case of temporary equivalence under Article 260(5) of the *Solvency II Directive*, there is a ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm in the *group* that has a balance sheet total that exceeds the balance sheet total of the *parent undertaking* situated outside of the ~~EEA~~ UK.
- 20.3 When calculating the solvency of a *group* falling within 2.1(3) for the purpose of 20.1, a *relevant insurance group undertaking* must treat the *parent undertaking* (being an *insurance holding company* which does not have its head office in ~~the UK an EEA State~~ or a *third country insurance undertaking* or a *third country reinsurance undertaking*), solely for the purposes of that calculation, as a *UK Solvency II firm* to which 2.1(1)(a) applies.



- 20.4 Where the *parent undertaking* referred to in 2.1(3) is itself a *subsidiary undertaking* of an *insurance holding company* or *mixed financial holding company* which does not have its head office in ~~an EEA State~~ the UK or a *third country insurance undertaking* or a *third country reinsurance undertaking*, 20.1 applies at the level of either:
- (1) the ultimate *parent undertaking* which is an *insurance holding company* or *mixed financial holding company* which does not have its head office in ~~an EEA State~~ the UK or a *third country insurance undertaking* or a *third country reinsurance undertaking*; or
  - (2) such other *parent undertaking* as the *PRA* may determine in accordance with ~~Article 263 of the Solvency II Directive~~ Regulation 36A of the Solvency 2 Regulations 2015.

...

## Annex AC

### Amendments to the Groups Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATION AND DEFINITIONS

---

...

1.2 In this Part, the following definitions shall apply:

*third country banking and investment group*

means a *group* that meets the following conditions:

(1) it is headed by a *third country undertaking* that would be:

(a) an *institution*;

(b) a *financial holding company*, or

(c) a *mixed financial holding company*,

if its head office was in the ~~EEA-UK~~; and

(2) it is not part of a wider *consolidation group*.

...

#### 2 METHODS OF PRUDENTIAL CONSOLIDATION

---

2.1 (1) In carrying out the calculations in (Part One, Title II, Chapter 2 of the *CRR*) for the purposes of prudential consolidation, a *firm* must include the relevant proportion of an undertaking with whom it has ~~an~~:

(a) ~~Article 12(1) relationship~~ a common management relationship; or

(b) an Article 18(6) relationship.

...

...

#### 3 THIRD COUNTRY BANKING AND INVESTMENT GROUPS

---

...

3.4 The scope of the *CRR* requirements and rules referenced in 3.2 and 3.3 is adjusted:

...

- (3) so that the scope covers every member of the *third country banking and investment group* that would have been included in the scope of those rules if those members had their head offices, and were incorporated in an ~~EEA State~~ the UK.

## Annex AD

### Amendments to the Housing Part

In this Annex deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATION AND DEFINITIONS

---

1.1 If either Condition A or Condition B is met, this Part applies to a *firm* with a *Part 4A permission* that includes entering into a *regulated mortgage* contract as lender, except:

- (1) ~~an *EEA Firm* with respect to an activity carried on in the *UK* under an *EEA right*, or~~  
[deleted.]

...

1.4 1.3 does not apply in relation to a *subsidiary undertaking* that:

- (1) ~~is an *EEA firm* with respect to an activity carried on in the *UK* under an *EEA right*,~~  
[deleted.]

...

## Annex AE

### Amendments to the Incoming Firms and Third Country Firms Part

In this Annex deleted text is struck through.

## Part

# ~~Incoming Firms and Third Country Firms~~

---

## 1 APPLICATION AND DEFINITIONS

---

1.1 Unless otherwise stated, this Part applies only to:

- (1) ~~an *incoming firm*; or [deleted.]~~
- (2) a *third country firm*

that is:

- (3) a *bank*; or
- (4) a *designated investment firm*.

...

## Annex AF

### Amendments to the Insurance – Allocation of Responsibilities Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

---

1.1 Unless otherwise stated, this Part applies to:

...

(4) a *third country branch undertaking* (other than a *Swiss general insurer*); ~~and~~

(4A) a *third country insurance services provider*, and

...

1.2 In this Part, the following definitions shall apply:

...

*prescribed responsibility*

means

(1) for a *firm* (other than a *third country branch undertaking*, a *third country insurance services provider* or a *small run-off firm*) means the responsibilities in 3.1 and 3.3;

(2) for a *third country branch undertaking* (other than ~~a *UK deposit insurer* or a *Swiss general insurer*~~) means the responsibilities set out in 3.1 and 3.3 to the extent only that they are relevant to the operations effected by its *third country branch*, save in relation to 3.1(4) which shall also take account of the operations of the *third country branch undertaking* to the same extent as is necessary to ensure compliance by the *third country branch undertaking* with Third Country Branches 13;

(3) ~~for a *UK deposit insurer*, means the responsibilities set out in 3.1 and 3.3 to the extent only that they are relevant to the operations effected by its *third country branch* and all its *third country undertaking EEA branches*, save in relation to 3.1(4) which shall also take account of the operations of the *third country branch undertaking* to the same extent as is necessary to ensure compliance by the *third country branch undertaking* with Third Country Branches 13; [deleted.]~~

*third country insurance provider prescribed responsibility*

means the responsibilities set out in 3B.2

...

#### 2 ALLOCATION OF RESPONSIBILITIES

---

False
-------

2.1 A *firm* (other than a *third country branch undertaking*, *third country insurance services provider*, a *small run-off firm* or a *UK ISPV*) must allocate each of the *prescribed*

*responsibilities* set out in 3.1 (other than 3.1(10) and (11)) to one or more *persons* who, in relation to that *firm*, are approved under section 59 of *FSMA* by:

...

2.2 A *firm* (other than a *third country branch undertaking*, *third country insurance services provider*, a *small run-off firm* or a *UK ISPV*) must allocate each of the *prescribed responsibilities* set out in 3.1(10) and (11) and the *prescribed responsibility* set out in 3.3, if applicable, to one or more *non-executive directors* who perform:

...

2.3A A *third country insurance services provider* who has been given a notice under section 59ZZA must allocate each of the prescribed responsibilities set out in chapter 3B to one or more persons who are treated under that section as approved under section 59.

### **3B PRESCRIBED RESPONSIBILITIES: UK SERVICES PROVIDERS**

---

3B.1 This Chapter applies only to a *third country insurance services provider*.

3B.2 Each of these responsibilities is a *third country insurance provider prescribed responsibility*:

- (1) responsibility for management of the application of the *firm's* risk management processes to its *UK activities*;
- (2) responsibility for the *firm's* compliance with the *UK regulatory system* applicable to the *firm*;
- (3) responsibility for the escalation of correspondence from the *PRA*, *FCA* and other regulators in respect of the *firm* to each of the *governing body* or the *management body* of the *firm* and, as appropriate, the *firm's parent undertaking* and the *ultimate parent undertaking of the firm's group*; and
- (4) responsibility for management of the application of the *firm's* systems and controls to its *UK activities*.

## **4 IDENTIFICATION OF KEY FUNCTIONS**

---

4.1 A *firm* must identify:

- (1) each of the *functions* that the *firm* considers to be a *key function*; and
- (2) any such *key function* that amounts to effectively running the *firm* (or, for a *third country branch undertaking* other than a *Swiss general insurer*, effectively running the operations effected by the *third country branch*, or, for a *UK deposit insurer*, the operations effected by the *third country branch* and all the *third country undertaking EEA branches*) or for a *third country insurance services provider*, effectively running the activities carried out in the *UK*.

...

## **5 RECORDS**

---

- 5.1 A *firm* must have and maintain a *management responsibilities map*, which is a clear and coherent document or series of documents with the following details:
- (1) a list of the *key functions* identified by the *firm* in accordance with 4.1 highlighting those that amount to effectively running the *firm* (or, for a *third country branch undertaking* other than a *Swiss general insurer*, effectively running the operations effected by the *third country branch* ~~or, for a *UK deposit insurer*, the operations effected by the *third country branch* and all the *third country undertaking EEA branches*~~); or for a *third country insurance services provider*, effectively running the activities carried out by the *third country insurance services provider*, in the *UK*;
  - (2) the names of the *persons* who effectively run the *firm* (or, for a *third country branch undertaking* other than a *Swiss general insurer*, effectively run the operations effected by the *third country branch* ~~or, for a *UK deposit insurer*, the operations effected by the *third country branch* and all the *third country undertaking EEA branches*~~) or who are responsible for other *key functions* listed pursuant to 5.1(1); or for a *third country insurance services provider*, effectively running the activities carried out by the *third country insurance services provider*, in the *UK*;
  - ...
  - (6) where a *firm* (other than a *third country branch undertaking* or *third country insurance services provider*) is a member of a *group*:
  - ...
  - (7) matters reserved to the *governing body* (including the terms of reference of its committees) and including, in the case of a *third country branch undertaking*, the equivalent body (or its committees) responsible for the management of the *third country branch undertaking's* business activities in the *UK* and in the case of a *third country insurance services provider*, the equivalent body (or its committees) responsible for the management of the *firm's* activities in the *UK*.



## Annex AG

### Amendments to the Insurance – Certification Part

In this Annex new text is underlined.

#### 1 APPLICATION AND DEFINITIONS

True

1.1 Unless otherwise stated, this Part applies to:

...

(4A) a *third country insurance services provider* in relation to the activities carried out in the UK that are subject to the regulatory system;

...

...

1.3A For the purposes of this Part, *large firm* includes a *third country insurance services provider* which would be a *large firm* if the amounts specified in (a) and (b) of the Glossary definition are only those amounts relating to the activities carried out in the UK by the *third country insurance services provider*.

1.4 This Part does not apply to a function performed by:

(1) a *PRA approved person*;

(1A) a person in relation to whom a notice under section 59ZZA has been given to an authorised person

(2) a *person* who performs an *FCA controlled function*; or

(3) a *non-executive director* in relation to their *non-executive director* function.

## Annex AH

### Amendments to the Insurance – Conduct Standards Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATION AND DEFINITIONS

---

True
------

1.1 Unless otherwise stated, this Part applies to:

- (1) a *UK Solvency II firm*;
- (2) in accordance with Insurance General Application 3, the *Society* as modified by 4;
- (3) in accordance with Insurance General Application 3, *managing agents*, as modified by 4;
- (4) a *third country branch undertaking* (other than a *Swiss general insurer*;
- (5) a *UK ISPV*; ~~and~~
- (5A) a *third country insurance services provider*, and
- (6) in relation to any of the foregoing *firms*, any *person* who is:
  - (a) a *Conduct Rules non-executive director*;
  - (b) an *employee* of a *firm* who is a *key function holder*;
  - (c) a *certification employee* (other than a *key function holder*);
  - (d) approved under section 59 of *FSMA* by either:
    - (i) the *PRA*; or
    - (ii) the *FCA*, in relation to a *relevant senior management function*;
  - (e) an *employee* who should have been approved under section 59 of *FSMA* by either:
    - (i) the *PRA*; or
    - (ii) the *FCA*, in relation to a *relevant senior management function*; ~~or~~
  - (f) an *employee* who is performing a function that would have been a *controlled function* but for Insurance - Senior Management Functions 2.4; or.
  - (g) a person in relation to whom a notice under section 59ZZA has been or could be given by the PRA to an authorised person.

## 2 SCOPE OF CONDUCT STANDARDS

---

True
------

2.1 If you are a natural person who is:

- (1) an employee of a firm who is a key function holder; ~~or~~
- (2) approved under section 59 of *FSMA* by either:
  - (a) the *PRA*; or
  - (b) the *FCA*, in relation to a *relevant senior management function*, or
- (3) a person in relation to whom a notice under section 59ZZA has been given by the PRA to an authorised person

you must comply at all times with all of the conduct standards.

2.1B If you are an employee of a type specified in 1.1(6)(c), (e), ~~or~~ (f) or (g) you must comply at all times with the conduct standards specified in 3.1 to 3.3.

## Annex AI

### Amendments to the Insurance – Fitness and Propriety Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATION AND DEFINITIONS

---

True

1.1 Unless otherwise stated, this Part applies to:

...

(4) a *third country branch undertaking* (other than a *Swiss general insurer*); ~~and~~

(5) a *UK ISPV*; and

(6) a *third country insurance services provider*.

...

#### 4 DISCLOSURE AND REPLACEMENTS

---

##### 4.1

(1) A *firm* (other than a *UK ISPV* or *third country insurance services provider*) shall notify the *PRA* of any changes to the identity of *key function holders* and shall provide the *PRA* with:

...

## Annex AJ

### Amendments to the Insurance –Senior Management Functions Part

In this Annex new text is underlined.

#### 1 APPLICATION AND DEFINITIONS

---

True

1.1 Unless otherwise stated, this Part applies to:

...

(4) a *third country branch undertaking* (other than a *Swiss general insurer*); ~~and~~

(5) a *UK ISPV*, in accordance with 12; and

(6) a *third country insurance services provider*.

...

#### 2 GENERAL

---

2.3 A firm (other than a third country branch undertaking, a firm that does not have an establishment in the UK or a small run-off firm) must

...

#### 6 HEAD OF THIRD COUNTRY BRANCH

---

6.1 This Chapter applies only to a *firm* that is a *third country branch undertaking* or a *third country insurance services provider* (other than a *Swiss general insurer*).

6.2 The *Head of Third Country Branch function* (SMF19) is the function of having responsibility for

(1) the conduct of all activities of the *third country branch undertaking* that are subject to the *regulatory system*; or

(2) the conduct of all activities of the *third country insurance services provider* that are subject to the *regulatory system*.

6.3 (1) A *third country branch undertaking* or a *third country insurance services provider* must have at least one *person* approved to perform the *Head of Third Country Branch function*.

(2) If a vacancy arises in respect of the *Head of Third Country Branch function*, a *third country branch undertaking* or a *third country insurance services provider* must ensure that it appoints a *person* to fill that vacancy as soon as possible.

6.4 A *third country branch undertaking* or a *third country insurance services provider* that transacts *with-profits insurance business* must have at least one *person* approved to perform the *With-Profits Actuary function* (SMF20a).

False

6.5 A *third country branch undertaking* or a *third country insurance services provider* is not required to have any *person(s)* approved to perform any of the other *PRA senior management functions*.

...

### 13. COMBINATION OF PRA SENIOR MANAGEMENT FUNCTIONS

---

- 13.1 This Chapter does not apply to a *third country branch undertaking* or to a *firm* that does not have an establishment in the *UK*.

## Annex AK

### Amendments to the Insurance – Senior Managers Regime – Applications and Notifications Part

In this Annex new text is underlined.

#### 1 APPLICATION AND DEFINITIONS

---

1.1 Unless otherwise stated, this Part applies to:

...

(4) a *third country branch undertaking* (other than a *Swiss general insurer*); ~~and~~

(5) a *UK ISPV*; and

(6) a *third country insurance services provider*.

1.2 In this Part, the following definitions shall apply:

...

*current approved person approval*

means

(1) an approval granted to a *person* under section 59 of *FSMA* (Approval for particular arrangements):

(a) by the *PRA* for the performance of a *PRA senior management function*; or

(b) by the *FCA* for the performance of an *FCA designated senior management function* or a *significant influence function*;

but excludes a notice given under section 59ZZA of *FSMA* treating a person as approved;

...

1.3 In this Part, *PRA approved person* also includes a *person* in relation to whom a *notice under section 59ZZA* has been given to an *authorised person*.

...

#### **2A TPR SMF APPLICATION**

---

2A (1) In the case of a *TPR SMF application*, the following directions shall have effect in substitution for any directions relating to the provision of information, documents, statement of responsibilities and form of application which would otherwise apply on the making of an application under section 60 of *FSMA*.

(2) The *PRA* directs that the application must contain the information and be accompanied by such documents as are set out in the form approved by the *PRA* for the purposes of this direction; except that where the application is in respect of a

person who holds a current approved persons approval, Form E may be used in accordance with 2.3 instead.

- (3) The PRA directs that the application must be accompanied by a statement of responsibilities in accordance with Insurance - Allocation of Responsibilities 5.4, containing such information as is set out in the form approved by the PRA for the purposes of this direction; except that where a Form E is used pursuant to (2) above, the application must provide a statement of responsibilities specified in 2.7.
- (4) A function performed by a person in relation to whom a notice under section 59ZZA of FSMA could be given, shall not (otherwise than for the purposes of making an application under section 60 of FSMA), be treated as a controlled function until the earliest of -
- (a) 12 weeks beginning on the day on which exit day occurs
  - (b) the giving of the notice under section 59ZZA, or
  - (c) the notification by the PRA of its decision to grant or refuse the application.
- (5) In this Chapter statement of responsibilities form means for a firm making a TPR SMF application the form to be completed by a firm containing:
- (a) the information referred to in Insurance – Allocation of Responsibilities 5.1(3);
  - (b) in respect of 2A.3, the information required by section 60(2A) of FSMA; and
  - (c) in respect of Insurance – Allocation of Responsibilities 5.5, the information required by section 60(2A) of FSMA.

...

## **6 PROCEDURE FOR MAKING APPLICATIONS AND NOTIFICATIONS**

---

- 6.1 The PRA directs that save as required by 6.1A or 6.2, a firm must make any applications, notifications or submissions required by this Part by submitting the form specified using the ONA system.
- 6.1A The PRA directs that a firm making an TPR SMF application must make that application by submitting the information, documents, statement of responsibilities and forms required by 2A in the manner set out in Notifications 7.

...



## Annex AL

### Amendments to the Insurance Company – Exposure Limits Part

In this Annex new text is underlined.

...

#### **9 EXPOSURES EXCLUDED FROM LIMITS**

---

...

- 9.4 (1) If a *firm* has a *counterparty exposure*, *asset exposure* or *reinsurance exposure* the whole or any part of which is:
- (a) guaranteed by a *credit institution* or an *investment firm* subject in either case to provisions implementing the CRD or supervision by a *third country* supervisory authority with a *CRD-equivalent* regime; or
  - (b) adequately mitigated by a credit *derivative*;

...

...

## Annex AM

### Amendments to the Insurance Company – Technical Provisions Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

...

#### 5 LOCALISATION

---

- 5.1 This Chapter does not apply:
- (1) to a *Swiss general insurer*;
  - (2) in respect of debts owed by *reinsurers*;
  - (3) in respect of *insurance business* carried on by a *UK firm* outside ~~an EEA State~~ the UK;  
or
  - (4) in respect of *general insurance business class* groups 3 (Marine and transport) and 4 (Aviation) of Insurance Company – Reporting 12.7.
- 5.2 In accordance with 5.3, a *firm* must hold *admissible assets* held pursuant to Insurance Company – Risk Management 3.2:
- (1) (where the *admissible assets* cover *technical provisions* in UK sterling), in the UK ~~any EEA State~~; and
  - (2) (where the *admissible assets* cover *technical provisions* in any currency other than UK sterling), ~~in any EEA State or~~ in the UK or in the country of that currency.

...

## Annex AN

### Amendments to the Insurance – General Application Part

In this Annex deleted text is struck through.

...

#### 2 UK SOLVENCY II FIRM

---

...

2.4 A *firm* excluded under 2.3 shall cease to be excluded under that rule:

...

(2) immediately and for as long as:

(a) ~~it exercises EEA rights under the Solvency II Directive;~~ [deleted.]

....

2.5 Subject to 2.6, a *firm* of the kind mentioned in 2.2(6) is not excluded under 2.3 if;

...

(2) ~~it exercises EEA rights under the Solvency II Directive.~~ [deleted.]

2.6 A *firm* of the kind mentioned in 2.2(4), 2.2(5) or 2.2(6) is excluded provided

(1) ~~it is not exercising EEA rights under the Solvency II Directive; and~~ [deleted.]

...

## Annex AO

### Amendments to the Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

---

...

1.2 In this Part, the following definitions shall apply:

*group*

means in relation to a *person* ("A"), A and any *person*:

...

(c) who has an ~~Article 12(1) relationship~~ a common management relationship with A;

(d) who has an ~~Article 12(1) relationship~~ a common management relationship with any *person* who falls into (a);

...

~~*parent financial holding company in a Member State*~~

~~means (in accordance with point (26) of Article 3(1) of the CRD) a financial holding company which is not itself a subsidiary of an institution authorised in the same EEA State, or of a financial holding company or mixed financial holding company set up in the same EEA State [deleted.]~~

~~*parent institution in a Member State*~~

~~means (in accordance with point (24) of Article 3(1) of the CRD) an institution authorised in an EEA State which has an institution or financial institution as subsidiary or which holds a participation in such an institution or financial institution, and which is not itself a subsidiary of another institution authorised in the same EEA State or of a financial holding company or mixed financial holding company set up in the same EEA State. [deleted.]~~

~~*parent mixed financial holding company in a Member State*~~

~~means (in accordance with point (28) of Article 3(1) of the CRD) a mixed financial holding company which is not itself a subsidiary of an institution authorised in the same EEA State, or of a financial holding company or mixed financial holding company set up in the same EEA State. [deleted.]~~

...

...

## 14 APPLICATION OF THIS PART ON AN INDIVIDUAL BASIS, A CONSOLIDATED BASIS AND A SUB-CONSOLIDATED BASIS

---

...

14.3 A firm which is a *parent institution* ~~in a Member State~~ must comply with the *ICAAP rules* on a *consolidated basis*.

14.4 A firm controlled by a *UK parent financial holding company* ~~in a Member State~~ or a *UK parent mixed financial holding company* ~~in a Member State~~ must comply with the *ICAAP rules* on the basis of the *consolidated situation* of that holding company, if the *PRA* is responsible for supervision of the *firm* on a *consolidated basis* under ~~Article 111 of the CRD~~ Part 6 of the *Capital Requirements Regulations*.

...

...

## Annex AP

### Amendments to the Internal Governance of Third Country Branches Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

---

...

1.3 In this Part, the following definitions shall apply:

*auction regulation bidding*

means the *regulated activity of bidding in emissions auctions* where it is carried on by:

- (a) ~~a firm that is exempt from MiFID under article 2(1)(i); or~~ collective investment undertakings and pension funds and the depositaries and managers of such undertakings; or

...

## Annex AQ

### Amendments to the Internal Liquidity Adequacy Assessment Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

...

#### **8 MANAGING LIQUIDITY ACROSS LEGAL ENTITIES, BUSINESS LINES, COUNTRIES AND CURRENCIES**

---

8.1 A *firm* must actively manage its *liquidity risk exposures* and related funding needs and take into account

- (1) existing legal, regulatory and operational limitations to potential transfers of liquidity and unencumbered assets amongst entities, both within and outside the ~~EEA~~ UK; and

...

...

#### **12 LIQUIDITY CONTINGENCY PLAN**

---

...

12.3 The *liquidity contingency plan* must also set out adequate strategies and proper implementation measures in order to address possible liquidity shortfalls, ~~including in relation to branches established in another EEA State~~. Those plans must be tested at least annually, updated on the basis of the outcome of the alternative scenarios set out in 11.2, and be reported to and approved by the *firm's senior management*, so that internal policies and processes can be adjusted accordingly

12.4 A *firm* must take the necessary operational steps in advance to ensure that *liquidity contingency plans* can be implemented immediately, including holding collateral immediately available for central bank funding. This includes holding collateral where necessary in the ~~currency of another EEA State~~ or currency of a third country to which the firm has exposures, and where operationally necessary within the territory of ~~an EEA State~~ or the third country to whose currency it is exposed.

...

#### **14 APPLICATION OF THIS PART ON AN INDIVIDUAL OR DOMESTIC LIQUIDITY SUB-GROUP BASIS AND A CONSOLIDATED BASIS**

---

...

14.4 A firm which is ~~an EEA~~ a UK parent institution must comply with this Part on the basis of its consolidated situation.

...

14.6 A UK bank or building society controlled by ~~an EEA~~ a UK parent financial holding company or by ~~an EEA~~ a UK parent mixed financial holding company must comply with this Part on the basis of the consolidated situation of that holding company if the PRA is responsible for

supervision of the *UK bank or building society* on a *consolidated basis* under ~~Article 111 of the CRD~~ Part 6 of the *Capital Requirements Regulations*

- 14.7 A *UK designated investment firm* controlled by ~~an EEA a~~ *UK parent financial holding company* or by ~~an EEA a~~ *UK parent mixed financial holding company* must comply with this Part on the basis of the *consolidated situation* of that holding company if:
- (1) there is no *subsidiary* of the holding company which is a *credit institution* to which 14.6 applies; and
  - (2) the *PRA* is responsible for the supervision of the *UK designated investment firm* on a *consolidated basis* under ~~Article 111 of the CRD~~ Part 6 of the *Capital Requirements Regulations*.

...

## **16 TRANSITION PROVISION**

---

- 16.1 In 14.4 – 14.7 any reference to *EEA* is to be read as a reference to *EU* [deleted.]



## Annex AR

### Amendments to the Key Function Holder – Notifications Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATION AND DEFINITIONS

---

1.1 Unless otherwise stated, this Part applies to:

...

(4) a *third country branch undertaking* (other than a *Swiss general insurer*); ~~and~~

(5) a *UK ISPV*<sub>1</sub>

#### 2 KEY FUNCTION HOLDER NOTIFICATIONS

---

...

2.2 (1) A *firm* must provide the information required by Insurance – Fitness and Propriety 4.1 for each *key function holder* as soon as reasonably practicable after the appointment of the *key function holder*.

## Annex AS

### Amendments to the Large Exposures Part

In this Annex new text is underlined.

...

#### 2 INTRA-GROUP EXPOSURES: NON-CORE LARGE EXPOSURES GROUP AND RESOLUTION EXEMPTIONS

---

...

- 2.1 (1) A firm with an *NCLEG non-trading book permission* may (in accordance with that permission) exempt, from the application of Article 395(1) of the *CRR*, *non-trading book exposures*, including participations or other kinds of holdings, incurred by the *firm* to members of its *NCLEG* that are:

...

in so far as those undertakings are covered by the supervision on a *consolidated basis* to which the *firm* itself is subject, in accordance with the *CRR*, provisions implementing Directive 2002/87/EC or with equivalent standards in force in a third country.

...

NCLEG trading book exemption

- 2.2 (1) A firm with an *NCLEG trading book permission* may (in accordance with that permission) exempt, from the application of Article 395(1) of the *CRR*, *trading book exposures* up to its *trading book exposure allocation*, including *participations* or other kinds of holdings, incurred by the *firm* to members of its *NCLEG* that are:

...

in so far as those undertakings are covered by the supervision on a *consolidated basis* to which the *firm* itself is subject, in accordance with the *CRR*, provisions implementing Directive 2002/87/EC or with equivalent standards in force in a third country;

...

- 2.4 A firm must exclude from the limit in Article 395(1) of the *CRR* *resolution exposures* to:

...

in so far as those undertakings are covered by the supervision on a *consolidated basis* to which the *firm* itself is subject, in accordance with the *CRR*, provisions implementing Directive 2002/87/EC or with equivalent standards in force in a third country.

...

## Annex AT

### Amendments to the Leverage Ratio Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

---

- 1.1 Unless otherwise stated, this Part applies to every *firm* that is a *UK bank* or a *building society* that, on the *firm's* last *accounting reference date*, had *retail deposits* equal to or greater than £50 billion either on:
- (1) an individual basis;
  - (2) if the *firm* is a *UK parent institution in a Member State*, on the basis of its *consolidated situation*; or
  - (3) if the *firm* is controlled by a *UK parent financial holding company in a Member State* or by a *UK parent mixed financial holding company in a Member State* and the *PRA* is responsible for supervision of that holding company on a *consolidated basis* under Article 111 of the CRD Part 6 of the Capital Requirements Regulations, on the basis of the *consolidated situation* of that holding company.

...

#### 2 BASIS OF APPLICATION

---

- 2.2 A *firm* that is a *UK parent institution in a Member State* must comply with this Part on the basis of its *consolidated situation*.
- 2.3 A *firm* that is controlled by a *UK parent financial holding company in a Member State* or a *UK parent mixed financial holding company in a Member State* for which the *PRA* is responsible for supervision on a *consolidated basis* under Article 111 of the CRD Part 6 of the Capital Requirements Regulations must comply with this Part on the basis of the *consolidated situation* of that holding company.

...

## Annex AU

### Amendments to the Liquidity Coverage Requirement – UK Designated Investment Firms Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

...

#### **2 LIQUIDITY COVERAGE REQUIREMENT**

---

- 2.1 (1) For the purpose of complying with Article 412 (1) of the *CRR*, a *firm* must comply with the obligations set out in the *Delegated Regulation* as they apply to a *credit institution* supervised ~~under~~ pursuant to the *CRD*, subject to the modifications in (2).

...

#### **3 COMPLIANCE WITH LIQUIDITY REPORTING**

---

...

- 3.2 (1) A *firm* must comply with the reporting requirements laid down in Chapter 1 and Chapter 7 to Chapter 9 of the *COREP Regulation* with the exception of Article 15 as they apply to a *credit institution* supervised ~~under~~ pursuant to the *CRD*.

#### **4 APPLICATION OF THIS PART ON AN INDIVIDUAL BASIS AND A CONSOLIDATED BASIS**

---

...

- 4.2 A *firm* which is ~~an EEA a UK parent institution~~ must comply with this Part on the basis of its *consolidated situation*.
- 4.3 A *firm* controlled by ~~an EEA a UK parent financial holding company~~ or by ~~an EEA a UK parent mixed financial holding company~~ must comply with this Part on the basis of the *consolidated situation* of that holding company if:

...

- (2) the *PRA* is responsible for the supervision of the *UK designated investment firm* on a *consolidated basis* under ~~Article 114 of the CRD~~ Part 6 of the *Capital Requirements Regulations*

...

#### **5 TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS**

---

- 5.1 In 4.2 and 4.3 any reference to ~~EEA~~ is to be read as a reference to EU: ~~[deleted.]~~

## Annex AV

### Amendments to the Minimum Capital Requirement Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

---

1.2 In this Part, the following definitions shall apply:

*captive insurer*

means a ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm owned by:

- (1) a financial *undertaking* other than a ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm; or
- (2) a *group* of ~~Solvency II undertakings~~ UK Solvency II firms; or
- (3) a non-financial *undertaking*;

the purpose of which is to provide insurance cover exclusively for the risks of the *undertaking* or *undertakings* to which it belongs, or of an *undertaking*, or *undertakings*, of the *group* of which that ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm is a member.

*captive reinsurer*

means a ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm that is a *pure reinsurer* owned by:

- (1) a financial *undertaking* other than a ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm; or
- (2) a *group* of ~~Solvency II undertakings~~ UK Solvency II firms; or
- (3) a non-financial *undertaking*;

the purpose of which is to provide *reinsurance* cover exclusively for the risks of the *undertaking* or *undertakings* to which it belongs or of an *undertaking* or *undertakings* of the *group* of which that *pure reinsurer* is a member.

## Annex AW

### Amendments to the Notifications Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

---

...

1.2 In this Part, the following definitions shall apply:

...

~~EEA~~ UK financial conglomerate

means a *financial conglomerate* that is of a type that falls under Article 5(2) of the *Financial Groups Directive* has:

- (a) a regulated entity at the head of the financial conglomerate;
- (b) a mixed financial holding company which has its head office in the UK; or
- (c) a regulated entity linked with another financial sector entity by a common management relationship.

...

*extraordinary public financial support*

means ~~State aid, or any other public financial support at supra-national level, which, if provided for at national level, would constitute State aid,~~ that is provided in order to preserve or restore the viability, liquidity or solvency of a *BRRD undertaking* or of a group of which a *BRRD undertaking* forms part.

...

*regulated entity*

means one of the following:

- (1) a *credit institution*;
- (2) an *insurance undertaking* within the meaning of Article 13(1) of the *Solvency II Directive*; or
- (3) an *investment firm*,

whether or not it is incorporated in, or has its head office in, ~~an EEA State~~ the UK.

...

1.3 ~~This Part applies to incoming firms without a top-up permission as follows:~~

- (1) ~~1 applies in full~~

- (2) ~~2.1-2.3 apply in so far as responsibility for the matter in question is not reserved by an EU instrument to the firm's Home State regulator;~~
- (3) ~~2.4-2.5 apply in full;~~
- (4) ~~2.6-2.9 apply in so far as responsibility for the matter in question is not reserved by an EU instrument to the firm's Home State regulator;~~
- (5) ~~3-4 do not apply;~~
- (6) ~~5.1-5.3 apply in full except that 5.2(2) does not apply to an incoming EEA firm without a top-up permission;~~
- (7) ~~5.4 applies in so far as responsibility for the matter in question is not reserved by an EU instrument to the firm's Home State regulator;~~
- (8) ~~5.5 applies in full; and~~
- (9) ~~6, 7 and 9 apply in full.~~

...

## 2 GENERAL NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

---

...

2.3 A firm must give the PRA notice of:

- (1) any proposed restructuring, reorganisation or business expansion which could have a significant impact on the firm's risk profile or resources, including, but not limited to:
  - ...
  - (b) ~~commencing the provision of cross border services into a new territory;~~  
~~[deleted.]~~
  - ...
  - (f) a substantial change or a series of changes in the governing body of an overseas firm ~~(other than an incoming firm);~~

...

## 4 NOTIFIED PERSONS

---

4.1 (1) ~~An overseas firm, which is not an incoming firm,~~ must notify the PRA within 30 business days of any person taking up or ceasing to hold the following positions:

...

## 5 CORE INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS

---

...

5.4 A firm must notify the PRA immediately if it becomes subject to or ceases to be subject to the supervision of any overseas regulator ~~(including a Home State regulator).~~

...

## 9 FINANCIAL CONGLOMERATE NOTIFICATION

---

...

- 9.5 (1) A *firm* must, at the level of the ~~EEA~~ UK *financial conglomerate*, regularly provide the *PRA* with details on the UK *financial conglomerate's* legal structure and governance and organisational structure, including all *regulated entities*, and non-regulated subsidiaries ~~and significant branches~~.
- (2) A *firm* must disclose publicly, at the level of the ~~EEA~~ UK *financial conglomerate*, on an annual basis, either in full or by way of references to equivalent information, a description of the UK *financial conglomerate's* legal structure and governance and organisational structure.
- (3) For the purposes of (1) and (2), where a *firm* is a member of an ~~EEA~~ a UK *financial conglomerate* which is part of a wider ~~UK-regulated EEA~~ *financial conglomerate*, reporting applies only at the level of the ~~EEA~~ UK *parent mixed financial holding company* or *ultimate* ~~EEA~~ UK *mixed financial holding company*.

...



## Annex AX

### Amendments to the Outsourcing Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

---

1.1 Unless otherwise stated, this Part applies to a *CRR firm*:

...

(2) ~~with respect to the carrying on of *passport*ed activities by it from a *branch* in another *EEA state*;~~[deleted.]

(3) in a *prudential context* with respect to activities wherever they are carried on; and

(4) taking into account any activity of other members of a *group* of which the *firm* is a member.

...

#### 2 OUTSOURCING

---

2.1 A *firm* must:

...

(2) not undertake the *outsourcing* of important operational functions in such a way as to impair materially:

(a) the quality of its internal control; and

(b) the ability of the *PRA* to monitor the *firm's* compliance with all obligations under the *regulatory system* and, if different, of a *competent authority* to monitor the *firm's* compliance with all obligations ~~under~~ implemented pursuant to *MiFID II*.

2.1A A *MiFID investment firm* must extend the arrangements and meet the requirements of the *Articles 30, 31 Outsourcing Requirements*, so they apply with respect to *other matters* on the following basis:

(1) references to "authorisation" under *MiFID II* are references to authorisation under section 31(2) of the Act;

(2) references to "obligations ~~under~~ implemented pursuant to *MiFID II*" are references to a firm's obligations under the *regulatory system*;

## **Annex AY**

### **Amendments to the Passporting Part**

This Part is deleted.

**Part**

## **PASSPORTING**

---

**Deleted**

## Annex AZ

### Amendments to the Policyholder Protection Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATION AND DEFINITIONS

---

...

*money laundering*

has the meaning given in Article 1(2) of the *Money Laundering Directive 2015/849/EU*. ~~means any act which:~~

- (1) ~~constitutes an offence under section 18 (Money laundering) of the Terrorism Act 2000;~~
- (2) ~~constitutes an offence under section 327 (Concealing etc), section 328 (Arrangements) or section 329 (Acquisition, use and possession) of the Proceeds of Crime Act 2002;~~
- (3) ~~constitutes an attempt, conspiracy or incitement to commit an offence specified in paragraph (2)~~
- (4) ~~constitutes aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring the commission of an offence specified in paragraph (2); or~~
- (5) ~~would constitute an offence specified in paragraph (2), (3), or (4) if done in the United Kingdom.~~

...

*occupational pension fund management business*

...

- (2) (other than in connection with a *personal pension scheme*) *pension fund management* written as linked long-term business, for an *occupational pension scheme* or for an institution ~~falling within~~ referred to in article 2) of the Council Directive of 3 June 2003 on the activities and supervision of institutions for occupation retirement provision (No 2003/43/EC), but only to the extent that:

...

*TPR insurer*

means in relation to a *contract of insurance*, a *person* who was, at the time at which the *contract of insurance* was issued, a *participant firm* by reason of regulations made under section 8 of the *European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018*.

...

#### 9 PROTECTED CLAIMS

---

...

9.2 A *protected contract of insurance* is:

- (A1) (if issued on or after *exit day*) a *contract of insurance* within 9.2A

- (1) (if issued after 1 December 2001 and before *exit day*) a *contract of insurance* within 9.3; or
- (2) (if issued before 1 December 2001) a *contract of insurance* within 9.6.

9.2A A *contract of insurance* issued on or after *exit day* which:

- (1) relates to a protected risk or commitment as described in 9.2B;
- (2) was issued by a *relevant person* (whether or not there is now a *successor* in respect of that *relevant person*) through an establishment in:
  - (a) the *UK*; or
  - (b) (in relation to a *TPR insurer* that has no establishment in the *UK*) an *EEA State*; or
  - (c) the Channel Islands or the Isle of Man;
- (3) is a *contract of long-term insurance* or a *relevant general insurance contract*;
- (4) is not a *reinsurance contract*, and
- (5) if it is a *contract of insurance* entered into by a *member*, was entered into on or after 1 January 2004

is a *protected contract of insurance*

9.2B A risk or commitment is a protected risk or commitment for the purpose of 9.2A if:

- (1) in the case of a *contract of insurance* issued through an establishment in the *UK* or the Channel Islands or the Isle of Man, it is situated in the *UK*, the Channel Islands or the Isle of Man;
- (2) in the case of a *contract of insurance* issued by a *TPR insurer* in the circumstances set out in 9.2A(2)(b) through an establishment in an *EEA state*, it is situated in the *UK*

9.3 A *contract of insurance* issued after 1 December 2001 and before *exit day* which:

- (1) relates to a protected risk or commitment as described in 9.4
- (2) was issued by a *relevant person* (whether or not there is now a *successor* in respect of that *relevant person*) through an establishment in:  
...
  - (b) ~~another~~ an *EEA State* other than the *UK*; or
  - (c) the Channel Islands or the Isle of Man;  
...

9.4 A risk or commitment is a protected risk or commitment for the purpose of 9.3 if:

- (1) in the case of a *contract of insurance* falling within 9.3(2)(a), it is situated in the *UK*, an *EEA State*, the Channel Islands or the Isle of Man;

(2) in the case of a *contract of insurance* where the *relevant person was, at the time of issue, a UK firm* ~~is a UK firm issuing and issued that a contract of insurance~~ through an establishment falling within 9.3(2)(b), it is situated in the UK or an *EEA State*;

(3) in the case of a *contract of insurance* where the *relevant person was not, at the time of issue, a UK firm* ~~is a firm which is not a UK firm issuing a and issued that contract of insurance~~ through an establishment falling within 9.3(2)(b), it is situated in the *UK*; or

...

9.5 For the purposes of 9.2B, 9.4 and 9.6, the situation of a risk or commitment is determined as follows:

...

...

## 10 RELEVANT PERSONS IN DEFAULT

---

...

10.4 The *FSCS* may determine a *relevant person* to be *in default* if it is satisfied that a *protected claim* exists, and the *relevant person* is the subject of one or more of the following proceedings in the *UK* (or of equivalent or similar proceedings in another jurisdiction):

...

(2) a determination by the *relevant person's* ~~*Home State regulator*~~ regulator or ~~other~~ *competent authority* that the *relevant person* appears unable to meet claims against it and has no early prospect of being able to do so;

....

## 11 SUCCESSORS IN DEFAULT

---

...

11.4 The *FSCS* may determine a *successor* to be *in default* if it is satisfied that a *protected claim* exists, and the *successor* is the subject of one or more of the following proceedings in the *UK* (or of equivalent or similar proceedings in another jurisdiction):

...

(2) where relevant, a determination by the *successor's* ~~*Home State regulator*~~ regulator or ~~other~~ *competent authority* that the *successor* appears unable to meet *claims* against it and has no early prospect of being able to do so;

...

...

**12 ASSIGNMENT (AUTOMATIC, ELECTRONIC AND IN WRITING)**

---

...  
 12.9 (1) The FSCS may determine that:

...  
 that claimant shall be treated as having irrevocably and unconditionally appointed the chairman of the FSCS for the time being to be his attorney and agent and on his behalf and in his name or otherwise to do such things and execute such deeds and documents as may be required under such laws of the UK, ~~another EEA State~~ or any other state or country to create or give effect to such assignment or transfer or otherwise give full effect to those powers.

...  
 ...

**ANNEX 2: METHODOLOGY FOR CALCULATION OF A PARTICIPANT FIRM'S LEVY SHARE**

---

Insurance Class B1	General Insurance Provision
Firms with permission for:	...
Tariff base	<p>Insurance Class B1: Relevant net premium income and eligible liabilities.</p> <p>Relevant net premium income is calculated in accordance with the method applicable to the <i>firm</i> for calculating 'gross written premium for fees purposes' in Fees 1.2 and Fees 3.4 (2) (c) with the following adjustments:</p> <p>...</p> <p><del>(2) If an <i>incoming EEA firm</i> does not report relevant net premium income in the way contemplated in this table, the <i>participant firm's</i> relevant net premium income is calculated in the same way as they would be for a <i>UK firm</i>.</del></p> <p>Eligible liabilities are calculated in accordance with the method applicable to the <i>firm</i> for calculating 'best estimate liabilities for fees purposes' in Fees 1.2 and Fees 3.4 (2) (c) with the following adjustments.</p> <p>...</p> <p><del>(3) If an <i>incoming EEA firm</i> does not report liabilities in the way contemplated by this table, the <i>participant firm's</i> liabilities are calculated in the same way as they would be for a <i>UK firm</i>.</del></p> <p>...</p>

Insurance Class C1	Life and Pensions Provision
Firms with permission for:	...
Tariff base	<p>Insurance Class C1: Relevant net premium income and eligible liabilities.</p> <p>Relevant net premium income is calculated in accordance with the method applicable to the <i>firm</i> for calculating 'gross written premium for fees purposes' in Fees 1.2 and Fees 3.4 (3) (c) with the following adjustments:</p> <p>...</p> <p><del>(5) If an <i>incoming EEA firm</i> does not report relevant net premium income in the way contemplated in this table, the <i>participant firm's</i> relevant premium income is calculated in the same way as they would be for a <i>UK firm</i>.</del></p> <p>Eligible liabilities are calculated in accordance with the method applicable to the <i>firm</i> for calculating 'best estimate liabilities for fee purposes' as defined in Fees 1.2 and Fees 3.4 (3) (c) with the following adjustments.</p> <p>...</p> <p><del>(3) If an <i>incoming EEA firm</i> does not report liabilities in the way contemplated by this table, the <i>participant firm's</i> liabilities are calculated in the same way as they would be for a <i>UK firm</i>.</del></p> <p>...</p>

## Annex BA

### Amendments to the Public Disclosures Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

...

#### 3 PUBLIC DISCLOSURE OF LEVERAGE RATIO

---

3.1 This Chapter applies to every *firm* that is a *UK bank* or a *building society* that, on the *firm's* last *accounting reference date*, had *retail deposits* equal to or greater than £50 billion either on:

- (1) an individual basis;
- (2) if the *firm* is a UK parent institution ~~in a Member State~~, on the basis of its *consolidated situation*; or
- (3) if the *firm* is controlled by a UK parent financial holding company ~~in a Member State~~ or by a UK parent mixed financial holding company ~~in a Member State~~ and the PRA is responsible for supervision of that holding company on a *consolidated basis* under Article 111 of the CRD Part 6 of the Capital Requirements Regulations, on the basis of the *consolidated situation* of that holding company.

Application on an individual or consolidated basis

3.2 A *firm* that is:

- (1) not a member of a *consolidation group* in relation to which (2) or (3) applies must comply with this Chapter on an individual basis;
- (2) a UK parent institution ~~in a Member State~~ must comply with this Chapter on the basis of its *consolidated situation*;
- (3) controlled by a UK parent financial holding company ~~in a Member State~~ or a UK parent mixed financial holding company ~~in a Member State~~ for which the PRA is responsible for supervision on a *consolidated basis* under Part 6 of the Capital Requirements Regulations Article 111 of the CRD must comply with this Chapter on the basis of the *consolidated situation* of that holding company.



## Annex BB

### Amendments to the Record Keeping Part

In this Annex deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

---

1.1 Unless otherwise stated, this Part applies to a *CRR firm*

...

- (2) ~~with respect to the carrying on of *passported activities* by it from a *branch* in another *EEA state*; [deleted.]~~
- (3) in a *prudential context* with respect to activities wherever they are carried on; and
- (4) taking into account any activity of other members of a *group* of which the *firm* is a member.

...

#### 2 RECORD KEEPING

---

2.1 A *firm* must arrange for orderly records to be kept of its business and internal organisation, including all services, activities and transactions undertaken by it, which must be sufficient to enable the *PRA* or ~~any other relevant competent authority under *MiFID II*~~ to:

- (1) fulfil its supervisory tasks and perform the enforcement actions under the *regulatory system*; and
- (2) in particular ascertain that the *firm* has complied with all obligations.

...

## Annex BC

### Amendments to the Recovery Plans Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

---

...

1.2 In this Part, the following definitions shall apply:

##### *Article 1(1)(b) entity*

means a *financial institution* that is established in ~~an EEA State~~ the UK when the *financial institution* is a *subsidiary of a credit institution or investment firm*, or of an *Article 1(1)(c) entity* or an *Article 1(1)(d) entity* and is covered by the supervision of the *parent undertaking* on a *consolidated basis* in accordance with Articles 6 to 17 of *CRR*.

##### *Article 1(1)(c) entity*

means a *financial holding company, mixed financial holding company or mixed activity holding company* that is established in ~~an EEA State~~ the UK

##### *Article 1(1)(d) entity*

means a UK parent financial holding company ~~in an EEA State, an EEA parent financial holding company, a parent mixed financial holding company in an EEA State or an EEA~~ a UK parent mixed financial holding company.

##### *competent authority*

means a ~~public authority or body officially recognised by national law which is empowered by national law to supervise institutions as part of the supervisory system in operation in the EEA State concerned or the European Central Bank with regard to the specified tasks conferred on it by Article 4 of Council Regulation (EU) No. 1024/2013 conferring specific tasks on the European Central Bank concerning policies relating to the prudential supervision of credit institutions~~

means:

- a) the PRA, in respect of PRA-*authorised persons*
- b) the FCA, in respect of any other *person*;

##### *conditions for early intervention*

means where an *institution* infringes or is likely in the near future to infringe the requirements of the *CRR*, ~~CRD, MiFID II~~ or any of Articles 3 to 7, 14 to 17 and 24, 25 and 26 of *MiFIR* or requirements implementing CRD or MIFID II.

##### ~~EEA consolidating supervisor~~

means a *competent authority* responsible for the exercise of supervision on a *consolidated basis* of:

- (1) ~~an EEA a UK parent institution~~; or
- (2) ~~institutions controlled by an EEA a UK parent financial holding company or an EEA a UK parent mixed financial holding company.~~

...

*extraordinary public financial support*

~~means State aid, or any other public financial support at supra-national level, which, if provided for at national level, would constitute State aid, that is provided in order to preserve or restore the viability, liquidity or solvency of an institution or Article 1(1)(b) entity, Article 1(1)(c) entity, Article 1(1)(d) entity or of a group of which such an institution or entity forms part.~~

...

*EEA parent undertaking*

~~means an EEA parent institution, an EEA parent financial holding company or an EEA parent mixed financial holding company.~~

...

*parent financial holding company in an EEA State*

~~means a financial holding company which is not itself a subsidiary of an institution authorised in the same EEA State, or of a financial holding company or mixed financial holding company set up in the same EEA State.~~

*parent mixed financial holding company in an EEA State*

~~means a mixed financial holding company which is not itself a subsidiary of an institution authorised in the same EEA State, or of a financial holding company or mixed financial holding company set up in the same EEA State.~~

*parent institution in an EEA State*

~~means an institution authorised in an EEA State which has an institution or financial institution as a subsidiary or which holds a participation in such an institution or financial institution, and which is not itself a subsidiary of another institution authorised in the same EEA State or of a financial holding company or mixed financial holding company set up in the same EEA State.~~

...

*significant branch*

~~means a branch of an institution that would be designated as being significant in accordance with Article 51(1) of the CRD.~~

## 2 RECOVERY PLANS

---

2.1 This Chapter applies to a *firm* that is not part of a *group* subject to consolidated supervision pursuant to ~~Articles 111 and 112 of the CRD.~~

...

## 3 GROUP RECOVERY PLANS

---

3.1 This Chapter applies to a *BRRD undertaking* which is:

- (1) ~~an EEA a UK parent undertaking unless the FCA is the EEA consolidating supervisor of its group; or~~
- (2) ~~a firm controlled by an EEA parent financial holding company or an EEA parent mixed financial holding company if:~~
  - (a) ~~the EEA parent financial holding company or EEA parent mixed financial holding company is not incorporated in the UK and does not have a place of business in the UK; and~~ ~~[deleted.]~~
  - (b) ~~the PRA is the EEA consolidating supervisor of the firm~~ ~~[deleted.]~~

3.2 If the ~~EEA consolidating supervisor~~ is the *PRA*, a *BRRD undertaking* must draw up a *group recovery plan* and submit the *group recovery plan* to the *PRA*. ~~If the EEA consolidating supervisor is not the PRA, a BRRD undertaking that is a qualifying parent undertaking must make arrangements to ensure that a group recovery plan is drawn up and submitted to the EEA consolidating supervisor.~~

3.3 The *group recovery plan* must consist of a recovery plan for the *group* headed by the ~~EEA UK parent undertaking~~ as a whole.

...

3.5 The *group recovery plan* must identify measures that may be required to be implemented at the level of the ~~EEA UK parent undertaking~~ and each individual *subsidiary*

...

3.7 The *group recovery plan* must include arrangements to ensure the coordination and consistency of measures to be taken at the level of the ~~EEA UK parent undertaking~~, at the level of an *Article 1(1)(c) entity* or *Article 1(1)(d) entity*, as well as measures to be taken at the level of a *subsidiary* and, where applicable, in accordance with the ~~CRD~~ at the level of a *significant branch*.

3.8 The *group recovery plan* must include the elements specified in 2.6 – 2.9. The *group recovery plan* must include, where applicable, arrangements for intra-group financial support adopted pursuant to an agreement for intra-group financial support that has been concluded in accordance with ~~Articles 19 – 26 of the BRRD~~ The Bank Recovery and Resolution (No 2) Order 2014 (2014/3348) or Group Financial Support 2 – 8.

...

3.12 A *BRRD undertaking* that is a *qualifying parent undertaking* must make arrangements to ensure it is demonstrated to the ~~EEA~~*consolidating supervisor* that the *group recovery plan* meets the requirements set out in this Chapter and the following criteria:

...

...

## 5 GOVERNANCE ARRANGEMENTS

---

...

5.3 A *BRRD undertaking* which is required to draw up a *group recovery plan* must, taking into account the nature, scale and complexity of its business and the business of other members of its *group*, establish and maintain appropriate internal processes regarding the governance of the *group recovery plan* and must:

- (1) ensure that its *management body* oversees, assesses and approves the *group recovery plan* before the *BRRD undertaking* submits the *group recovery plan* to the ~~EEA~~*consolidating supervisor*;

...

## 6 RECOVERY PLAN AND GROUP RECOVERY PLAN INDICATORS

---

...

6.6 A *BRRD undertaking* that is a *qualifying parent undertaking* must:

- (1) notify the *PRA* without delay if it (or any member of its *group*) decides to take action under the *group recovery plan* or to refrain from taking action and the *PRA* is the ~~EEA~~*consolidating supervisor*, ~~and~~
- (2) ~~make arrangements to ensure the *EEA consolidating supervisor* is notified without delay if it (or any member of its *group*) decides to take action under the *group recovery plan* or to refrain from taking action and the *PRA* is not the *EEA consolidating supervisor* [deleted.]~~

...

## Annex BD

### Amendments to the Regulatory Reporting Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

---

1.1 Unless otherwise stated, this Part applies to every *firm* permitted to carry on the *regulated activities* listed in column (1) of the table in 6.1, ~~except an *incoming EEA firm* with *permission* for *cross border services* only.~~

1.2 In this Part, the following definitions shall apply:

....

*credit institution*

- (1) ~~a credit institution authorised under the *CRD*; or [deleted.]~~
- (2) ~~an institution which would satisfy the requirements for authorisation as a credit institution under the *CRD* if it had its registered office (or if it does not have a registered office, its head office) in an *EEA State*.~~

means an *undertaking* the business of which is to take deposits or other repayable funds from the public and to grant credits for its own account, not including entities referred to in Art 2(5) of Directive 2013/36/EU

...

*non-EEA UK bank*

means a *bank* which is a *body corporate* or *partnership* formed under the law of any country or territory outside the ~~*EEA UK*~~.

...

*UK consolidation group*

means the *consolidation group* of a *firm* to which supervision on a *consolidated basis* by the *PRA* applies in accordance with ~~Article 114 of *CRD*~~ Part 6 of the *Capital Requirements Regulations*.

*UK regulated EEA financial conglomerate*

~~means a *financial conglomerate* (other than a *third country financial conglomerate*) that satisfies one of the following conditions:~~

- (1) ~~GENPRU 3.1.29 R (*Capital adequacy calculations for financial conglomerates*) in the *PRA Handbook* applies with respect to it; or~~
- (2) a *firm* that is a member of that *financial conglomerate* is subject to obligations imposed through its *Part 4A permission* to ensure that *financial conglomerate* meets levels of capital adequacy based or stated to be based on Annex I of the *Financial Groups Directive*

## 2 REPORTING REQUIREMENTS – DATA ITEMS

...

2.4 Unless otherwise stated, any *data items* to be submitted in accordance with 2.1 to 2.3 by a ~~non-EEA non-UK bank, or an EEA bank~~, should cover the activities of the *branch* operation in the UK only.

...

## 7 REGULATED ACTIVITY GROUP 1

7.1 The applicable *data items* referred to in the table in 6.1 are set out according to *firm* type in the table below:

RAG 1	Prudential category of <i>firm</i> , applicable <i>data items</i> and reporting format (1)						
	<i>UK bank other than a ring-fenced body</i>	<i>Ring-fenced body</i>	<i>Building society</i>	<i>Non-EEA bank</i> <i>Non-UK bank</i>	<i>EEA bank that has permission to accept deposits and that has its registered office (or, if it has no registered office, its head office) outside the EU [deleted.]</i>	[deleted.]	<i>Dormant account fund operator</i> (12)
Description of <i>data item</i>							
...							
Daily Flows	FSA047 ((13), (16) and (18))	FSA047 ((13), (16) and (18))	FSA047 ((13), (16) and (18))		FSA047 ((13), (15), (16) and (18)) [deleted.]	-	-
Enhanced Mismatch Report	FSA048 ((13), (16) and (18))	FSA 048 ((13), (16) and (18))	FSA048 ((13), (16) and (18))		FSA048 ((13), (15), (16) and (18)) [deleted.]	-	-
...							

(2) Applicable to ~~non-EEA non-UK~~ banks

...

...

## 12 FINANCIAL CONGLOMERATES

12.1 This Chapter applies only to a *firm* that is a member of a *financial conglomerate* and either:

...

(1) it is at the head of a *UK-regulated EEA financial conglomerate*; or

- (2) its *Part 4A permission* contains a requirement which either:

...

- (b) applies 12.3 to the *firm* unless the UK mixed financial holding company of the *financial conglomerate* to which the *firm* belongs submits the report required under this rule (as if the rule applied to it).

...

...

## 20 CAPITAL+ REPORTS

---

...

20.6 A *firm* satisfies *Capital+ condition 1*:

- (1) if the *firm* is a UK parent institution in a Member State, where it has *retail deposits* equal to or greater than £50 billion and *total assets* equal to or greater than £320 billion on the basis of its *consolidated situation*;
- (2) if the *firm* is controlled by a UK parent financial holding company in a Member State, a UK parent mixed financial holding company in a Member State or a UK parent institution in a Member State and the *PRA* is responsible for supervision of that holding company or UK parent institution in a Member State on a *consolidated basis* under Article 111 of the *CRD Part 6 of the Capital Requirements Regulations*, where it has *retail deposits* equal to or greater than £50 billion and *total assets* equal to or greater than £320 billion on the basis of the *consolidated situation* of that UK holding company or UK parent institution in a Member State;

...

...

20.8 A *firm* satisfies *Capital+ condition 3*:

- (1) if the *firm* is a UK parent institution in a Member State, where it has *retail deposits* equal to or greater than £50 billion and *total assets* greater than £5 billion but less than £320 billion on the basis of its *consolidated situation*;
- (2) if the *firm* is controlled by a UK parent financial holding company in a Member State, a UK parent mixed financial holding company in a Member State or a UK parent institution in a Member State and the *PRA* is responsible for supervision of that UK holding company or UK parent institution in a Member State on a *consolidated basis* under Article 111 of the *CRD Part 6 of the Capital Requirements Regulations*, where it has *retail deposits* greater than or equal to £50 billion and *total assets* greater than £5 billion but less than £320 billion on the basis of the *consolidated situation* of that UK holding company or UK parent institution in a Member State;

...

20.10 A *firm* satisfies *Capital+ condition 5* if it:

- (1) is part of a *consolidation group*
- (2) has *total assets* greater than £5 billion
- (a) if the *firm* is a UK parent institution in a Member State, on the basis of its *consolidated situation*



- (b) if the *firm* is controlled by a UK parent financial holding company ~~in a Member State~~, a UK parent mixed financial holding company ~~in a Member State~~ or a UK parent institution ~~in a Member State~~ and the *PRA* is responsible for supervision of that UK holding company or UK parent institution ~~in a Member State~~ on a consolidated basis under Article 111 of the CRD Part 6 of the Capital Requirements Regulations, on the basis of the consolidated situation of that UK holding company or UK parent institution ~~in a Member State~~; and

...

20.22 Where a *firm* is required to submit a *data item* in accordance with this rule, that *data item* should be completed:

...

- (2) if the *firm* is a UK parent institution ~~in a Member State~~ and the *firm* satisfies *Capital+ condition 1* on the basis of 20.6(1) or *Capital+ condition 3* on the basis of 20.8(1), on the basis of its consolidated situation; or
- (3) if the *firm* is controlled by a UK parent financial holding company ~~in a Member State~~, a UK parent mixed financial holding company ~~in a Member State~~ or a UK parent institution ~~in a Member State~~ and the *PRA* is responsible for supervision of that holding company or UK parent institution ~~in a Member State~~ on a consolidated basis under Article 111 of the CRD Part 6 of the Capital Requirements Regulations and the *firm* satisfies *Capital+ condition 1* on the basis of 20.6(2) or *Capital+ condition 3* on the basis of 20.8(2), on the basis of the consolidated situation of that holding company or UK parent institution ~~in a Member State~~.

20.22A If a *firm* meets a *Capital+ condition* on the basis of 20.6(4), 20.8(4) or 20.10A, it must submit the *data item* on a sub-consolidated basis in addition to meeting any requirement to submit a *data item* on an individual basis or on the basis of its, its holding company's or its UK parent institution's ~~in a Member State's~~ consolidated situation.

...

20.24 Where a *firm* is required to submit a *data item* in accordance with this rule, as set out in the *Capital+ reporting table*, that *data item* should be completed:

- (1) if the *firm* is a UK parent institution ~~in a Member State~~ and the *firm* satisfies *Capital+ condition 5* on the basis of 20.10(2)(a) or *Capital+ condition 7* on the basis of 20.12, on the basis of its consolidated situation; or
- (2) if the *firm* is controlled by a UK parent financial holding company ~~in a Member State~~, a UK parent mixed financial holding company ~~in a Member State~~ or a UK parent institution ~~in a Member State~~ and the *PRA* is responsible for supervision of that holding company or UK parent institution ~~in a Member State~~ on a consolidated basis under Article 111 of the CRD Part 6 of the Capital Requirements Regulations and the *firm* satisfies *Capital+ condition 5* on the basis of 20.10(2)(b) or *Capital+ condition 7* on the basis of 20.12, on the basis of the consolidated situation of that holding company or UK parent institution ~~in a Member State~~.

...

**Annex BE**

**Amendments to the Regulatory Reporting Part**

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

...

**7 REGULATED ACTIVITY GROUP 1**

7.1 The applicable *data items* referred to in the table in 6.1 are set out according to *firm* type in the table below:

RAG 1	Prudential category of <i>firm</i> , applicable <i>data items</i> and reporting format (1)						
	<i>UK bank other than a ring-fenced body</i>	<i>Ring-fenced body</i>	<i>Building society</i>	<i>Non-EEA bank</i> <i>Non-UK bank</i>	<del><i>EEA bank that has permission to accept deposits and that has its registered office (or, if it has no registered office, its head office) outside the EU</i></del> <del>[deleted.]</del>	[deleted.]	<i>Dormant account fund operator</i> (12)
Description of <i>data item</i>							
Cash Flow Mismatch	PRA110 (13) (18) (35)	PRA110 (13) (18) (28) (35)	PRA110 (13) (18) (35)		<del>PRA 110(13) (18) (35)</del>		

## Annex BF

### Amendments to the Related Party Transaction Risk Part

In this Annex deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

---

1.1 This Part applies to:

- (1) a *UK bank*;
- (2) a *building society*; and
- (3) an *overseas firm* that:
  - (a) ~~is not an *incoming firm*; and [deleted.]~~
  - (b) has a *Part 4A permission* that includes permission to carry out *accepting deposits*.

...

## Annex BG

### Amendments to the Remuneration Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

---

1.1 Unless otherwise stated, this Part applies to:

- (1) a *CRR firm* in relation to its;
  - (a) *UK* activities; and
  - (b) ~~passport activities carried on from a branch in another EEA State; and~~  
[deleted.]
  - (c) other activities wherever they are carried on, in a *prudential context*; and

...

1.3 (1) In this Part, the following definitions shall apply:

...

*consolidation group entity*

means an *institution* or *financial institution* which is, in relation to a *CRR firm* responsible for consolidation:

- (1) the *CRR firm* responsible for consolidation;
- (2) a *subsidiary* of the *CRR firm* responsible for consolidation; or
- (3) a *subsidiary* of the ~~EEA~~ UK parent financial holding company or ~~EEA~~ UK parent mixed financial holding company by which the *CRR firm* responsible for consolidation is controlled.

*CRR firm responsible for consolidation*

means a *CRR firm* which is either:

- (1) ~~an EEA~~ a UK parent institution; or
- (2) controlled by ~~an EEA~~ a UK parent financial holding company or by ~~an EEA~~ a UK parent mixed financial holding company and to which supervision on a consolidated basis by the PRA applies in accordance with ~~Article 111 of CRD~~ Part 6 of the Capital Requirements Regulations

...

*total assets*

means:

- (1) in relation to a *CRR firm* ~~or an EEA bank~~, its total assets as set out in its balance sheet on the relevant *accounting reference date*; and
- (2) in relation to a *third country CRR firm*, the total assets of the *third country CRR firm* as set out in its balance sheet on the relevant *accounting reference date* that cover the activities of the *branch* operation in the *UK*.

...

#### 4 GROUPS

---

- 4.1 A *firm* must apply the requirements at *group*, *parent undertaking* and *subsidiary undertaking* levels, including those *subsidiaries* established in a country or territory which is not ~~the UK~~ ~~in an EEA State~~.

...

#### 14 NON-COMPLIANCE

---

- 14.1 A *firm* must ensure that variable *remuneration* is not paid through vehicles or methods that facilitate non-compliance with obligations arising from ~~CRR~~, ~~CRD~~ or this Part.

#### 15 REMUNERATION STRUCTURES

---

...

- 15.11 A *firm* must ensure that any approval by the shareholders or owners or members of the *firm* for the purposes of 15.10 is carried out in accordance with the following procedure:

...

- (3) the *firm* must, without delay, inform the *PRA* of the recommendation to its shareholders or owners or members, including the proposed higher ratio and the reasons therefor and must demonstrate to the *PRA* that the proposed higher ratio does not conflict with the firm's obligations under the ~~CRD~~ and the *CRR* and provisions implementing the CRD, having regard in particular to the *firm's own funds* obligations;

...

- 15.13 A *firm* may apply a discount rate to a maximum of 25% of an *employee's* total variable *remuneration* provided it is paid in instruments that are deferred for a period of not less than five years. ~~In applying this discount rate, firms must apply the EBA Guidelines on the applicable notional discount rate for variable remuneration of 27 March 2014.~~

#### 17 REMUNERATION BENCHMARKING REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

---

...

- 17.5 A *firm* that is not, and does not have, ~~an EEA a UK parent institution~~, ~~an EEA a UK parent financial holding company~~ or ~~an EEA a UK parent mixed financial holding company~~ must complete that report on an unconsolidated basis in respect of *remuneration* awarded to *employees* of the *firm* in the last completed financial year.

...

17.7 The *firm* must ensure that the information in the *Remuneration Benchmarking Information Report* is denominated in euro, determined by reference to the exchange rate used by the European Commission for financial programming and the budget for December of the reported year.

## 18 HIGH EARNERS REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

---

...

18.4 A *firm* that is not, and does not have, ~~an EEA a UK parent institution, an EEA a UK parent financial holding company or an EEA a UK parent mixed financial holding company~~ must complete that report on an unconsolidated basis in respect of *remuneration* awarded in the last completed financial year to all *high earners* of the *firm* who mainly undertook their professional activities within the UK EEA.

18.5 A *firm* that is a *CRR firm responsible for consolidation* must complete that report on a *consolidated basis* in respect of *remuneration* awarded in the last completed financial year to all *high earners* who mainly undertook their professional activities within the ~~EEA UK~~ at:

- (1) the ~~EEA UK parent institution, EEA UK parent financial holding company or the EEA UK parent mixed financial holding company~~ of the *consolidation group*;
- (2) each *consolidation group entity* that has its registered office (or if it has no registered office, its head office) in ~~the UK an EEA State~~; and
- (3) each *branch* of any other *consolidation group entity* that is established or operating in ~~the UK an EEA State~~.

...

### Annex BH

#### Amendments to the Reporting Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

...

## 3 PUBLIC DISCLOSURE: SOLVENCY AND FINANCIAL CONDITION REPORT

---

...

3.6 The disclosure required by 3.3(5)(b) must include the following:

...

- (2) the amount of any *capital add-on* imposed upon the *firm* ~~in accordance with Article 37 of the Solvency II Directive~~, by the PRA together with concise information on the justification given by the *PRA* for its imposition; and
- (3) the impact of any *undertaking specific parameters* the *firm* is required to use in calculating the *standard formula* by the PRA ~~in accordance with Article 110 of the Solvency II Directive~~, together with concise information on the justification given by the *PRA* for requiring the use of those *undertaking specific parameters*.

## Annex BI

### Amendments to the Reporting Leverage Ratio Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

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- 1.1 Unless otherwise stated, this Part applies to every *firm* that is a *UK bank* or a *building society* that, on the *firm's* last *accounting reference date*, had *retail deposits* equal to or greater than £50 billion either on:
- (1) an individual basis;
  - (2) if the *firm* is a UK parent institution ~~in a Member State~~, on the basis of its *consolidated situation*; or
  - (3) if the *firm* is controlled by a UK parent financial holding company ~~in a Member State~~ or by a UK parent mixed financial holding company ~~in a Member State~~ and the *PRA* is responsible for supervision of that holding company on a *consolidated basis* under Article 111 of the CRD Part 6 of the Capital Requirements Regulations, on the basis of the *consolidated situation* of that holding company.

...

#### 2 BASIS OF APPLICATION

---

...

- 2.2 A *firm* that is a UK parent institution ~~in a Member State~~ must comply with this Part on the basis of its *consolidated situation*.
- 2.3 A *firm* that is controlled by a UK parent financial holding company ~~in a Member State~~ or a UK parent mixed financial holding company ~~in a Member State~~ for which the *PRA* is responsible for supervision on a *consolidated basis* under Part 6 of the Capital Requirements Regulations ~~Article 111 of the CRD~~ must comply with this Part on the basis of the *consolidated situation* of that holding company.

## Annex BJ

### Amendments to the Reporting Pillar 2 Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

---

...

- 1.4 A firm which is a UK parent institution ~~in a Member State~~ must comply with this Part on a consolidated basis.
- 1.5 A firm controlled by a UK parent financial holding company ~~in a Member State~~ or a UK parent mixed financial holding company ~~in a Member State~~ must comply with this Part on the basis of the consolidated situation of that holding company, if the PRA is responsible for supervision of the firm on a consolidated basis under Article 111 of the CRD Part 6 of the Capital Requirements Regulations
- 1.6 In this Part the following definitions shall apply:

...

*parent financial holding company in a Member State*

means (in accordance with point (26) of Article 3(1) of the ~~CRD~~) a financial holding company which is not itself a subsidiary of an institution authorised in the same EEA State, or of a financial holding company or mixed financial holding company set up in the same EEA State.

*parent institution in a Member State*

means (in accordance with point (24) of Article 3(1) of the ~~CRD~~) an institution authorised in an EEA State which has an institution or financial institution as subsidiary or which holds a participation in such an institution or financial institution and which is not itself a subsidiary of another institution authorised in the same EEA State or of a financial holding company or mixed financial holding company set up in the same EEA State.

*parent mixed financial holding company in a Member State*

means (in accordance with point (28) of Article 3(1) of the ~~CRD~~) a mixed financial holding company which is not itself a subsidiary of an institution authorised in the same EEA State, or of a financial holding company or mixed financial holding company set up in the same EEA State



## Annex BK

### Amendments to the Resolution Pack Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

---

...

1.2 In this Part, the following definitions shall apply:

*competent authority*

means a public authority or body officially recognised by national law which is empowered by national law to supervise ~~institutions~~ as part of the supervisory system in operation in the ~~EEA State concerned or the European Central Bank with regard to the specific tasks conferred on it by Article 4 of Council Regulation (EU) No. 1024/2013 conferring specific tasks on the European Central Bank concerning policies relating to the prudential supervision of credit institutions.~~

*EEA consolidating supervisor*

means a *competent authority* responsible under the ~~CRD~~ for the exercise of supervision on a consolidated basis of:

- (1) ~~an EEA a UK parent institution~~; or
- (2) ~~institutions controlled by an EEA a UK parent financial holding company or an EEA a UK parent mixed financial holding company.~~

*EEA UK parent undertaking*

means ~~an EEA a UK parent institution, an EEA a UK parent financial holding company or an EEA a UK parent mixed financial holding company.~~

*group-level resolution authority*

means the ~~resolution authority in the EEA State in which the EEA consolidating supervisor is situated.~~

...

*group resolution plan*

means a plan for the resolution of a *group* drawn up in accordance with ~~Articles 12 and 13 of the BRRD Article 40 and Schedule 2 of The Bank Recovery and Resolution (No 2) Order 2014 (2014/3348).~~

*parent financial holding company in an EEA State*

means ~~a financial holding company which is not itself a subsidiary of an institution authorised in the same EEA State, or of a financial holding company or mixed financial holding company set up in the same EEA State.~~

*parent mixed financial holding company in an EEA State*

~~means a mixed financial holding company which is not itself a subsidiary of an institution authorised in the same EEA State, or of a financial holding company or mixed financial holding company set up in the same EEA State.~~

~~parent institution in an EEA State~~

~~means an institution authorised in an EEA State which has an institution or financial institution as subsidiary or which holds a participation in such an institution or financial institution, and which is not itself a subsidiary of another institutions authorised in the same EEA State or of a financial holding company or mixed financial holding company set up in the same EEA State.~~

~~resolution authority~~

~~means an authority designated by an EEA State in accordance with Article 3 of the BRRD the Bank of England~~

...

### **3 GROUP RESOLUTION PACK**

---

3.1 This Chapter applies to a BRRD undertaking which is:

- (1) ~~an EEA a UK parent undertaking unless the FCA is the EEA consolidating supervisor of its group; or~~
- (2) ~~a firm controlled by an EEA parent financial holding company or an EEA parent mixed financial holding company if: [deleted.]~~
  - (a) ~~the holding company is not incorporated in the UK and does not have a place of business in the UK; and [deleted.]~~
  - (b) ~~the PRA is the EEA consolidating supervisor of the firm [deleted.]~~

...

3.4 A BRRD undertaking must submit its group resolution pack to the PRA, ~~if the PRA is the EEA consolidating supervisor and, in any other case, to the group-level resolution authority.~~

...

## Annex BL

### Amendments to the Ring-Fenced Bodies Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

...

#### 16 ACCESS TO CENTRAL COUNTERPARTIES AND CENTRAL SECURITIES DEPOSITORIES

---

...

- 16.3 For the purposes of this Chapter, if a *ring-fenced body* accesses the services of a *central counterparty* or a *central securities depository* not established in ~~an EEA state~~ the UK or any part of whose operations are not subject to the law of ~~an EEA state~~ the UK, the *ring-fenced body* will be considered to comply with the *rules* in this Chapter if it has taken necessary steps to ensure that its positions, if applicable, and assets are identifiable separately from the positions, if applicable, and assets of any other *person* by measures that deliver outcomes comparable to those set out in the *rules* in this Chapter.

...

## Annex BM

### Amendments to the Risk Control Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

---

1.1 Unless otherwise stated, this Part applies to a *CRR firm*

...

(2) ~~with respect to the carrying on of *passport*ed activities by it from a *branch* in another *EEA state*; [deleted.]~~

...

1.1A 2.1 to 2.6 do not apply to a *firm* with respect to the carrying on of *benchmarking activities* except to the extent that ~~they transpose an *EU instrument*~~ those rules constitute *retained EU law*

## Annex BN

### Amendments to the Senior Management Function Part

In this Annex new text is underlined.

#### 1 APPLICATION AND DEFINITIONS

---

1.1 Unless otherwise stated, this Part applies to every *firm* that is :

- (1) a *CRR firm*;
- (2) a *credit union*; or
- (3) a *third country CRR firm* in relation to); ~~the activities of its establishment in the UK.~~
  - (a) the activities of its establishment in the UK; or
  - (b) if it does not have an establishment in the UK, its activities in the UK.

...

#### 7 UK BRANCH OF OVERSEAS FIRM

---

7.1 This Chapter applies only to a *third country CRR firm* in relation to; ~~the activities of its establishment in the UK.~~

- (a) the activities of its establishment in the UK; or
- (b) if it does not have an establishment in the UK, its activities in the UK.

7.2 The *Head of Overseas Branch Function* (SMF 19) is the function of having responsibility alone or jointly with others for; ~~the conduct of all activities of the UK establishment of a third country firm which are subject to the UK regulatory system.~~

- (i) the conduct of all activities of the UK establishment of a *third country firm* which are subject to the UK regulatory system; or
- (ii) where the firm does not have an establishment in the UK, the conduct of all activities which are subject to the UK regulatory system.

...

## Annex BO

### Amendments to the Senior Managers Regime – Applications and Notifications Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATION AND DEFINITIONS

---

1.1 Unless otherwise stated, this Part applies to every *firm* that is:

- (1) a *CRR firm*;
- (2) a *credit union*; or
- (3) a *third country CRR firm* in relation to: ~~the activities of its establishment in the UK.~~
  - (a) the activities of its establishment in the UK; or
  - (b) if it does not have an establishment in the UK, its activities in the UK

1.2 In this Part, the following definitions shall apply:

...

*current approved person approval*

means

- (1) an approval granted to a *person* under section 59 of *FSMA* (Approval for particular arrangements):
  - (a) by the *PRA* for the performance of a *PRA senior management function*; or
  - (b) by the *FCA* for the performance for the performance of an *FCA designated senior management function* or a *significant influence function*;but excludes an approval under section 59ZZA of *FSMA*.

...

1.3 In this Part, *PRA approved person* also includes a *person in relation to whom a notice under section 59ZZA has been given to an authorised person*.

...

#### 2A TPR SMF APPLICATION

---

2A (1) In the case of a *TPR SMF application*, the following directions shall have effect in substitution for any directions relating to the provision of information, documents, statement of responsibilities and the form of application that would otherwise apply on the making of an application under section 60 of *FSMA*.

- (2) The PRA directs that the application must contain the information and be accompanied by such documents as are set out in the form approved by the PRA for the purposes of this direction; except that where the application is in respect of a person who holds a current approved persons approval, Form E may be used in accordance with 2.3 instead.
- (3) The PRA directs that the application must be accompanied by a statement of responsibilities in accordance with *Allocation of Responsibilities 2.1*, containing such information as is set out in the form approved by the PRA for the purposes of this direction; except that where Form E is used pursuant to (2) above, the application must provide a statement of responsibilities in the form specified in 2.7(2).
- (4) A function performed by a person in relation to whom a notice under section 59ZZA of FSMA could be given, shall not (otherwise than for the purposes of making an application under section 60 of FSMA), be treated as a controlled function until the earliest of -
- (a) 12 weeks beginning on the day on which exit day occurs
  - (b) the giving of the notice under section 59ZZA of FSMA, or
  - (c) the notification by the PRA of its decision to grant or refuse the application.

## 7 PROCEDURE FOR MAKING APPLICATIONS AND NOTIFICATIONS

---

- 7.1 (1) The PRA directs that:
- (a) subject to (aa) a firm other than a credit union must make any applications, notifications or submissions required by this Part by submitting the form specified using the ONA system; and
  - (aa) a firm a TPR SMF application must make that application and by submitting information, documents, statement of responsibilities and forms required by 2A: in the manner set out in Notifications 7;

## Annex BP

### Amendments to the Skills, Knowledge and Expertise Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

---

1.1 Unless otherwise stated, this Part applies to a *CRR firm*

...

(2) ~~with respect to the carrying on of *passport*ed activities by it from a *branch* in another *EEA state* [deleted.]~~

...

1.1A 2.1A to 2.1B do not apply to a *firm* with respect to the carrying on of *benchmarking activities* except to the extent that ~~they transpose an *EU instrument*~~ those rules constitute *retained EU law*.

...



## Annex BQ

### Amendments to the Stay In Resolution Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

---

...

1.3 The condition in 1.2 is that the *subsidiary* is:

- (1) a *credit institution*;
- (2) an *investment firm* or an *undertaking* which would be an *investment firm* if it had its head office in ~~an EEA State~~ the UK; or
- (3) a *financial institution*; and

is not a *BRRD undertaking* which falls within 1.1

1.4 In this Part, the following definitions shall apply:

...

*excluded person*

means:

...

- (b) ~~a person who has been designated by an EEA State as a system under Article 2(a) of the Directive 98/26/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on settlement finality in payment and securities settlement systems or an operator of such a system, [deleted.]~~
- (c) an exchange, other trading facility, payment system, settlement system or other financial market utility or infrastructure established in a *third country* not within (a) ~~or~~ (b);

...

#### 3 TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS

---

3.1 From 1 June 2016 this Part applies in relation to a *third-country law financial arrangement* under 2.1 where a direct or indirect counterparty is:

- (1) a *credit institution*;
- (2) an *investment firm*; or
- (3) an *undertaking* which would be an *investment firm* if it had its head office in ~~an EEA State~~ the UK.

...

## Annex BR

### Amendments to the Technical Provisions Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

---

...

1.2 In this Part, the following definitions shall apply;

...

*cost-of-capital rate*

means the rate (above the relevant risk-free interest rate) that must be used in the determination of the cost that a ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm would incur in order to hold an amount of *eligible own funds* equal to the SCR necessary to support the insurance and *reinsurance obligations* over their lifetime, as specified in the *Solvency II Regulations* adopted under Article 86 of the ~~Solvency II Directive~~.

#### 2 CALCULATION OF TECHNICAL PROVISIONS

---

...

2.2 The value of *technical provisions* must correspond to the current amount that the *firm* would have to pay if it were to transfer its insurance and *reinsurance obligations* immediately to another ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm.

...

#### 4 RISK MARGIN

---

4.1 Where *firms* value the *best estimate* and *risk margin* separately, the *risk margin* must be an amount equal to the cost that a ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm would incur in order to hold *eligible own funds* to cover the SCR necessary to support the insurance and *reinsurance obligations* over their lifetime, determined using the *cost-of-capital rate*.

4.2 The *risk margin* must be such as to ensure that the value of the *technical provisions* is equivalent to the amount that a ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm would be expected to require in order to take over and meet the insurance and *reinsurance obligations* over their lifetime.

#### 7 CALCULATION OF THE MATCHING ADJUSTMENT

---

...

7.2 The *matching adjustment* shall be calculated for each currency in accordance with the following principles:

...

- (4) the use of external credit assessments in the calculation of the *matching adjustment* shall be in line with the specifications set out in the *Solvency II Regulations* ~~adopted under Article 111(1)(n) of the *Solvency II Directive*.~~

7.3 For the purposes of 7.2(2) and subject to 7.5, the fundamental spread shall be:

...

- (2) for exposures to ~~the UK's EEA States'~~ central governments and central banks, no lower than 30% of the long term average of the spread over the risk-free interest rate of assets of the same duration, credit quality and asset class, as observed in financial markets;
- (3) for assets other than exposures to ~~the UK's EEA States'~~ central governments and central banks, no lower than 35% of the long-term average of the spread over the risk-free interest rate of assets of the same duration, credit quality and asset class, as observed in financial markets;

...

## 8 VOLATILITY ADJUSTMENT

---

8.1 A firm must not apply a *volatility adjustment* to the *relevant risk-free interest rate term structure* to calculate the *best estimate* of its insurance or *reinsurance* obligations unless:

...

- (2) the *volatility adjustment* has been set out in *Solvency II Regulations* ~~adopted under Article 77e of the *Solvency II Directive*.~~ or published by the PRA under regulation 4B of the *Solvency 2 Regulations 2015*.

...

8.4 A firm must only apply a *volatility adjustment* that includes a relevant country increase referred to in ~~Article 77d(4) of the *Solvency II Directive*~~ regulation 4B(6) of the *Solvency 2 Regulations 2015* to calculate the *best estimate* of its insurance or *reinsurance* obligations of products sold in the insurance market of that country, respectively.

## 15 COMMUNITY CO INSURANCE OPERATIONS

---

- 15.1 ~~In relation to *Community co-insurance operations*, where a firm is a *leading insurer* or a *relevant insurer*, the amount of *technical provisions* shall be determined according to 2 to 13. [Deleted.]~~
- 15.2 ~~The *technical provisions* calculated by a firm which is a *relevant insurer* shall be at least equal to those determined by the *leading insurer*. [Deleted.]~~

## Annex BS

### Amendments to the Third Country Branches Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

#### 1 APPLICATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

---

...

1.2 In this Part, the following definitions shall apply:

...

##### ~~EEA MCR~~

~~means a capital requirement calculated in accordance with the *Minimum Capital Requirement* Part of the *PRA Rulebook* but taking account only of the operations effected by the *third country branch* and all the *third country undertaking EEA branches*~~

##### ~~EEA SCR~~

~~means a capital requirement calculated in accordance with the *SCR Rules* but taking account only of the operations effected by the *third country branch* and all the *third country undertaking EEA branches*~~

##### ~~EEA technical provisions~~

~~means the technical provisions established in accordance with the *Technical Provisions Part* of the *PRA Rulebook* to cover the insurance and reinsurance obligations assumed by a *UK deposit insurer* in the *EEA*~~

##### ~~EEA deposit insurer~~

~~means a *third country branch undertaking* that has made a deposit in an *EEA State* (other than the *UK*) under Article 162(2)(e) of the *Solvency II Directive* in accordance with Article 167 of the *Solvency II Directive*~~

...

##### ~~*third country branch undertaking SCR*~~

means

- (1) ~~for a *UK deposit insurer*, *EEA SCR*;~~
- (2) ~~for an *EEA deposit insurer*, its solvency capital requirement calculated according to the relevant *Solvency II EEA implementing measures* in the *EEA State* that supervises the solvency of the entire business of the branches within the *EEA* in accordance with Article 167 of the *Solvency II Directive*;~~
- (3) ~~for all other *third country branch undertakings*, the *branch SCR*. [deleted.]~~

## 2 ACCOUNTING RECORDS IN THE UK

---

- 2.1 A *third country branch undertaking* must maintain at a place of business in the *UK* all records relating to:
- (1) the activities carried on from its *third country branch*; and
  - (2) if it is a *UK deposit insurer*, the activities carried out from all the *third country undertaking EEA branches* ~~[deleted.]~~

## 3 LOCALISATION AND DEPOSIT OF ASSETS

---

- 3.1 A *third country branch undertaking* (except a *UK deposit insurer*, an *EEA deposit insurer* and a *third country branch undertaking* that has a *third country pure reinsurance branch*) must hold in the UK assets required to cover the *branch SCR* as follows:
- (1) in the *UK*, assets representing the *branch SCR* up to the amount of the *branch MCR*; and ~~[deleted.]~~
  - (2) in any *EEA State*, assets representing the amount of the *branch SCR* in excess of the amount of the *branch MCR* ~~[deleted.]~~
- 3.2 A *UK deposit insurer* must hold assets required to cover the *EEA SCR* as follows:
- (1) in any of the *EEA States* where the *UK deposit insurer* pursues its activities, assets representing the *EEA SCR* up to the amount of the *EEA MCR*; and ~~[deleted.]~~
  - (2) in any *EEA State*, assets representing the amount of the *EEA SCR* in excess of the amount of the *EEA MCR* ~~[deleted.]~~
- 3.3 A *third country branch undertaking* (except an *EEA deposit insurer* and a *third country branch undertaking* that has a *third country pure reinsurance branch*) must hold on deposit as security in the *UK* with a *CRD credit institution* assets of an amount equal to at least one quarter of the absolute floor of the *MCR* set out in Minimum Capital Requirement 3.2.

## 4 SOLVENCY CAPITAL REQUIREMENT AND MINIMUM CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

---

- 4.1 A *third country branch undertaking* ~~(except a *UK deposit insurer* and an *EEA deposit insurer*)~~ must:
- (1) calculate a *branch SCR*; and
  - (2) cover the *branch SCR* with *eligible own funds*.
- 4.2 A *third country branch undertaking* ~~(except a *UK deposit insurer* and an *EEA deposit insurer*)~~ must:
- (1) calculate a *branch MCR*; and
  - (2) cover the *branch MCR* with *eligible own funds*.
- ...
- 4.4 A *UK deposit insurer* must:

- (1) ~~calculate an EEA SCR; and~~
- (2) ~~cover the EEA SCR with eligible own funds [deleted.]~~

4.5 ~~A UK deposit insurer must:~~

- (1) ~~calculate an EEA MCR; and~~
- (2) ~~cover the EEA MCR with eligible own funds [deleted.]~~

4.6 ~~For the purposes of the calculations referred to in 4.4(1) and 4.5(1), the UK deposit insurer must take account only of the operations effected by the third country branch and all the third country undertaking EEA branches [Deleted.]~~

...

## **6 TECHNICAL PROVISIONS AND OWN FUNDS**

---

6.1 ~~A third country branch undertaking (except a UK deposit insurer and an EEA deposit insurer) must establish adequate branch technical provisions.~~

6.2 ~~A UK deposit insurer must establish adequate EEA technical provisions. [Deleted.]~~

6.3 ~~A third country branch undertaking (except an EEA deposit insurer) must value assets and liabilities in accordance with the Valuation Part of the PRA Rulebook for the purposes of establishing the branch technical provisions (or, in the case of a UK deposit insurer, the EEA technical provisions);~~

6.4 ~~A third country branch undertaking (except an EEA deposit insurer) must determine and classify its third country branch undertaking own funds for the purposes of complying with its branch SCR and branch MCR (or, in the case of a UK deposit insurer, its EEA SCR and EEA MCR) in accordance with the Own Funds Part of the PRA Rulebook as if it were a UK Solvency II firm.~~

6.5 ~~A third country branch undertaking (except an EEA deposit insurer) must fulfil the requirements in Own Funds 5 for the purposes of complying with its branch SCR and branch MCR (or, in the case of a UK deposit insurer, its EEA SCR and EEA MCR) as if it were a UK Solvency II firm.~~

## **7 CONDITIONS GOVERNING BUSINESS**

---

...

7.2 (1) A reference to "SCR" is to be interpreted as a reference to "~~third country branch — undertaking SCR~~ the branch SCR."

(2) A reference to "MCR" is to be interpreted as a reference to:

(a) ~~for a UK deposit insurer, the EEA MCR; [deleted.]~~

(b) ~~for an EEA deposit insurer, its minimum capital requirement calculated in accordance with the relevant Solvency II EEA implementing measures in the EEA State that supervises the solvency of the entire business of the branches within the EEA in accordance with Article 167 of the Solvency II Directive; [deleted.]~~

- (c) ~~for all other third country branch undertakings, the branch MCR.~~
- (3) A reference to “*technical provisions*” is to be interpreted as a reference to:
  - (a) ~~for a UK deposit insurer, the EEA technical provisions; [deleted.]~~
  - (b) ~~for an EEA deposit insurer, its technical provisions calculated in accordance with the relevant Solvency II EEA implementing measures in the EEA State that supervises the solvency of the entire business of the branches within the EEA in accordance with Article 167 of the Solvency II Directive [deleted.]~~
  - (c) ~~for all other third country branch undertakings, the branch technical provisions.~~

...

- (5) A reference to “*internal model*” is to be interpreted as a reference to any *internal model* used by a *third country branch undertaking* to calculate the ~~third country branch undertaking SCR~~ branch SCR

7.3 A *third country branch undertaking* ~~(except a UK deposit insurer)~~ must apply the requirements referred to in 7.1 taking account only of matters relevant to the operations effected by the *third country branch*.

7.4 A ~~UK deposit insurer~~ must apply the requirements referred to in 7.1 taking account only of matters relevant to the operations effected by the *third country branch* and all the ~~third country undertaking EEA branches.~~ [Deleted.]

## 8 INVESTMENTS

---

8.1 A *third country branch undertaking* must fulfil the requirements laid down in the Investments Part of the PRA Rulebook, as modified by 8.2 ~~to~~ and 8.48.3.

...

8.3 A *third country branch undertaking* ~~(except a UK deposit insurer)~~ must fulfil the requirements in the Investments Part of the PRA Rulebook taking account only of the operations effected by the *third country branch*.

8.4 A ~~UK deposit insurer~~ must fulfil the requirements in the Investments Part of the PRA Rulebook taking account only of the operations effected by the *third country branch* and all the ~~third country undertaking EEA branches.~~ [Deleted.]

## 9 REPORTING

---

9.1 A *third country branch undertaking* must fulfil the requirements laid down in Reporting 2.1 to 2.5 as modified 9.2 ~~and 9.3.~~

9.2 A *third country branch undertaking* ~~(except a UK deposit insurer)~~ must fulfil the requirements referred to in 9.1 taking account only of matters relevant to the operations effected by the *third country branch*.

9.3 A ~~UK deposit insurer~~ must fulfil the requirements referred to in 9.1 taking account only of matters relevant to the operations effected by the *third country branch* and all the ~~third country undertaking EEA branches.~~ [Deleted.]

## 10 THIRD COUNTRY BRANCH UNDERTAKINGS IN DIFFICULTY

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- 10.1 A *third country branch undertaking* (~~except an EEA deposit insurer~~) must fulfil the requirements laid down in Undertakings in Difficulty 2 to 5 as modified by 10.2.
- 10.2 (1) A reference to “SCR” is to be interpreted as a reference to the *branch SCR* or, ~~for a UK deposit insurer, to the EEA SCR.~~
- (2) A reference to “MCR” is to be interpreted as a reference to the *branch MCR* or, ~~for a UK deposit insurer, to the EEA MCR.~~
- (3) A reference to “*technical provisions*” is to be interpreted as a reference to the *branch technical provisions* or, ~~for a UK deposit insurer, to the EEA technical provisions.~~

## 11 SEPERATION OF LONG-TERM BUSINESS AND GENERAL BUSINESS

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- 11.1 ....
- (2) ~~Composites 3 and 4 do not apply to EEA deposit insurers. [deleted.]~~
- 11.2 (1) The requirements referred to in 11.1 must be fulfilled taking account only of the operations effected by the *third country branch* and, ~~in the case of a UK deposit insurer, the operations effected by the third country branch and all the third country undertaking EEA branches.~~
- (2) The reference to “SCR” in Composites 4.6 is to be interpreted as a reference to the *branch SCR* and, ~~for a UK deposit insurer, the EEA SCR.~~
- (3) The *notional life MCR*, *notional non-life MCR*, the *notional life SCR* and *notional non-life SCR* referred to in the Composites Part of the PRA Rulebook shall be calculated taking account only of the operations effected by the *third country branch* and, ~~in the case of a UK deposit insurer, the operations effected by the third country branch and all the third country undertaking EEA branches.~~

## 15 SOLVENCY II REGULATIONS

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- ...
- 15.2 In complying with requirements imposed on it in the Solvency II Firms Sector of the PRA Rulebook, a *third country branch undertaking* must ensure that any provisions of the *Solvency II Regulations* relevant to the *third country branch* or, ~~for a UK deposit insurer, all the third country undertaking EEA branches~~, is applied in order to achieve the same effect as that provision of the *Solvency II Regulations* would have (that is, complying with the requirements of the relevant provision) when applied to a *UK Solvency II firm*.



## Annex BT

### Amendments to the Transitional Measures Part

In this Annex new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

...

### 3 REPORTING TO THE PRA AND PUBLIC DISCLOSURE

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...

3.4 Where *Group Supervision 2.1(1)* or (2) applies, the submission under *Group Supervision 17.3* of the group regular supervisory report and annual quantitative templates required to be submitted in accordance with the *Solvency II Regulations* must be made by no later than:

- (1) 26 weeks after the financial year end of the ~~*participating Solvency II undertaking*~~ *participating UK Solvency II firm*, ultimate *insurance holding company* or ultimate *mixed financial holding company* in relation to its financial year ending on or after 30 June 2016 but before 1 January 2017;
- (2) 24 weeks after the financial year end of the ~~*participating Solvency II undertaking*~~ *participating UK Solvency II firm*, ultimate *insurance holding company* or ultimate *mixed financial holding company* in relation to its financial year ending on or after 1 January 2017 but before 1 January 2018;
- (3) 22 weeks after the financial year end of the ~~*participating Solvency II undertaking*~~ *participating UK Solvency II firm*, ultimate *insurance holding company* or ultimate *mixed financial holding company* in relation to its financial year ending on or after 1 January 2018 but before 1 January 2019;
- (4) 20 weeks after the financial year end of the ~~*participating Solvency II undertaking*~~ *participating UK Solvency II firm*, ultimate *insurance holding company* or ultimate *mixed financial holding company* in relation to its financial year ending on or after 1 January 2019 but before 1 January 2020.

3.5 A ~~*participating Solvency II undertaking*~~ *participating UK Solvency II firm* ~~that is a firm~~ or, if there are none, the *relevant insurance group undertakings* must disclose the solvency and financial condition at the level of the *group* under *Group Supervision 18.1* by no later than:

- (1) 26 weeks after the financial year end of the ~~*participating Solvency II undertaking*~~ *participating UK Solvency II firm*, ultimate *insurance holding company* or ultimate *mixed financial holding company* in relation to its financial year ending on or after 30 June 2016 but before 1 January 2017;
  - (2) 24 weeks after the financial year end of the ~~*participating Solvency II undertaking*~~ *participating UK Solvency II firm*, ultimate *insurance holding company* or ultimate *mixed financial holding company* in relation to its financial year ending on or after 1 January 2017 but before 1 January 2018;
  - (3) 22 weeks after the financial year end of the ~~*participating Solvency II undertaking*~~ *participating UK Solvency II firm*, ultimate *insurance holding company* or ultimate *mixed financial holding company* in relation to its financial year ending on or after 1 January 2018 but before 1 January 2019;
-

- (4) 20 weeks after the financial year end of the ~~participating Solvency II undertaking~~ participating UK Solvency II firm, ultimate *insurance holding company* or ultimate *mixed financial holding company* in relation to its financial year ending on or after 1 January 2019 but before 1 January 2020.

## 5 STANDARD FORMULA: THE BASIC SCR

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- 5.1 Notwithstanding Solvency Capital Requirement – General Provisions 2, 3.1, 3.3, 3.4 and Solvency Capital Requirement – Standard Formula 3.1 to 3.3, the standard parameters to be used when calculating the *market risk* concentrations sub-module and the spread risk sub-module in accordance with the *standard formula* must be adjusted as follows:

...

- (3) from 1 January 2019 until *exit day*, the standard parameters must be reduced by 50% in relation to exposures to *EEA States*' central governments or central banks denominated and funded in the domestic currency of any other *EEA State*;
- (4) ~~from 1 January 2020 and onwards, the standard parameters must not be reduced in relation to exposures to *EEA States*' central governments or central banks denominated and funded in the domestic currency of any other *EEA State*.~~ [deleted.]

...

## 8 GROUPS – INTERNAL MODELS

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- 8.1 Notwithstanding Group Supervision 11.2, until 31 March 2022, the *group SCR* of a *group* based on consolidated data (consolidated *group SCR*) must be calculated on the basis of either:

...

- (3) approved *internal models*, where each approved *internal model* is applicable to a part of a *group* where both the ~~Solvency II undertaking~~ UK Solvency II firm and the ultimate *parent undertaking* are located in the ~~same EEA State~~ UK and that part of the *group* forms a distinct part having a significantly different risk profile from the rest of the *group*.

...

## 9 GROUPS

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...

- 9.2 Where *Group Supervision* 2.1(1) or (2) applies, if a ~~participating Solvency II undertaking~~ participating UK Solvency II firm ~~that is a firm~~ or any *relevant insurance group undertaking* complies with the *pre-Solvency II GRR* but during 2016 does not comply with the *group SCR*:

...

...

## 13 REPORT ON FINANCIAL AND SOLVENCY CONDITIONS

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- 13.1 This Chapter applies to a disclosure of the *SFCR* by a *firm* or, as may be applicable, the report on solvency and financial condition at the level of the *group* by ~~participating Solvency II undertakings~~ *participating UK Solvency II firms* or the *relevant insurance group undertakings* within the *group*, made in relation to the first two relevant financial years starting on or after the *Solvency II implementation date*.
- 13.2 In the disclosure required by Reporting 3.1, a firm may, unless required under other legal or regulatory requirements (~~including any Solvency II EEA implementing measure~~), opt not to disclose the following separately when disclosing the amount of the *MCR* and *SCR* under Reporting 3.6:
- ...
- 13.3 In the disclosure required by Reporting 3.1 as applied to a *group* by Group Supervision 18.1, the ~~participating Solvency II undertakings~~ *participating UK Solvency II firms* ~~that are firms~~ or, if there are none, the *relevant insurance group undertakings* may, unless required under other legal or regulatory requirements (~~including any Solvency II EEA implementing measure~~), opt not to disclose the following separately when disclosing the amount of the *group SCR* under Reporting 3.6:
- ...

## Annex BU

### Amendments to the Undertakings in Difficulty Part

In this Annex new text is underlined.

...

#### 3 NON-COMPLIANCE WITH THE SCR

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...

3.2 If the *PRA* has extended the period referred to in 3.1(3), by reason of the declaration

(a) before *exit day* by *EIOPA* , or

(b) on or after *exit day* by the *PRA* pursuant to regulation 4A of the *Solvency 2 Regulations 2015*

of *exceptional adverse situations* affecting the *firm*, the *firm* must submit a progress report to the *PRA* every three *months* setting out the measures taken and the progress made to re-establish the level of *eligible own funds* covering the *SCR* or to reduce its risk profile to ensure compliance with the *SCR*.

...